

AIR CONDITIONER

- Please read this installation manual completely before installing the product.
- Installation work must be performed in accordance with the national wiring standards by authorized personnel only.
- Please retain this installation manual for future reference after reading it thoroughly.

TYPE: MULTIV

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Safety Precautions

To prevent injury to the user or other people and property damage, the following instructions must be followed.

■ Incorrect operation due to ignoring instruction will cause harm or damage. The seriousness is classified by the following indications.

AWARNING This symbol indicates the possibility of death or serious injury.

▲ CAUTION

This symbol indicates the possibility of injury or damage to properties only.

■ Meanings of symbols used in this manual are as shown below.

\bigcirc	Be sure not to do.
0	Be sure to follow the instruction.

WARNING

Installation

Have all electric work done by a licensed electrician according to "Electric Facility Engineering Standard" and "Interior Wire Regulations" and the instructions given in this manual and always use a special circuit.

 If the power source capacity is inadequate or electric work is performed improperly, electric shock or fire may result.

Ask the dealer or an authorized technician to install the air conditioner.

 Improper installation by the user may result in water leakage, electric shock, or fire.

Always ground the product.

· There is risk of fire or electric shock.

For re-installation of the installed product, always contact a dealer or an Authorized Service Center.

· There is risk of fire, electric shock, explosion, or injury.

Do not store or use flammable gas or combustibles near the air conditioner.

· There is risk of fire or failure of product.

Prepare for strong wind or earthquake and install the unit at the specified place.

 Improper installation may cause the unit to topple and result in injury.

Always intstall a dedicated circuit and breaker.

 Improper wiring or installation may cause fire or electric shock.

Do not install, remove, or re-install the unit by yourself (customer).

· There is risk of fire, electric shock, explosion, or injury.

Use the correctly rated breaker or fuse.

There is risk of fire or electric shock.

Do not install the product on a defective installation stand.

 It may cause injury, accident, or damage to the product.

When installing and moving the air conditioner to another site, do not charge it with a different refrigerant from the refrigerant specified on the unit.

 If a different refrigerant or air is mixed with the original refrigerant, the refrigerant cycle may malfunction and the unit may be damaged.

Ventilate before operating air conditioner when gas leaked out.

· It may cause explosion, fire, and burn.

Do not reconstruct to change the settings of the protection devices.

 If the pressure switch, thermal switch, or other protection device is shorted and operated forcibly, or parts other than those specified by LGE are used, fire or explosion may result.

Securely install the cover of control box and the panel.

 If the cover and panel are not installed securely, dust or water may enter the outdoor unit and fire or electric shock may result.

If the air conditioner is installed in a small room, measures must be taken to prevent the refrigerant concentration from exceeding the safety limit when the refrigerant leaks.

Consult the dealer regarding the appropriate measures to prevent the safety limit from being
exceeded. Should the refrigerant leak and cause the safety limit to be exceeded, harzards due to lack
of oxygen in the room could result.

■ Operation

Do not damage or use an unspecified power cord.

• There is risk of fire, electric shock, explosion, or injury.

Be cautious that water could not enter the product.

 There is risk of fire, electric shock, or product damage.

When the product is soaked (flooded or submerged), contact an Authorized Service Center.

· There is risk of fire or electric shock.

Take care to ensure that nobody could step on or fall onto the outdoor unit.

 This could result in personal injury and product damage. Use a dedicated outlet for this appliance.

· There is risk of fire or electrical shock.

Do not touch the power switch with wet hands.

 There is risk of fire, electric shock, explosion, or injury.

Be cautious not to touch the sharp edges when installing.

· It may cause injury.

Do not open the inlet grille of the product during operation. (Do not touch the electrostatic filter, if the unit is so equipped.)

 There is risk of physical injury, electric shock, or product failure.



■ Installation -

Always check for gas (refrigerant) leakage after installation or repair of product.

· Low refrigerant levels may cause failure of product.

Keep level even when installing the product.

· To avoid vibration or water leakage.

Use power lines of sufficient current carrying capacity and rating.

 Cables that are too small may leak, generate heat, and cause a fire.

Keep the unit away from children. The heat exchanger is very sharp.

· It can cause the injury, such as cutting the finger. Also the damaged fin may result in degradation of capacity.

Do not install the product where the noise or hot air from the outdoor unit could damage the neighborhoods.

· It may cause a problem for your neighbors.

Do not install the unit where combustible gas may leak.

· If the gas leaks and accumulates around the unit, an explosion may result.

Do not use the product for special purposes, such as preserving foods, works of art, etc. It is a consumer air conditioner, not a precision refrigeration system.

There is risk of damage or loss of property.

When installting the unit in a hospital, communication station, or similar place, provide sufficient protection against noise.

 The inverter equipment, private power generator, high-frequency medical equipment, or radio communication equipment may cause the air conditioner to operate erroneously, or fail to operate. On the other hand, the air conditioner may affect such equipment by creating noise that disturbs medical treatment or image broadcasting.

Do not install the product where it is exposed to sea wind (salt spray) directly.

• It may cause corrosion on the product. Corrosion, particularly on the condenser and evaporator fins, could cause product malfunction or inefficient operation.

Operation -

Do not use the air conditioner in special environments.

· Oil, steam, sulfuric smoke, etc. can significantly reduce the performance of the air conditioner or damage its parts.

Make the connections securely so that the outside force of the cable may not be applied to the terminals.

· Inadequate connection and fastening may generate heat and cause a fire.

Do not block the inlet or outlet.

It may cause failure of appliance or accident.

Be sure the installation area does not deteriorate with age.

· If the base collapses, the air conditioner could fall with it, causing property damage, product failure, or personal injury.

Install and insulate the drain hose to ensure that water is drained away properly based on the installation manual.

· A bad connection may cause water leakage.

Be very careful about product transportation.

- · Only one person should not carry the product if it weighs more than 20 kg.
- Some products use PP bands for packaging. Do not use any PP bands for a means of transportation. It is dangerous.
- Do not touch the heat exchanger fins. Doing so may cut your fingers.
- · When transporting the outdoor unit, suspending it at the specified positions on the unit base. Also support the outdoor unit at four points so that it cannot slip sideways.

Safely dispose of the packing materials.

- · Packing materials, such as nails and other metal or wooden parts, may cause stabs or other injuries.
- Tear apart and throw away plastic packaging bags so that children may not play with them. If children play with a plastic bag which was not torn apart. they face the risk of suffocation.

Do not touch any of the refrigerant piping during and after operation.

It can cause a burn or frostbite.

Do not directly turn off the main power switch after stopping operation.

 Wait at least 5 minutes before turning off the main power switch. Otherwise it may result in water leakage or other problems.

Use a firm stool or ladder when cleaning or maintaining the air conditioner.

· Be careful and avoid personal injury.

Turn on the power at least 6 hours before starting operation.

· Starting operation immediately after turning on the main power switch can result in severe damage to internal parts. Keep the power switch turned on during the operational season.

Do not operate the air conditioner with the panels or guards removed.

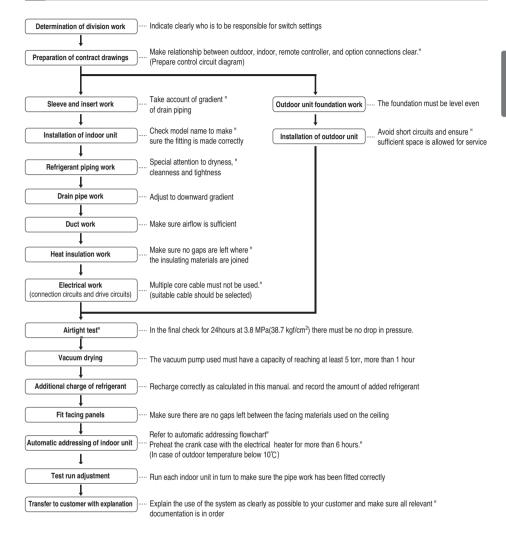
· Rotating, hot, or high-voltage parts can cause injuries.

Auto-addressing should be done in condition of connecting the power of all indoor and outdoour units. Auto-addressing should also be done in case of changing the indoor unit PCB.

Do not insert hands or other objects through the air inlet or outlet while the air conditioner is plugged in.

 There are sharp and moving parts that could cause personal injury.

Installation Process



A CAUTION

- · The above list indicates the order in which the individual work operations are normally carried out but this order may be varied where local conditions warrants such change.
- · The wall thickness of the piping should comply with the relevant local and national regulations for the designed pressure 3.8MPa.
- · Since R410A is a mixed refrigerant, the required additional refrigerant must be charged in its liquid state.(If the refrigerant is charged in its gaseous state, its composition changes and the system will not work properly.)

Outdoor Units Information

Chassis	External Apperance	Outdoor Phase		PFC	Мо	del
Ullassis	External Apperance	Fan	riidse	FFC	Heat Pump	Cooling Only
			1Ø	PFC	ARUN50GS2A	ARUV60GS2A
	13			110	ARUN60GS2A	
		,			ARUN40LS2A	ARUV40LS2A
U3		2 FAN		PFC	ARUN50LS2A	ARUV50LS2A
			3Ø		ARUN60LS2A	ARUV60LS2A
					ARUN40LS2B	ARUV40LS2B
					Active Filter	ARUN50LS2B
					ARUN60LS2B	ARUV60LS2B
U4		1 FAN	1Ø	PFC	ARUN40GS2A	ARUV50GS2A ARUV40GS2A

A CAUTION

Ratio of the connectable Indoor Units to the Outdoor: Within 50 ~ 130%

Ratio of running Indoor Units to the Outdoor: Within 10 ~ 100%

A combination operation over 100% cause to reduce each indoor unit capacity.

Power Supply: 1Ø, 220~240V, 50Hz / 1Ø, 220V, 60Hz

■ Heat Pump Model

Chassis		U4	U3	U3		
System(HP)			4	5	6	
Model			ARUN40GS2A	ARUN50GS2A	ARUN60GS2A	
Refrigerant	Product charge	kg	1.8	3.0	3.0	
	CF(Correction Factor)	kg	0	0	0	
Max. Connectable	No. of Indoor Units		6	8	9	
Net Weight(Gross	Weight)	kg	77	106	106	
Dimensions (WxH	xD)	mm	950×834×330	950×1380×330	950×1380×330	
		inch	37.4×32.8×13.0	37.4×54.3×13.0	37.4×54.3×13.0	
Connecting Pipes	Liquid Pipes	mm	9.52	9.52	9.52	
		inch	3/8	3/8	3/8	
Gas Pipes		mm	15.88	15.88	19.05	
		inch	5/8	5/8	3/4	
	Connection Type		FLARE	BRAZING	BRAZING	

■ Cooling Only Model

Chassis			U4	U4	U3	
System(HP)			4 5		6	
Model			ARUV40GS2A	ARUV50GS2A	ARUN60GS2A	
Refrigerant	Product charge	kg	1.95	1.95	3.0	
	CF(Correction Factor)	kg	0	0	0	
Max. Connectable	No. of Indoor Units		6	8	9	
Net Weight(Gross	Weight)	kg	78	78	106	
Dimensions (WxH	xD)	mm	950×834×330	950×834×330	950×1380×330	
	inc		inch 37.4×32.8×13.0 37.4×32.8×13.0		37.4×54.3×13.0	
Connecting Pipes	ecting Pipes Liquid Pipes mm		9.52	9.52	9.52	
		inch	3/8	3/8	3/8	
Gas Pipes		mm	15.88	15.88	19.05	
		inch	5/8	5/8	3/4	
	Connection Type		FLARE	FLARE	BRAZING	

Power Supply : 3Ø, 380~415V, 50Hz/3Ø, 380V, 60Hz

*A:PFC model, B:Active Filter model

Chassis			U3	U3	U3	
System(HP)			4 5 6		6	
Model			ARUN40LS2*	ARUN50LS2*	ARUN60LS2*	
			ARUV40LS2*	ARUV50LS2*	ARUV60LS2*	
Refrigerant	Product charge	kg	3.0	3.0	3.0	
nemgerani	CF(Correction Factor)	kg	-0.5	0	0	
Max. Connectable	No. of Indoor Units		6	8	9	
Net Weight		kg	107	107	107	
Dimensions (WxH	vD)	mm	950 x 1,380 x 330	950 x 1,380 x 330	950 x 1,380 x 330	
Dimensions (VVXIII	AD)	inch	37.4 x 54.3 x 13.0	37.4 x 54.3 x 13.0	37.4 x 54.3 x 13.0	
	Limit Din	mm	Ø9.52	Ø9.52	Ø9.52	
Connecting Pipes	Liquid Pipes	inch	3/8	3/8	3/8	
Connecting Pipes	O Bi	mm	Ø15.88	Ø15.88	Ø19.05	
	Gas Pipes	inch	5/8	5/8	3/4	

Connectable Indoor Unit

Should be connected with "2 series" indoor unit only.

Ex) ARNU07GSEA2

Before Installation

Environment-friendly Alternative Refrigerant R410A

- The refrigerant R410A has the property of higher operating pressure in comparison with R22.
 Therefore, all materials have the characteristics of higher resisting pressure than R22 ones and this characteristic should be also considered during the installation.
 - R410A is an azeotrope of R32 and R125 mixed at 50:50, so the ozone depletion potential (ODP) of R410A is 0. These days the developed countries have approved it as the environment-friendly refrigerant and encouraged to use it widely to prevent environment pollution.

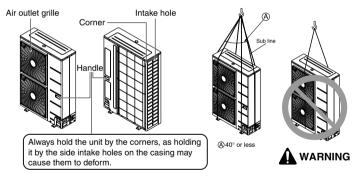


CAUTION:

- The wall thickness of the piping should comply with the relevant local and national regulations for the designed pressure 3.8MPa
- · Since R410A is a mixed refrigerant, the required additional refrigerant must be charged in its liquid state.
- · If the refrigerant is charged in its gaseous state, its composition changes and the system will not work properly.
- · Do not place the refrigerant container under the direct rays of the sun to prevent it from exploding.
- · For high-pressure refrigerant, any unapproved pipe must not be used.
- · Do not heat pipes more than necessary to prevent them from softening.
- · Be careful not to install wrongly to minimize economic loss because it is expensive in comparison with R22.

Transporting the Unit

- · When carrying the suspended, unit pass the ropes between legs of base panel under the unit.
- Always lift the unit with ropes attached at four points so that impact is not applied to the unit.
- Attach the ropes to the unit at an angle of 40° or less.
- Use only accessories and parts which are of the designated specification when installing.



* Product appearance may be different depending on model.



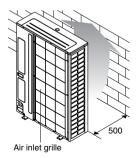
CAUTION:

Be very careful while carrying the product.

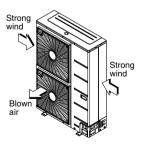
- Do not have only one person carry product if it is more than 20 kg.
- PP bands are used to pack some products. Do not use them as a mean for transportation because they are dangerous.
- Do not touch heat exchanger fins with your bare hands. Otherwise you may get a cut in your hands.
- Tear plastic packaging bag and scrap it so that children cannot play with it Otherwise plastic packaging bag may suffocate children to death.
- When carrying in Outdoor Unit, be sure to support it at four points. Carrying in and lifting with 3-point support may
 make Outdoor Unit unstable, resulting in a fall.

Select the Best Location

- 1. Select space for installing outdoor unit, which will meet the following conditions:
 - · No direct thermal radiation from other heat sources
 - No possibility of annoving neighbors by noise from unit
 - · No exposition to strong wind
 - · With strength which bears weight of unit
 - · Note that drain flows out of unit when heating
 - · With space for air passage and service work shown next
 - Because of the possibility of fire, do not install unit to the space where generation, inflow, stagnation, and leakage of combustible gas is expected.
 - · Avoid unit installation in a place where acidic solution and spray (sulfur) are often used.
 - Do not use unit under any special environment where oil, steam and sulfuric gas exist.
 - It is recommended to fence round the outdoor unit in order to prevent any person or animal from accessing the outdoor unit
 - If installation site is area of heavy snowfall, then the following directions should be observed.
 - Make the foundation as high as possible.
 - Fit a snow protection hood.
- 2. Select installation location considering following conditions to avoid bad condition when additionally performing defrost operation.
 - Install the outdoor unit at a place well ventilated and having a lot of sunshine in case of installing the product at a place with a high humidity in winter (near beach, coast, lake, etc).
 - (Ex) Rooftop where sunshine always shines.
 - · Performance of heating will be reduced and preheat time of the indoor unit may be lengthened in case of installing the outdoor unit in winter at following location:
 - Shade position with a narrow space
 - Location with much moisture in neighboring floor.
 - Location with much humidity around.
 - Location where ventilation is good.
 - It is recommended to install the outdoor unit at a place with a lot of sunshine as possible as.
 - Location where water gathers since the floor is not even.
- 3. When installing the outdoor unit in a place that is constantly exposed to a strong wind like a coast or on a high story of a building, secure a normal fan operation by using a duct or a wind shield.
 - · Install the unit so that its discharge port faces to the wall of the building.
 - Keep a distance 500mm or more between the unit and the wall surface.
 - · Supposing the wind direction during the operation season of the air conditioner, install the unit so that the discharge port is set at right angle to the wind direction.



Turn the air outlet side toward the building's wall, fence or windbreak screen.



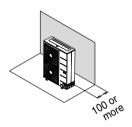
Set the outlet side at a right angle to the direction of the wind

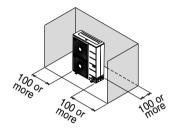
Installation Space

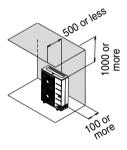
- The following values are the least space for installation. If any service area is needed for service according to field circumstance, obtain enough service space.
- · The unit of values is mm.

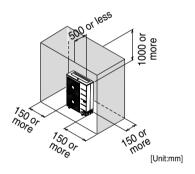
In case of obstacles on the suction side

1. Stand alone installation

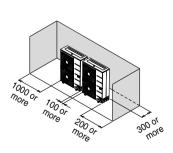


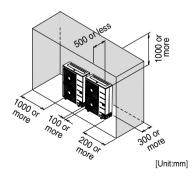






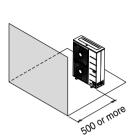
2. Collective installation



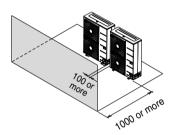


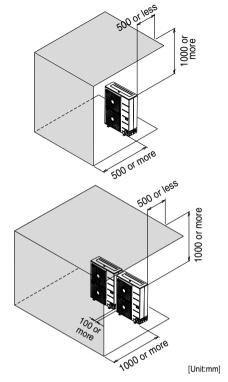
■ In case of obstacles on the discharge side

1. Stand alone installation

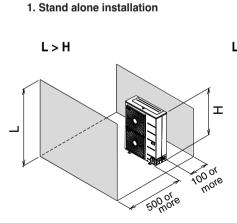


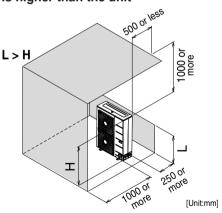
2. Collective installation



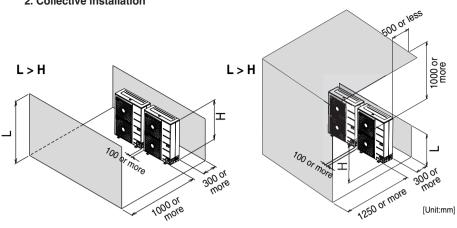


■ In case of obstacles on the suction and the discharge side **⊃** Obstacle height of discharge side is higher than the unit

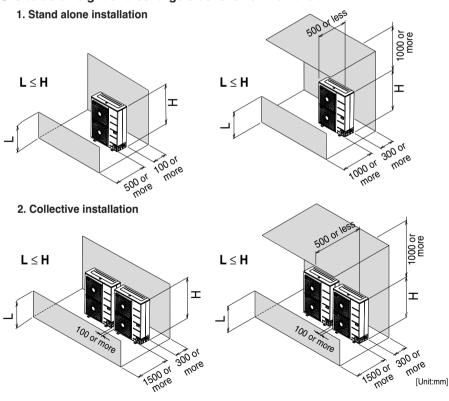




2. Collective installation

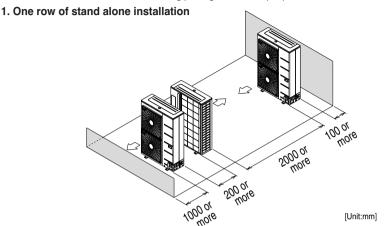


⊃ Obstacle height of discharge side is lower than the unit

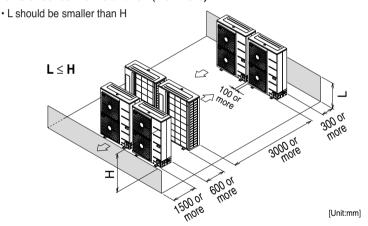


Collective / Continuous Installation for roof top use

Space required for collective installation and continuous installation: When installing several units, leave space between each block as shown below considering passage for air and people.



2. Rows of collective installation (2 or more)



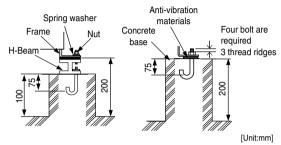
Seasonal wind and cautions in winter

- · Sufficient measures are required in a snow area or severe cold area in winter so that product can be operated well.
- · Get ready for seasonal wind or snow in winter even in other areas.
- · Install a suction and discharge duct not to let in snow or rain.
- · Install the outdoor unit not to come in contact with snow directly. If snow piles up and freezes on the air suction hole, the system may malfunction. If it is installed at snowy area, attach the hood to the system.
- · Install the outdoor unit at the higher installation console by 50cm than the average snowfall (annual average snowfall) if it is installed at the area with much snowfall.
- 1. The height of H frame must be more than 2 times the snowfall and its width shall not exceed the width of the product. (If width of the frame is wider than that of the product, snow may accumulate)
- 2. Don't install the suction hole and discharge hole of the Outdoor Unit facing the seasonal wind.

Installation

Foundation for Installation

- · Check the strength and level of the installation ground so that the unit will not cause any operating vibration or noise after installation.
- Fix the unit securely by means of the foundation bolts. (Prepare 4sets of M12 foundation bolts, nuts and washers each which are available on the market.)
- It is best to screw in the foundation bolts until their length are 20mm from the foundation surface.



Foundation bolt executing method

Preparation of Piping

Main cause of gas leakage is defect in flaring work. Carry out correct flaring work in the following procedure.

1) Cut the pipes and the cable.

- Use the accessory piping kit or the pipes purchased locally.
- Measure the distance between the indoor and the outdoor unit.
- Cut the pipes a little longer than measured distance.
- Cut the cable 1.5m longer than the pipe length.

2) Burrs removal

- Completely remove all burrs from the cut cross section of pipe/tube.
- Put the end of the copper tube/pipe to downward direction as you remove burrs in order to avoid to let burrs drop in the tubing.

3) Flaring work

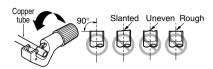
■ Carry out flaring work using flaring tool as shown right.

Unit : mm(inch									
Indoor unit	Pi	ре	" A "						
[kW(Btu/h]	Gas	Liquid	Gas	Liquid					
<5.6(19,100)	12.7(1/2)	6.35(1/4)	1.6~1.8	1.1~1.3					
25.0(19,100)	12.7(172)	0.55(174)	(0.63~0.71)	(0.43~0.51)					
-10 0/E4 000)	15.88(5/8)	0.50(0/0)	1.6~1.8	1.5~1.7					
<16.0(54,600)	15.88(5/8)	9.52(3/8)	(0.63~0.71)	(0.59~0.67)					
-00 4/76 400)	10.05(0/4)	0.50(0/0)	1.9~2.1	1.5~1.7					
<22.4(76,400)	19.05(3/4)	9.52(3/8)	(0.75~0.83)	(0.59~0.67)					

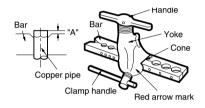
Firmly hold copper tube in a bar(or die) as indicated dimension in the table above.

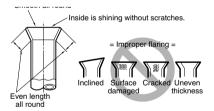
4) Check

- Compare the flared work with figure right.
- If flare is noted to be defective, cut off the flared section and do flaring work again.









Flare shape and flare nut tightening torque

Precautions when connecting pipes

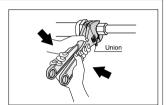
- · See the following table for flare part machining dimensions.
- · When connecting the flare nuts, apply refrigerant oil to the inside and outside of the flares and turn them three or four times at first. (Use ester oil or ether oil.)
- · See the following table for tightening torque.(Applying too much torque may cause the flares to crack.)
- · After all the piping has been connected, use nitrogen to perform a gas leak check.

pipe size	tightenig torque	Α	flare shape
mm	N·m(kgf·cm)	mm	90° 12
Ø9.52	32.7-39.9(327~399)	12.8-13.2	
Ø12.7	49.5-60.3(495~603)	16.2-16.6	
Ø15.88	61.8-75.4(618~754)	19.3-19.7	R=0.4-0.8



A CAUTION

- · Always use a charge hose for service port connection.
- · After tightening the cap, check that no refrigerant leaks are present.
- · When loosening a flare nut, always use two wrenches in combination, When connecting the piping, always use a spanner and torque wrench in combination to tighten the flare nut.
- When connecting a flare nut, coat the flare(inner and outer faces) with oil for R410A(PVE) and hand tighten the nut 3 to 4 turns as the initial tightening.



Opening shutoff valve

- 1. Remove the cap and turn the valve counter clockwise with the hexagon wrench.
- 2. Turn it until the shaft stops.
 - Do not apply excessive force to the shutoff valve. Doing so may break the valve body, as the valve is not a backseat type. Always use the special tool.
- 3. Make sure to tighten the cap securely.

Closing shutoff valve

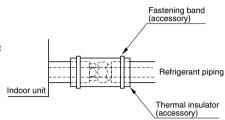
- 1. Remove the cap and turn the valve clockwise with the hexagon wrench.
- 2. Securely tighten the valve until the shaft contacts the main body seal.
- 3. Make sure to tighten the cap securely.
 - * For the tightening torque, refer to the table on the below.

Tightening torque

Outside	Torque	
mm	inch	N⋅m(kgf⋅cm)
Ø6.35	1/4	18~25(180~250)
Ø9.52	3/8	34~42(340~420)
Ø12.7	1/2	55~66(550~660)
Ø15.88	5/8	63~82(630~820)
Ø19.05	3/4	99~121(990~1210)

Heat insulation

- 1. Use the heat insulation material for the refrigerant piping which has an excellent heat-resistance (over
- 2. Precautions in high humidity circumstance: This air conditioner has been tested according to the "KS Standard Conditions with Mist" and confirmed that there is not any default. However, if it is operated for a long time in high humid atmosphere (dew point temperature: more than 23°C), water drops are liable to fall. In this case, add heat insulation material
 - according to the following procedure: · Heat insulation material to be prepared... Adiabatic glass wool with thickness 10 to 20mm.
 - · Stick glass wool on all air conditioners that are located in ceiling atmosphere.
 - In addition to the normal heat insulation (thickness: more than 8mm) for refrigerant piping (gas piping: thick piping) and drain piping, add further 10mm to 30mm thickness material.



Refrigerant Piping

U3 Chassis (2 Fan Model)

■ Connecting the pipes to the outdoor unit

· Braze suitable field piping with service valve of gas pipe.



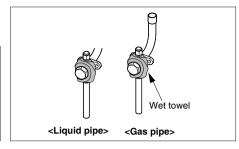
CAUTION

Take care so that there is no thermal damage on the service valves of the outdoor unit.

(Especially packing part of service port.) Wrap the service valve with a wet towel when brazing it as shown figure above.

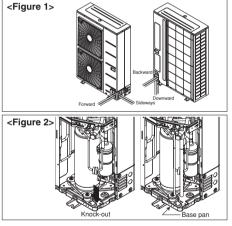
■ Possible direction for field piping

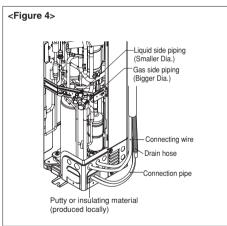
- The installation piping is connectable in four directions.(refer to figure 1)
- · When connecting in a downward direction, knock out the knockout hole of the base pan. (refer to figure2, figure3)

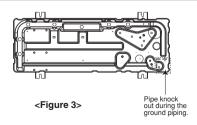


■ Preventing foreign objects from entering (Figure 4)

- · Plug the pipe through-holes with putty or insulation material(procured locally)to stop up all gaps, as shown in the figure 3.
- · Insects or small animals entering the outdoor unit may cause a short circuit in the electrical box.









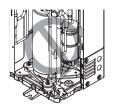
CAUTION

- · You should not dame pipe/base during the work of pipe knock out.
- · Operate piping work removing burr after pipe knock



CAUTION

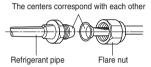
- · Make sure that pipe doesn't contact with the compressor terminal cover and comp bolt.
- · Always insulate the liquid and gas-side field piping and branch.

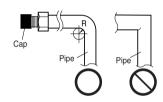


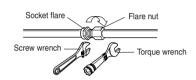
U4 Chassis (1Fan Model)

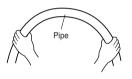
■ After connecting the refrigerant pipe and checking the refrigerant leakage, cover it with heat insulator and roll around it with vinyl tape.

Tighten up the flare nut fitting on regulated torque. (Until "clatter" sounds is made at torque wrench part.)





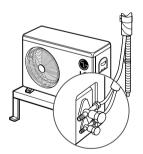




- Do not bend the pipe more than twice and work on it making it a big half circle.
 - If it is folded over, cooling/heating capacity may decrease and it could be the reason of malfunction. Do not remove the cap on flare side until the connection.

Dust and sand inside pipes can be the reason of malfunction.

■ Bend it following the wall and connect to outdoor unit valve.



Refrigerant pipe connection torque

Pipe external diameter	6.35mm (1/4")	9.52mm (3/8")	12.7mm (1/2")	15.88mm (5/8")
Torque	180~250kgf-cm	340~420kgf-cm	550~660kgf·cm	630~820kgf·cm

Cautions for Handling Service Valve

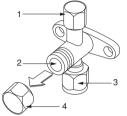
· The service valves are closed at shipment from the factory



CAUTION

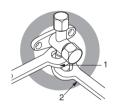
Make sure to keep the valve open during operation

The names of parts of the service valve are shown in the figure.



- 1. Service point
- 2. Shut-off Valve
- 3. Filed piping connection
- 4. Valve cover
- Since the side boards may be deformed if only a torque wrench is used when loosening or tightening flare nuts, always lock the shut-off valve with a wrench and then use a torque wrench.
 Do not place wrenches on the valve cover.





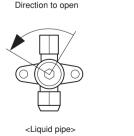
- 1. Spanner
- 2. Torque wrench

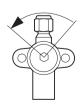
Do not apply force on the valve cover, this may result in a refrigerant leak.

How to Use the Shut-Off Valve

Use hexagonal wrenches 4mm or 6mm

- · Opening the valve
 - 1. Place the hexagon wrench on the valve bar and turn counter-clockwise.
 - 2. Stop when the valve bar no longer turns. It is now open.
- · Closing the valve
 - 1. Place the hexagon wrench on the valve bar and turn clockwise.
 - 2. Stop when the valve bar no longer turns. It is now closed.





Direction to open

<Gas pipe>

Caution

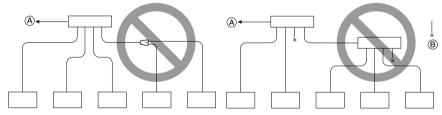
- 1. Use the following materials for refrigerant piping.
 - · Material: Seamless phosphorous deoxidized copper pipe
 - · Wall thickness: Comply with the relevant local and national regulations for the designed pressure 3.8MPa. We recommend the following table as the minimum wall thickness.

Outer diameter [mm]	6.35	9.52	12.7	15.88	19.05	22.2	25.4	28.58	31.8	34.9	38.1	41.3
Minimum thickness [mm]	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.99	0.99	0.99	0.99	0.99	1.1	1.21	1.35	1.43

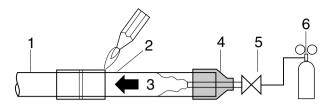
- 2. Commercially available piping often contains dust and other materials. Always blow it clean with a dry inert gas.
- 3. Use care to prevent dust, water or other contaminants from entering the piping during installation.
- 4. Reduce the number of bending portions as much as possible, and make bending radius as big as possible.
- 5. Always use the branch piping set shown below, which are sold separately.

V hr	anch	Header				
1 016	4 branch	7 branch	10 branch			
ARBLN01621	ARBLN03321	ARBL054	ARBL057	ARBL1010		
ARBLN07121	ARBLN14521	ARBL104	ARBL107	ARBL2010		

- 6. If the diameters of the branch piping of the designated refrigerant piping differs, use a pipe cutter to cut the connecting section and then use an adapter for connecting different diameters to connect the piping.
- 7. Always observe the restrictions on the refrigerant piping (such as rated length, difference in height, and piping diameter).
 - Failure to do so can result in equipment failure or a decline in heating/cooling performance.
- 8. A second branch cannot be made after a header. (These are shown by \bigcirc .)



- (A) To Outdoor Unit
- B Sealed Piping
 - 9. The Multi V will stop due to an abnormality like excessive or insufficient refrigerant. At such a time, always properly charge the unit. When servicing, always check the notes concerning both the piping length and the amount of additional refrigerant.
 - 10. Never use refrigerant to perform an air purge. Always evacuate using a vacuum pump.
 - 11. Always insulate the piping properly. Insufficient insulation will result in a decline in heating/cooling performance, drip of condensate and other such problems.
 - 12. When connecting the refrigerant piping, make sure the service valves of the Outdoor Unit is completely closed (the factory setting) and do not operate it until the refrigerant piping for the Outdoor and Indoor Units has been connected, a refrigerant leakage test has been performed and the evacuation process has been completed.
 - 13. Always blow nitrogen into pipe which is brazed. Always use a non-oxidizing brazing material for brazing the parts and do not use flux. If not, oxidized film can cause clogging or damage to the compressor unit and flux can harm the copper piping or refrigerant oil.



1	Refrigerant piping	4	Taping
2	Pipe to be brazed	5	Valve
3	Nitrogen	6	Pressure-reducing valve



WARNING

When installing and moving the air conditioner to another site, be sure to make recharge refrigerant after perfect evacuation.

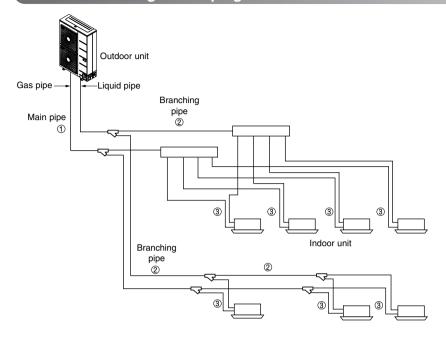
- If a different refrigerant or air is mixed with the original refrigerant, the refrigerant cycle may malfunction and the unit may be damaged.
- After selecting diameter of the refrigerant pipe to suit total capacity of the indoor unit connected after branching, use an appropriate branch pipe set according to the pipe diameter of the indoor unit and the installation pipe drawing.



WARNING

Do not use anti-oxidants when brazing the pipe joints. Residue can clog pipes and break equipment.

Selection of Refrigerant Piping



No.	Piping parts	Name	Selection of pipe size							
	Outdoor unit ↓ 1st branching section	Main pipe	Size of main pipe							
			Outdoor unit capacity	Liquid pipe [mm(inch)]	Gas pipe [mm(inch)]					
1			4HP	Ø9.52(3/8)	Ø15.88(5/8)					
			5HP	Ø9.52(3/8)	Ø15.88(5/8)					
			6HP	Ø9.52(3/8)	Ø19.05(3/4)					
2	Branching section Branching section	Branching pipe	Pipe size of between branching sections Liquid pipe Gas pipe							
			Indoor unit capacity[kW(Btu/h)]	[mm(inch)]	[mm(inch)]					
			≤ 5.6(19,100)	Ø6.35(1/4)	Ø12.7(1/2)					
			< 16.0(54,600)	Ø9.52(3/8)	Ø15.88(5/8)					
			< 22.4(76,400)	Ø9.52(3/8)	Ø19.05(3/4)					
	Branching section Indoor unit	Indoor unit connecting pipe	Connecting pipe size of indoor unit							
3			Indoor unit capacity[kW(Btu/h)]	Liquid pipe [mm(inch)]	Gas pipe [mm(inch)]					
			≤ 5.6(19,100)	Ø6.35(1/4)	Ø12.7(1/2)					
			< 16.0(54,600)	Ø9.52(3/8)	Ø15.88(5/8)					
			-							

Allowable Length/Height Difference of Refrigerant Piping

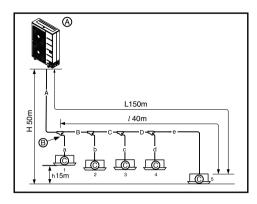
■ Y Branch Method

Example: 5 Indoor Units connected

(A): Outdoor Unit

(B): 1st branch (Y branch)

©: Indoor Units



Total pipe length = A+B+C+D+a+b+c+d+e ≤ 300m

1	Longest pipe length	Equivalent pipe length(*)						
_	A+B+C+D+e ≤ 150m	A+B+C+D+e ≤ 175m						
Longest pipe length after 1st branch								
ı	B+C+D+e ≤ 40m							
- 11	Difference in height(Outdoor Unit ↔ Indoor Unit)							
Н	H ≤ 50m (40m : Outdoor Unit is lower than Indoor Units)							
	Difference in height (Indoor Unit ↔ Indoor Unit)							
h	h ≤ 15m							

^{*:} Assume equivalent pipe length of Y branch to be 0.5m, that of header to be 1m, calculation purpose

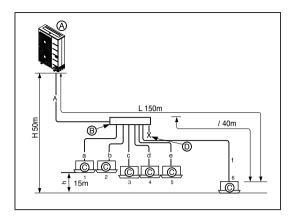


Indoor Unit should be installed at lower position than the header

■ Header Method

Example: 6 Indoor Units connected

(A): Outdoor Unit (B): 1st branch ©: Indoor Units (D): Sealed piping



Total pipe length = A+a+b+c+d+e+f ≤ 300m

1	Longest pipe length	Equivalent pipe length(*)					
_	A+f ≤ 150m	A+f ≤ 175m					
1	Longest pipe length after 1st branch						
ı	f ≤ 40m						
	Difference in height(Outdoor Unit ↔ Indoor Unit)						
Н	H ≤ 50m (40m : Outdoor Unit is lower)						
	Difference in height (Indoor Unit ↔ Indoor Unit)						
h	h ≤ 15m						

^{*:} Assume equivalent pipe length of Y branch to be 0.5m, that of header to be 1m, calculation purpose



CAUTION

Indoor Unit should be installed at lower position than the header



WARNING

Pipe length after header branching (a~f)

It is recommended that difference in length of the pipes connected to the Indoor Units is minimized. Performance difference between Indoor Units may occur.

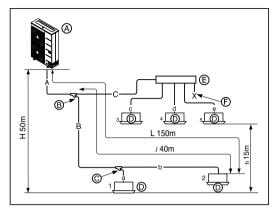
■ Combination of Y branch/header method

Example: 5 Indoor Units connected

(A): Outdoor Unit

B: 1st branch (Y branch)

C: Y branch (D): Indoor Unit (E): Header (F): Sealed piping



Branch pipe can not be used after header

⇒ Refrigerant pipe diameter from branch to branch (B,C)

Downward Indoor Unit total capacity [kW(Btu/h)]	Liquid pipe [mm(inch)]	Gas pipe [mm(inch)]			
≤ 5.6(19,100)	Ø6.35(1/4)	Ø12.7(1/2)			
< 16.0(54,600)	Ø9.52(3/8)	Ø15.88(5/8)			
< 22.4(76,400)	Ø9.52(3/8)	Ø19.05(3/4)			

Total pipe length = A+B+C+a+b+c+d+e ≤ 300m

ı	Longest pipe length	Equivalent pipe length(*)					
_	A+B+b ≤ 150m	A+B+b ≤ 175m					
1	Longest pipe length after 1st branch						
ι .	B+b ≤ 40m						
	Difference in height(Outdoor Unit ↔ Indoor Unit)						
Н	H ≤ 50m (40m : Outdoor Unit is lower than Indoor Units)						
	Difference in height (Indoor Unit ↔ Indoor Unit)						
h	h ≤ 15m						

^{*:} Assume equivalent pipe length of Y branch to be 0.5m, that of header to be 1m, calculation purpose



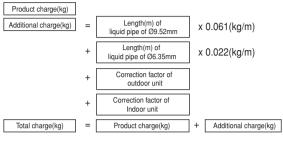
Indoor Unit should be installed at lower position than the header

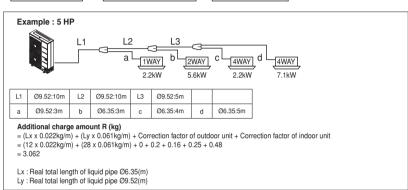


It is recommended that difference of piping length for pipes connected to the Indoor Unit is minimized. Performance difference between Indoor Units may occur.

The Amount of Refrigerant

The calculation of the additional charge should take into account the length of pipe.





Correction factor of Indoor unit

(unit: kg)

Capacity(Btu/h(kW))	5k	7k	9k	12k	15k	18k	24k	28k	36k	42k	48k	76k	96k
Туре	(1.6)	(2.2)	(2.8)	(3.6)	(4.5)	(5.6)	(7.1)	(8.2)	(10.6)	(12.3)	(14.1)	(22.4)	(28.0)
Ceiling Concealed Duct (Low Static)	-	0.17	0.17	0.17	0.17	0.37	0.37	-	-	-	-	-	-
Ceiling Concealed Duct (High Static)	-	0.26	0.26	0.26	0.26	0.26	0.26	0.44	0.44	0.44	0.62	1.00	1.00
Wall Mounted	-	0.24	0.24	0.24	0.24	0.28	0.28	-	-	-	-	-	-
1Way Ceiling Cassette	-	0.20	0.20	0.20	-	0.29	0.29	-	-	-	-	-	-
2Way Ceiling Cassette	-	-	-	-	-	0.16	0.16	-	-	-	-	-	-
4Way Ceiling Cassette	0.18	0.18	0.25	0.25	0.32	0.32	0.48	0.48	0.64	0.64	0.64	-	-
ARTCOOL Gallery	-	0.10	0.10	0.10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Floor Standing	-	0.17	0.17	0.17	0.17	0.37	0.37	-	-	-	-	-	- 1
Ceiling & Floor	-	-	0.10	0.10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Ceiling Suspended	-	-	-	-	-	0.35	0.35	-	0.54	-	0.75	-	-
Console	-	0.17	0.17	0.17	0.17	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Fresh Air Intake Unit	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.62	1.00	1.00
Heat recovery ventilator(DX)	-	-	-	0.20	-	0.20	0.20	-	-	-	-	-	-

Note:

Fill in the f-gas Label attached on outdoor about the quantity of the fluorinated greenhouse gases

- 1 Manufacturing site (See Model Name label)
- ② Installation site (If possible being placed adjacent to the service points for the addition or removal of refrigerant)
- 3 The total Charge (1+2)



If a negative result is obtained from the calculation, no refrigerant needs to be added.



Regulation for refrigerant leakage

: the amount of refrigerant leakage should satisfy the following equation for human safety.

Total amount of refrigerant in the system

 \leq 0.44 (kg/m³) Volume of the room at which Indoor Unit of the least capacity is installed

If the above equation can not be satisfied, then follow the following steps.

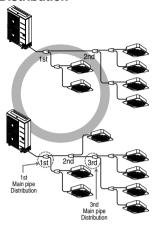
- Selection of air conditioning system: select one of the next
 - 1. Installation of effective opening part
 - 2. Reconfirmation of Outdoor Unit capacity and piping length
 - 3. Reduction of the amount of refrigerant
 - 4. Installation of 2 or more security device (alarm for gas leakage)
- Change Indoor Unit type
- : installation position should be over 2m from the floor (Wall mounted type → Cassette type)
- Adoption of ventilation system
- : choose ordinary ventilation system or building ventilation system
- Limitation in piping work
- : Prepare for earthquake and thermal stress

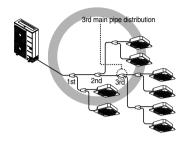


Refer to model information since the CF Value of correction factor differs depending on model.

Distribution Method

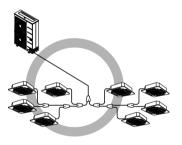
1. Line Distribution

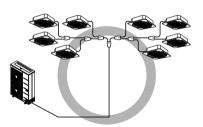




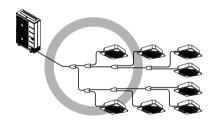
2. Vertical Distribution

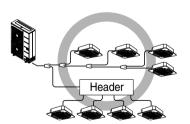
Ensure that the branch pipes are attached vertically.





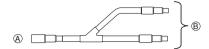
3. The others



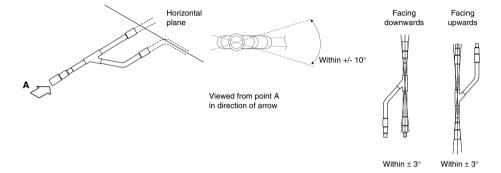


Branch Pipe Fitting

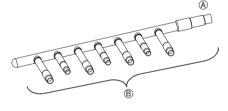
■ Y branch



- (A) To Outdoor Unit
- ® To Branch Piping or Indoor Unit
- Ensure that the branch pipes are attached horizontally or vertically (see the diagram below.)



■ Header

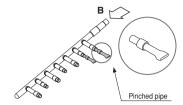




- A To indoor unit
- ® To outdoor unit
- © Pipe cutter

- · The indoor unit having larger capacity must be installed closer to (A) than smaller one.
- · If the diameter of the refrigerant piping selected by the procedures described is different from the size of the joint, the connecting section should be cut with a pipe cutter.
- · When the number of pipes to be connected is smaller than the number of header branches. install a cap to the unconnected branches.

· When the number of indoor units to be connected to the branch pipes is less than the number of branch pipes available for connection then cap pipes should be fitted to the surplus branches.

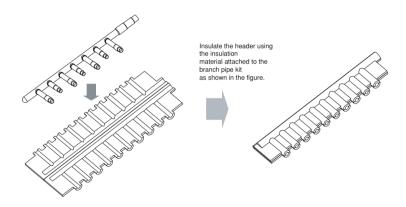


· Fit branch pipe lie in a horizontal plane.



View from point B in the direction of the arrow

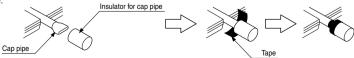
· Header should be insulated with the insulator in each kit.



• Joints between branch and pipe should be sealed with the tape included in each kit.



· Any cap pipe should be insulated using the insulator provided with each kit and then taped as described above.



Selection of Y Branch and Header

1. Y Branch

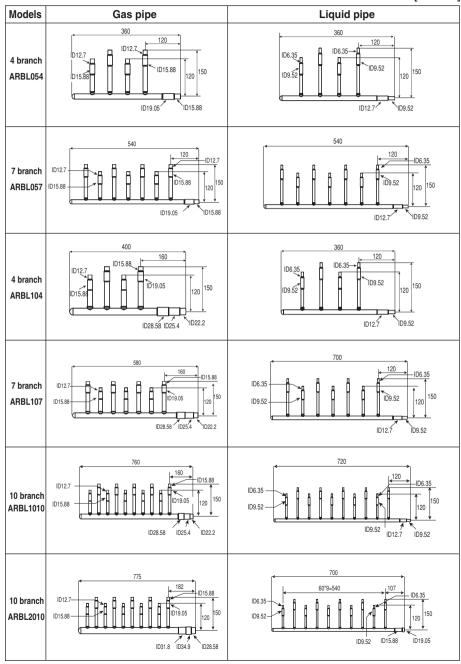
[unit:mm] Models Gas pipe Liquid pipe I.D12.7 I.D15.88 / I.D15.88 ARBLN01621 LD635 I D12 7 I.D.9,52 ① I.D12.7 I.D19.05 → O.D15.88 1-- O.D9.52 I.D22.2 I.D19.05 I.D19.05 I.D12.7 I.D9.52 I.D9.52 I.D6.35 I.D25.4 I.D12.7 ARBLN03321 I.D12.7 O.D19.05 I.D22.2 I.D28.58 O.D25.4 O.D19.05 I.D22.2 11) @<u>t</u>⊏ I.D12.7 I.D15.88 I.D28.58 I.D15.88 LD15.88 I.D12.7 I.D15.88 I.D19.05 I.D31.8 I.D12.7 ARBLN07121 I.D34.9 O.D31.8 I.D28.58 I.D31.8 O.D19.05 I.D22.2 O.D22.2 I.D34.9 I I.D28.58 I.D38.1 I.D41₁3 I.D15.88 I.D19.05 I.D22.2 ARBLN14521 I.D19.05 L.D15.88 O.D38.1 L.D41.3 I.D38.1 I.D9.52 O.D12.7 I O.D19.05 I.D12.7 O.D22.2 I.D9.52 I.D22.2 I.D6.35 130 ³,D I.D12.7 O D28 58 I D22 2 --I.D19.05

* For example. Indicated Ø9.52 is the outer diameter(O.D..) of field jointed piping

O.D15.88

2. Header

[unit:mm]



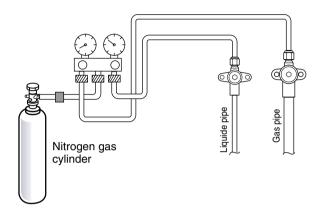
Leak Test and Vacuum Drying

1. Leak test

Leak test should be made by pressurizing nitrogen gas to 3.8 MPa(38.7kgf/cm²). If the pressure does not drop for 24 hours, the system passes the test. If the pressure drops, check where the nitrogen leaks. For the test method, refer to the following figure. (Make a test with the service valves closed. Be also sure to pressurize liquid pipe, gas pipe and high/low pressure common pipe)

The test result can be judged good if the pressure has not be reduced after leaving for about one day after completion of nitrogen gas pressurization.

During this test, set DIP switch as Vacuum Mode.



Note:

If the ambient temperature differs between the time when pressure is applied and when the pressure drop is checked, apply the following correction factor

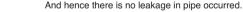
There is a pressure change of approximately 0.1 kg/cm² (0.01 MPa) for each 1°C of temperature difference.

Correction= (Temp. at the time of pressurization - Temp. at the time of check) X 0.1

For example: Temperature at the time of pressurization (3.8 MPa) is 27 °C

24 hour later: 3.73 MPa, 20°C

In this case the pressure drop of 0.07 is because of temperature drop





CAUTION

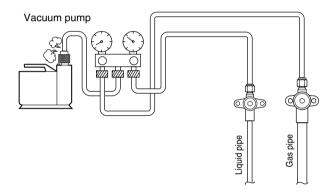
To prevent the nitrogen from entering the refrigeration system in the liquid state, the top of the cylinder must be at higher position than the bottom when you pressurize the system.

Usually the cylinder is used in a vertical standing position.

2. Vacuum

Vacuum drying should be made from the service port provided on the outdoor unit's service valve to the vacuum pump commonly used for liquid pipe, gas pipe. Vaccum of the pipe and the indoor units should be made from the port of the outdoor unit's service valve with the service valve closed.

- * Never perform air purging using refrigerant.
- Vacuum drying: Use a vacuum pump that can evacuate to -100.7kPa (5 Torr, -755mmHq).
- 1) Evacuate the system from the liquid and gas pipes with a vacuum pump for over 2 hrs and bring the system to -100.7kPa.
 - After maintaining system under that condition for over 1 hr, confirm the vacuum gauge rises. The system may contain moisture or leak.
- 2) Following should be executed if there is a possibility of moisture remaining inside the pipe. (Rainwater may enter the pipe during work in the rainy season or over a long period of time) After evacuating the system for 2 hrs. give pressure to the system to 0.05MPa(vacuum break) with nitrogen gas and then evacuate it again with the vacuum pump for 1hr to -100.7kPa(vacuum drving). If the system cannot be evacuated to -100.7kPa within 2 hrs. repeat the steps of vacuum break and its drying. Finally, check if the vacuum gauge does not rise or not, after maintaining the system in vacuum for 1 hr.





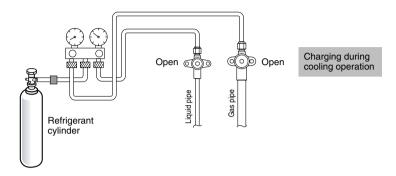
WARNING

- · If the primary charging is not performed after vacuum, wet air may go into the outdoor unit. If air is mixed with the refrigerant, the refrigerant cycle may malfunction and the unit may be damaged.
- · Charging of refrigerant while the compressor is working is prohibited. Otherwise, liquid may go into the compressor. It may cause faults of the compressor.
- Use a gravimeter accurate to 0.1kg.
- If other refrigerants are mixed in the original refrigerant, a refrigerant cycle may cause malfunction or damage.
- Add accurate refrigerant quantity via calculation.
- Too much or too little refrigerant may cause problems
- · Repeated on and off of the indoor units without charging refrigerant may cause faults of EEV.
- Since R410A is a mixed refrigerant, the required additional refrigerant must be charged in its liquid state. If the refrigerant is charged in its gaseous state, its composition changes and the system will not work properly.

3. Refrigerant charging

Follow following procedure to charge the refrigerant.

- 1. Open all service valves
- 2. Run the unit with cooling mode
- 3. Charging the refrigerant to gas service valve during operation.





A CAUTION

Never charge the refrigerant with service valves closed and unit stopped.

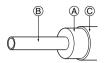
If charging is carried out with service valves closed and unit stopped, the compressor will be damaged.

When unit starts to run, and the unit will display ch26 error.

If trying to keep running under this condition, compressor will be broken.

Thermal Insulation of Refrigerant Piping

Be sure to give insulation work to refrigerant piping by covering liquid pipe and gas pipe separately with enough thickness heat-resistant polyethylene, so that no gap is observed in the joint between indoor unit and insulating material, and insulating materials themselves. When insulation work is insufficient, there is a possibility of condensation drip, etc. Pay special attention to insulation work to ceiling plenum.

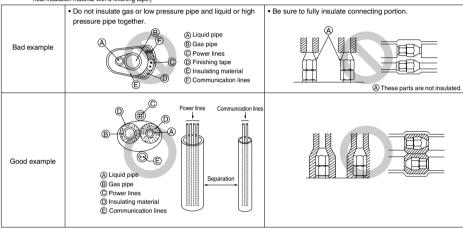


- (A) Heat insulation material
- B) Pine
- C Outer covering (Wind the connection part and cutting part of heat insulation material with a finishing tape.)

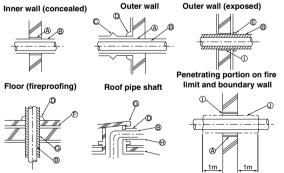
	Heat insulation material	Adhesive + Heat - resistant polyethylene foam + Adhesive tape			
	Outer covering	Indoor	Vinyl tape		
		Floor exposed	Water-proof hemp cloth + Bronze asphalt		
		Outdoor	Water-proof hemp cloth + Zinc plate + Oily paint		

Note:

When using polyethylene cover as covering material, asphalt roofing shall not be required.



Penetrations



- (A) Sleeve
- B Heat insulating material
- C Lagging
- Caulking material
- (E) Band
- (F) Waterproofing layer
- G Sleeve with edge
- Hagging material
- (I) Mortar or other incombustible caulking (I) Incombustible heat insulation material

When filling a gap with mortar, cover the penetration part with steel plate so that the insulation material will not be caved in. For this part, use incombustible materials for both insulation and covering.(Vinyl covering should not be used.)

Electrical Wiring

Electrical Wiring

1. Caution

1) Follow ordinance of your governmental organization for technical standard related to electrical equipment, wiring regulations and guidance of each electric power company.



WARNING

Be sure to have authorized electrical engineers do the electric work using special circuits in accordance with regulations and this installation manual. If power supply circuit has a lack of capacity or electric work deficiency, it may cause an electric shock or fire.

- 2) Install the Outdoor Unit communication line away from the power source wiring so that it is not affected by electric noise from the power source. (Do not run it through the same conduit.)
- 3) Be sure to provide designated grounding work to Outdoor Unit.



CAUTION

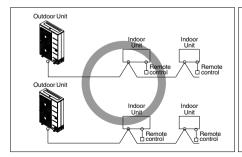
Be sure to connect the Outdoor Unit to earth. Do not connect earth line to any gas pipe, water pipe, lightening rod or telephone earth line. If earth is incomplete, it may cause an electric shock.

- 4) Give some allowance to wiring for electrical part box of Indoor and Outdoor Units, because the box is sometimes removed at the time of service work.
- 5) Never connect the main power source to terminal block of communication line. If connected, electrical parts will be burnt out.
- 6) Use 2-core shield cable for communication line.(O mark in the figure below) If communication lines of different systems are wired with the same multiplecore cable, the resultant poor transmitting and receiving will cause erroneous operations. (mark in the figure below)
- Only the communication line specified should be connected to the terminal block for Outdoor Unit communication.

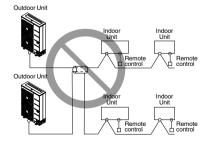


CAUTION

The Power cord connected to the unit should be selected according to the following specifications .



2-Core Shield Cable



Multi-Core Cable

A CAUTION

- · This product have reversed phase protection detector that only works when the power is turned on. If there exists black out or the power goes on and off which the product is operating, attach a reversed phase protection circuit locally, running the product in reversed phase may break the compressor and other parts.
- · Use the 2-core shield cables for communication lines. Never use them together with power lines.
- · The conductive shielding layer of cable should be grounded to the metal part of both units.
- · Never use multi-core cable
- · As this unit is equipped with an inverter, to install a phase leading capacitor not only will deteriorate power factor improvement effect, but also may cause capacitor abnormal heating. Therefore, never install a phase leading capacitor.
- · Make sure that the power unbalance ratio is not greater than 2%. If it is greater, the unit's lifespan will be reduced.
- · Introducing with a missing N-phase or with a mistaken N-phase will break the equipment.

2. Communication and Power Lines

1) Communication cable

· Types : shielding wire

 Cross section: over 1.0~1.5mm² · Insulation material: PVC

Maximum allowable temperature: 60°C

· Maximum allowable line length: 300m

2) Remote control cable

Types: 3-core cable

3) Central control cable

· Types: 4-core cable (Shielding wire) · Cross section: over 1.0~1.5mm² Insulation material: PVC

4) Separation of communication and power lines

 If communication and power lines are run alongside each other then there is a strong likelihood of operational faults developing due to interference in the signal wiring caused by electrostatic and electromagnetic coupling. In case of install communication and power line together, the distance should be over 50mm

Distance from power of other facility

Current	capacity of power line	Spacing
	10A	300mm
100V or more	50A	500mm
100 v of more	100A	1000mm
	Exceed 100A	1500mm

Note:

- 1. The figures are based on assumed length of parallel cabling up to 100m. For length in excess of 100m the figures will have to be recalculated in direct proportion to the additional length of line involved.
- 2. If the power supply waveform continues to exhibit some distortion the recommended spacing in the table should be increased.
- · If the lines are laid inside conduits then the following point must also be taken into account when grouping various lines together for introduction into the conduits
- · Power lines(including power supply to air conditioner) and signal lines must not be laid inside the same
- In the same way, when grouping the lines power and signal lines should not be bunched together.



CAUTION

- · If apparatus is not properly earthed then there is always a risk of electric shocks, the earthing of the apparatus must be carried out by a qualified person.
- · Use a power wire pipe for the power wiring.

Wiring of Main Power Supply and Equipment Capacity

Outdoor unit (1Ø, 220~240V, 50Hz/ 1Ø, 220V, 60Hz/ 3Ø, 380~415V, 50Hz/ 3Ø, 380V, 60Hz) Indoor unit (1Ø,220V, 50/60Hz)

- 1. Separate power supply lines for the indoor units from outdoor unit.
- 2. Bear in mind ambient conditions (ambient temperature direct sunlight, rain water, etc.) when proceeding with the wiring and connections.
- 3. The wire size is the minimum value for metal conduit wiring. The power cord size should be 1 rank thicker taking into account the line voltage drops. Make sure the power-supply voltage does not drop more than 10%.
- 4. Specific wiring requirements should adhere to the wiring regulations of the region.
- 5. Power supply cords of parts of appliances for outdoor use should not be lighter than polychloroprene sheathed flexible cord.
- 6. Don't install an individual switch or electrical outlet to disconnect each of indoor unit separately from the power supply.



WARNING

- · Follow ordinance of your governmental organization for technical standard related to electrical equipment, wiring regulations and guidance of each electric power company.
- · Make sure to use specified wires for connections so that no external force is imparted to terminal connections. If connections are not fixed firmly, it may cause heating or fire.
- · Make sure to use the appropriate type of overcurrent protection switch. Note that generated overcurrent may include some amount of direct current.



CAUTION

- · Some installation site may require attachment of an earth leakage breaker. If no earth leakage breaker is installed, it may cause an electric shock.
- · Do not use anything other than breaker and fuse with correct capacity. Using fuse and wire or copper wire with too large capacity may cause a malfunction of unit or fire.

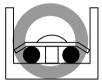
◆ Precautions when laying power wiring

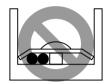
Use round pressure terminals for connections to the power terminal block.



When none are available, follow the instructions below.

- · Do not connect wiring of different thicknesses to the power terminal block. (Slack in the power wiring may cause abnormal heat.)
- When connecting wiring which is the same thickness, do as shown in the figure below.



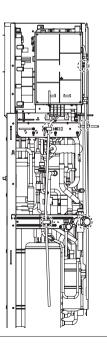




- · For wiring, use the designated power wire and connect firmly, then secure to prevent outside pressure being exerted on the terminal block.
- · Use an appropriate screwdriver for tightening the terinal screws. A screwdriver with a small head will strip the head and make proper tighterning impossible.
- · Over-tightening the terminal screws may break them.

◆ How to connect wiring (U3 Chassis, 2 Fan Model)

- 1. Connect power supply wire to terminal block of control case using clamps on the supporter and control case as shown figure right.
- 2. Connect communication wire to main PCB terminal block using clamps on the supporter and main PCB case as shown figure right.

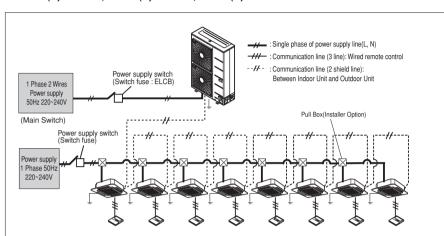


Example Connection of Communication Cable

1. 1Ø, 50Hz

♦ Example Connection of Communication Cable

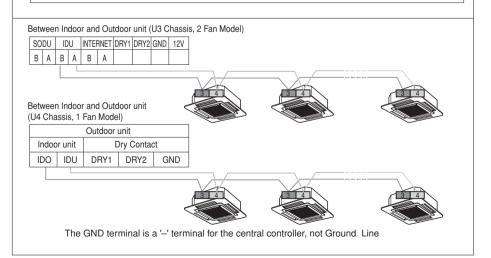
ARUN(V)40GS2A, ARUN(V)50GS2A, ARUN(V)60GS2A





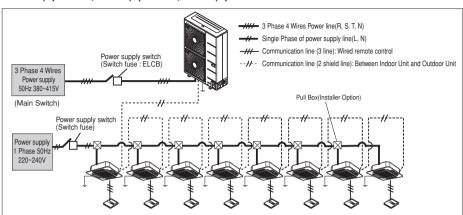
WARNING

- · Indoor Unit ground Lines are required for preventing electrical shock accident during current leakage, Communication disorder by noise effect and motor current leakage (without connection to pipe).
- · Don't install an individual switch or electrical outlet to disconnect each of indoor unit separately from the
- · Install the main switch that can interrupt all the power sources in an integrated manner because this system consists of the equipment utilizing the multiple power sources.
- · If there exists the possibility of reversed phase, lose phase, momentary blackout or the power goes on and off while the product is operating, attach a reversed phase protection circuit locally. Running the product in reversed phase may break the compressor and other parts.



2. 3Ø. 50Hz

■ ARUN(V)40LS2*, ARUN(V)50LS2*, ARUN(V)60LS2*

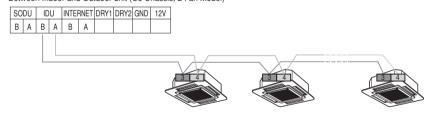




WARNING

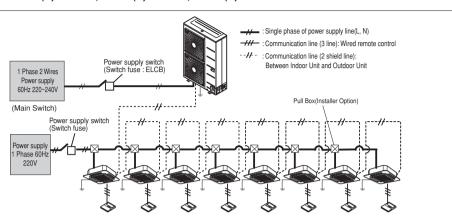
- · Indoor Unit ground Lines are required for preventing electrical shock accident during current leakage,
- Communication disorder by noise effect and motor current leakage (without connection to pipe).
- · Don't install an individual switch or electrical outlet to disconnect each of indoor unit separately from the power supply.
- · Install the main switch that can interrupt all the power sources in an integrated manner because this system consists of the equipment utilizing the multiple power sources.
- · If there exists the possibility of reversed phase, lose phase, momentary blackout or the power goes on and off while the product is operating, attach a reversed phase protection circuit locally. Running the product in reversed phase may break the compressor and other parts.

Between Indoor and Outdoor unit (U3 Chassis, 2 Fan Model)



3. 1Ø. 60Hz

■ ARUN(V)40GS2A, ARUN(V)50GS2A, ARUN(V)60GS2A

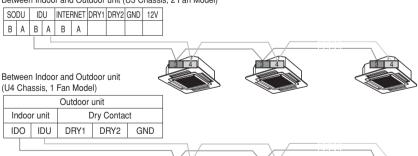




WARNING

- · Indoor Unit ground Lines are required for preventing electrical shock accident during current leakage, Communication disorder by noise effect and motor current leakage (without connection to pipe).
- · Don't install an individual switch or electrical outlet to disconnect each of indoor unit separately from the power supply.
- · Install the main switch that can interrupt all the power sources in an integrated manner because this system consists of the equipment utilizing the multiple power sources.
- · If there exists the possibility of reversed phase, lose phase, momentary blackout or the power goes on and off while the product is operating, attach a reversed phase protection circuit locally. Running the product in reversed phase may break the compressor and other parts.

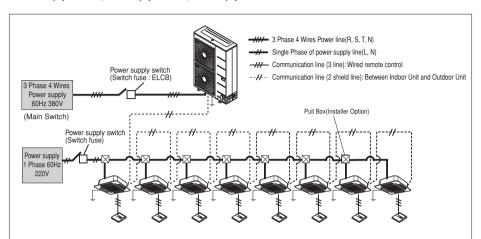
Between Indoor and Outdoor unit (U3 Chassis, 2 Fan Model)



The GND terminal is a '-' terminal for the central controller, not Ground Line

4. 3Ø. 60Hz

■ ARUN(V)40LS2*, ARUN(V)50LS2*, ARUN(V)60LS2*

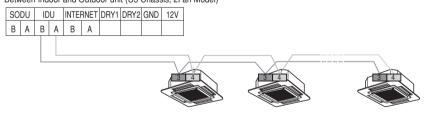




WARNING

- · Indoor Unit ground Lines are required for preventing electrical shock accident during current leakage, Communication disorder by noise effect and motor current leakage (without connection to pipe).
- · Don't install an individual switch or electrical outlet to disconnect each of indoor unit separately from the power supply.
- · Install the main switch that can interrupt all the power sources in an integrated manner because this system consists of the equipment utilizing the multiple power sources.
- · If there exists the possibility of reversed phase, lose phase, momentary blackout or the power goes on and off while the product is operating, attach a reversed phase protection circuit locally. Running the product in reversed phase may break the compressor and other parts.

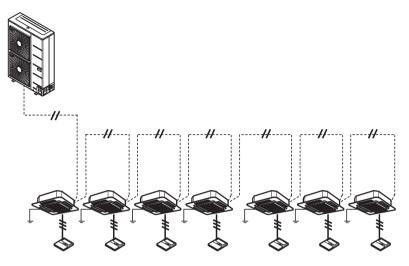
Between Indoor and Outdoor unit (U3 Chassis, 2Fan Model)



■ Example Connection of Communication Cable

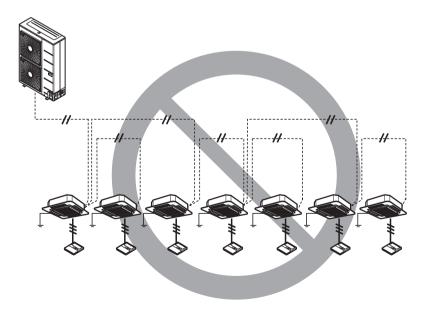
[BUS type]

• Connection of communication cable must be installed like below figure between indoor unit to outdoor unit.



[STAR type]

• Abnormal operation can be caused by communication defect, when connection of communication cable is installed like below figure(STAR type).



Location of DIP Switch (U3 Chassis, 2 Fan Model)

Main PCB





- When outdoor unit is powered on after configuring the DIP switch, proper input of configuration value can be verified through 7-Segment.
- This function is shown only for 2 seconds after turning on the power.

■ Verification of outdoor unit configuration

- After power is turned on, number are shown on 7-Segment consecutively
- These numbers show the configuration status

In case of 3Φ, 5HP model

Segence	NO.	Content
1	124	Model code, 1~255
2	5	Total capacity (HP)
3	2	2 : heatpump No display : cooling only
4	25	Normal
5	129	Model type, 1~255

Model Code

Phase	Capacity(HP)	Model code	Model type
1ø	5	121	
10	6	122	28
	4	123	
3ø	5	124	29
	6	125	29



WARNING

- Main PCB power should be reset in order to recognize the changed function after handling the DIP switch for configuration of additional functions.
- Main PCB power should be reset after resetting the DIP switch for cancellation of additional function
- · Please configure DIP switch properly. Otherwise, It can overstrain product during operation

Configuration of DIP Switch (U3 Chassis, 2 Fan Model)





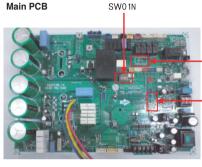
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
Short Pipe Length	•	×												
Long Pipe Length	×	•												
Refrigerant Auto Charging	•	•					•							
Refrigerant Checking	•	•					•							•
Cool/Heat Selector					•	•	×							
Snow (Heat Pump model)							×	•	×					
Forced Defrosting (Heat Pump model)							×	×	•					
Snow + Forced Defrosting (Heat Pump model)							×	•	•					
Night Silent Operation												•		•
Pump Down										•				×
Pump Out (Heat Pump model)										•				•
Forced Oil Return	×	×					•							
Vacuum Mode											•			•



A CAUTION

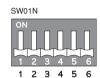
- 1. "X" mark means DIP switch must be off, Otherwise the function may not perates correctly.
- 2. If each DIP switch doesn't set correctly, unit will operate abnormally.
- 3. In case of proceeding test run, start after checking if all indoor unit is off.

Location of DIP Switch (U4 Chassis, 1 Fan Model)



LED01M (Red) LED02M (Green)

> SW02N Auto Addressing



<Initial shipping condition of DIP Switch>



WARNING

- · Main PCB power should be reset in order to recognize the changed function after handling the DIP switch for configuration of additional functions.
- · Main PCB power should be reset after resetting the DIP switch for cancellation of additional function
- · Please configure DIP switch properly. Otherwise, It can overstrain product during operation

Configuration of DIP Switch (U4 Chassis, 1 Fan Model)

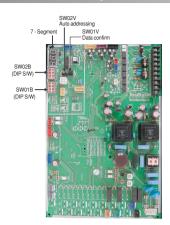
SW01N



	1	2	3	4	5	6
Short Pipe Length	•					
Long Pipe Length		•				
Cool/Heat Selector				•		
Forced Oil Return				•		•
Forced Defrosting				•	•	
Vacuum Mode			•			•
Pump Down					•	
Pump Out				•	•	
Night Silent Operation Step 1			•			
Night Silent Operation Step 2					•	
Night Silent Operation Step 3			•		•	

Automatic Addressing (U3 Chassis, 2 Fan Model)

- · The address of indoor units would be set by auto addressing
 - 1) Wait for 3 minutes after applying power supply (outdoor unit, indoor unit).
 - 2) Press the switch of the outdoor unit (SW02V) for 5 seconds.
 - 3) A "88" is indicated on 7-segment LED of the outdoor unit PCB.
 - 4) For completing addressing, 2~7 minutes are required depending on numbers of indoor unit connection set.
 - 5) Numbers of indoor unit connection set whose addressing is completed are indicated for 30seconds on 7-segment LED of the outdoor unit PCB.
 - 6) After completing addressing, address of each indoor unit is indicated on the wired remote control display window. (CH01, CH02, CH03, CH06: Indicated as numbers of indoor unit connection set.)



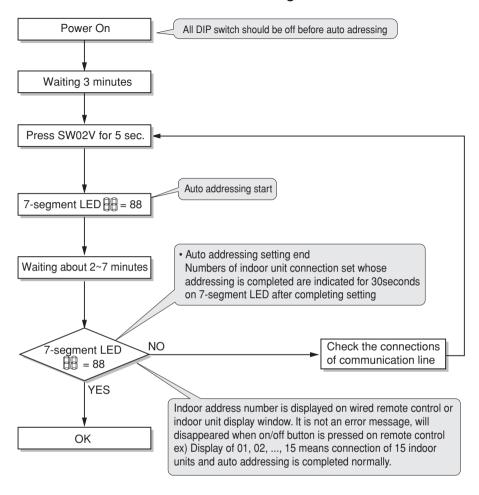


A CAUTION

In replacement of the indoor unit PCB, always perform auto address setting again.

- If power supply is not applied to the indoor unit, operation error occurs.
- Auto addressing is only possible on the main PCB
- Auto addressing has to be performed after 3 minutes to improve communication.

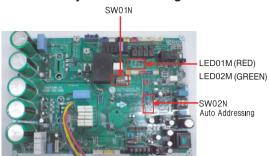
◆ The Procedure of Automatic Addressing



Automatic Addressing (U4 Chassis, 1 Fan Model)

■ The address of indoor units would be set by auto addressing

- ① Wait for 3 minutes after applying power supply (outdoor unit, indoor unit).
- ② Press the switch of the outdoor unit for 5 seconds.
- ③ For completing addressing, 2~7 minutes are required depending on numbers of indoor unit connection set.
- ④ After completing addressing, address of each indoor unit is indicated on the wired remote control display window. (CH01, CH02, CH03, CH06: Indicated as numbers of indoor unit connection set.)



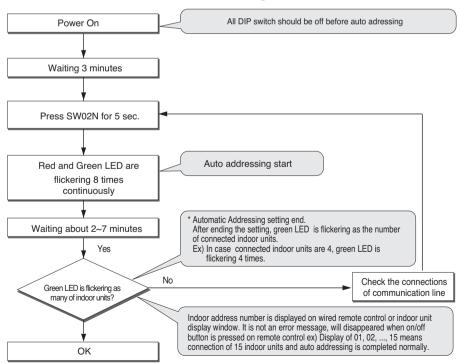


CAUTION

In replacement of the indoor unit PCB, always perform auto address setting again.

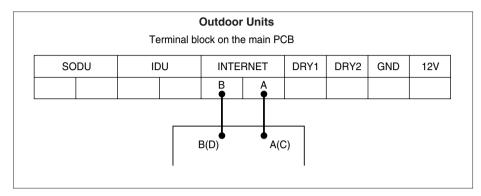
- If power supply is not applied to the indoor unit, operation error occurs.
- Auto addressing has to be performed after 3 minutes to improve communication.

◆ The Procedure of Automatic Addressing



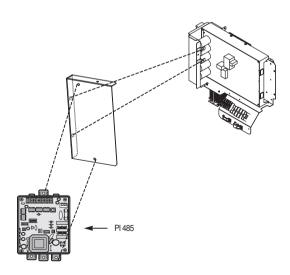
♦ How to connect central controller (U3 Chassis, 2 Fan Model)

- The communication lines connected to INTERNET terminal should be connected to central control of Outdoor unti with care for their polarity ($A \rightarrow A, B \rightarrow B$)
- Connect communication lines between outdoor unit and indoor units through the terminal block.
- When connecting communication line between outdoor unit and indoor units with shielded wire, connect the shield ground to the earth screw.
- When connecting the central control system with shielded wire, connect the shield ground to the earth screw.



♦ How to connect central controller (U4 Chassis, 1 Fan Model)

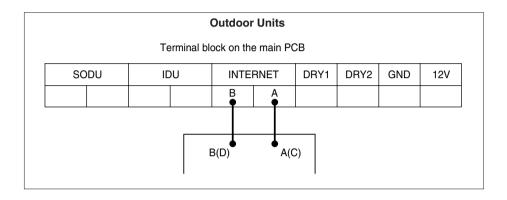
- Remove all of the screws at the lower part of a backside panel and remove the panel by pulling it forward.
- Connect communication lines between outdoor unit and indoor units through the terminal block.
- When the central control system is connected to the outdoor unit, the central controller PCB (PI 485) must be connected between them.
- When connecting communication line between outdoor unit and indoor units with shielded wire, connect the shield ground to the earth screw.
- When connecting the central control system with shielded wire, connect the shield ground to the earth screw.



Group Number Setting

■ Group Number setting for Indoor Units

- ① Confirm the power of whole system(Indoor Unit, Outdoor Unit) is OFF, otherwise turn off.
- 2) The communication lines connected to INTERNET terminal should be connected to central control of Outdoor unti with care for their polarity ($A \rightarrow A, B \rightarrow B$)
- 3 Turn the whole system on.
- ④ Set the group and Indoor Unit number with a wired remote control.
- (5) To control several sets of Indoor Units into a group, set the group ID from 0 to F for this purpose.

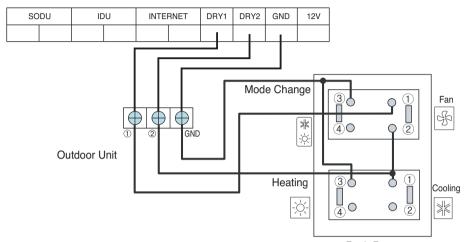


Group recognizing the simple central controller	
No.0 group (00~0F)	
No.1 group (10~1F)	
No.2 group (20~2F)	
No.3 group (30~3F)	
No.4 group (40~4F)	
No.5 group (50~5F)	
No.6 group (60~6F)	
No.7 group (70~7F)	
No.8 group (80~8F)	
No.9 group (90~9F)	
No. A group (A0~AF)	
No. B group (B0~BF)	
No. C group (C0~CF)	
No. D group (D0~DF)	
No. E group (E0~EF)	
No. F group (F0~FF)	

Cool/Heat Selector Installation and Connection(Heat pump only)

■ Using Cool/Heat Selector Installation and Connection

- Connect wires as below figure at the hole of backside of Outdoor Unit Dry Contact.
- Insert the wire in the connection hole pushing the "Push" button.
- · Setting Main PCB DIP SW of Master Outdoor Unit.



Push Button

■ Without Cool/Heat Selector Installation and Connection

In case, try to set mode without Cool/Heat Selector and try to use other switch except from LG Outdoor Cool/Heat Selector in field.

Connect signal terminal block as below figure and description.

- How to set mode without Cool/Heat Selector
- · Cooling Mode Setting
- ① → GND Connection
- ② → Off (Open)
- · Heating Mode Setting
- ① → GND Connection
- ② → GND Connection



- ① → Off (Open)
- ② → GND Connection







Test Run

Checks before Test Run

- 1. Test run should be performed after auto-addressing
- 2. Test run can be performed when 3 minutes passed after power on, by DIP switches and buttons. needs time for initializing data of micom and readying communication with indoor unit.
- 3. 7-segment of outdoor unit displays test run status and error.
- 4. During test run, if error occurs, then test run ends and proceeds final stage of test run system should be initial status by initializing all data of test run pressing black button for 2 seconds after all DIP switch off
- 5. In case of finishing test run during test run, press black and red button simultaneously for 5 seconds.
- 6. When test run is finished, indoor units are stopped and 938 is displayed after 90 seconds.
- 7. To perform FDD logic test, proceeds when 3 minutes passed after reset.

Test Run Procedure

Step 0. Check order signal

Select the function of tust run

Step 1. Sensor checking

Check sensor abnormality.

Step 2. Refrigerant auto charging

In case of adding additional refrigerant, this function helps adding refrigerant automatically.

Step 3. Refrigerant checking

Check refrigerant amount is proper.

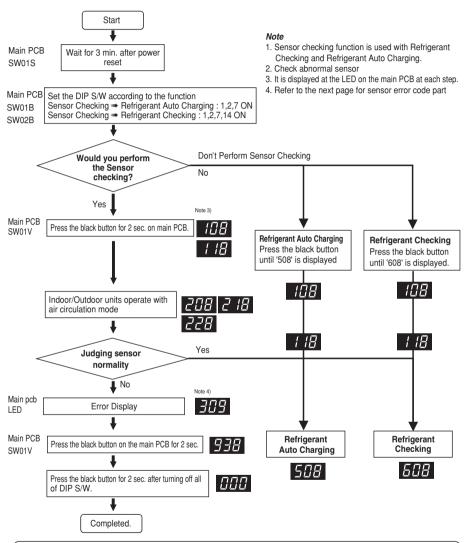
* Test Run operation(FDD) can be performed only U3 chassis (2 fan model). Proceed Test Run with LGMV for U4 chassis (1 fan model).

Sensor Checking Function (U3 Chassis, 2Fan Model)

Note 1)

Sensor checking function judges whether the current temperature of indoor and outdoor unit sensors is right or not. It checks 3 indoor temperature sensors, 9 outdoor temperature sensors, 2 outdoor pressure sensors.

It is used for judging sensor abnormality. Note 2)



Caution

- 1. Confirm auto addressing has been performed (Check installed number of IDU).
- 2. The error can be displayed even if the sensor is normal according to installation and temperature condition. If error occurs, check the sensor and judge abnormality.

Sensor Check Error Code Display

Error display during sensor inspection process is composed of 3 stages as shown below, and is proceeded by repeating these stages

■ Step 1 : Display of error existence : 309 or 319

- 309: Inspect sensors of outdoor unit
- 319: Inspect sensors of indoor unit

■ Step 2: Display of error location

- In case of 309 (outdoor unit sensors)
- 2 digits on the left among 7 segments Sensor Type (Table1)
- 1 digit on the right among 7 segments Outdoor Unit Number
- In case of 319 (indoor unit sensors)
- 2 digits on the left among 7 segments Indoor Unit Number

(Same as LGMV (automatic address configuration) indoor unit number)

1 Digit on the right among 7 segments - Sensor Type (Table 2)

■ Step 3: Turn Off

* 1 error is displayed through 3 stages above and maximum of 5 errors are displayed.

Displaying error content

- Indoor unit error display
- 1. 1st and 2nd number represents indoor unit number. Indoor unit number follows auto addressing number.
- 2. Last number represents sensor.

1	Pipe inlet temperature sensor			
2	Pipe outlet temperature sensor			
3	3 Air temperature sensor			
# Indoor unit number follows Auto addressing number				

- Displaying outdoor unit error
- 1. 1st and 2nd number represents error content(code).
- 2. Last number represents outdoor unit number.

1	Outdoor Air Temperature			
2	Heat Exchanger 1			
4	Inverter Compressor Discharge Temperature			
6	Suction Temperature			
7	Liquid Pipe Temperature			
9	SC pipe out			
10	High Pressure Sensor			
11	Low Pressure Sensor			

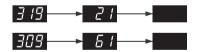
ex) Indoor unit No. 2 pipe inlet temperature sensor



ex) Outdoor unit liquid pipe temperature sensor error



ex) Indoor unit No.2 pipe inlet temperature sensor error and outdoor unit suction temperature sensor error



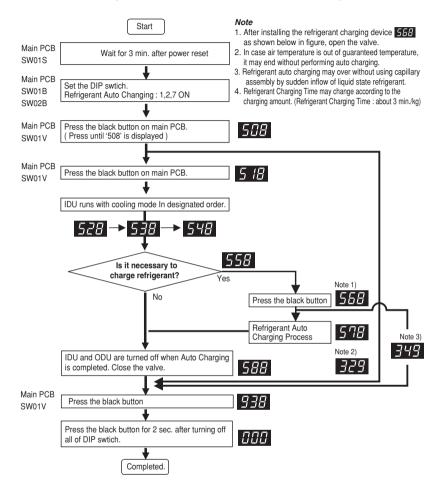


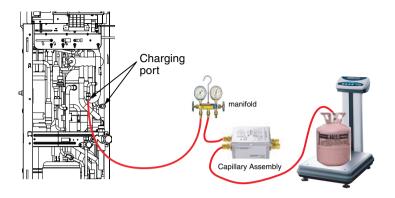
CAUTION

- 1. Up to 5 number of errors is displayed continuously and repeatedly. In case 5 number of errors occurs, again perform sensor checking after solving errors.
- 2. IDU in which error occurred operates air circulation mode.

Refrigerant Auto Charging Function (U3 Chassis, 2Fan Model)

This function charges appropriate amount of refrigerant automatically through cycle operation. It can be used when refrigerant amount Isn't certain because of SVC and leakage.





Procedure

- 1. Arrange manifold, capillary assembly, refrigerant vessel and scale
- 2. Connect manifold to the gas pipe service valve of ODU as shown in the figure.
- 3. Connect manifold and Capillary tube. Use designated capillary assembly only. If designated capillary assembly isn't used, the system may get damaged.
- 4. Connect capillary and refrigerant vessel.
- 5. Purge hose and manifold.
- 6. After **EFF** Is displayed, open the valve and charge the refrigerant

■ Error contents about auto refrigerant charging function

- 1. Temperature Range Error (In case that IDU or ODU is out of range)
- 2. 339 : Low Pressure Descent Error (In case the system runs at low pressure limit for over 10 minutes)
- 3. 349 : Judging rapid refrigerant inflow (In case the liquid refrigerant flows in because of not using designated Capillary Assembly)
- 4. 359 : Instability Error(In case the high/low pressure target doesn't get satisfied for some time after the starting operation)



CAUTION

1. Guaranteed temperature range (Error will occur if temperature is out of range)

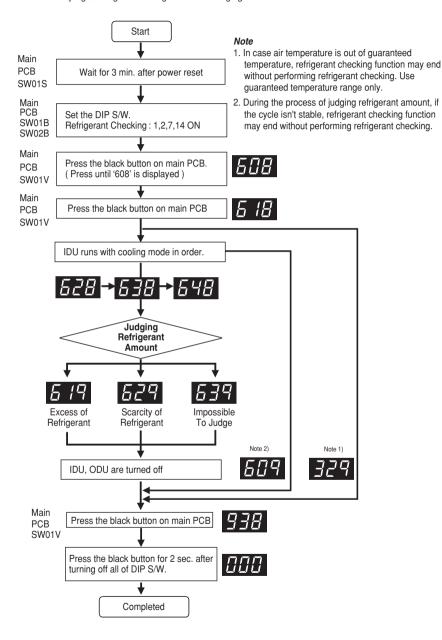
IDU: 20~32°C ODU: 0~43°C

- 2. For refrigerant charging, use designated device only. (Capillary Assem Set)
- 3. Set the IDU wired remote controller temperature sensing mode as IDU
- 4. Be careful that IDU should not be thermo off.

Refrigerant Checking Function (U3 Chassis, 2Fan Model)

This function charges appropriate amount of refrigerant automatically through cycle operation.

This function judges refrigerant leakage and overcharging.



CAUTION

1. Guaranteed Temperature range(Error occurs out of guaranteed temperature range)

IDU: 20~32°C ODU: 10~38°C

- 2. Set IDU wired remote controller temperature sensor setting as 'IDU'.
- 3. Make certain that IDU doesn't run with thermo off mode during operation.

[Error contents about auto refrigerant charging function]

- 1. 329 : Temperature Range Error (In case that IDU or ODU is out of range)
- : System Unstable Error (In case, After 45 min operating the system, it does not be stable)

How to cope with Result of Refrigerant Checking

- 1. If the temperature is not in guaranteed Temperature range, the system will not execute Refrigerant checking and the system will be OFF.
- 2. Excess of Refrigerant(619)

After remove the 20% of calculated total refrigerant, recharge the refrigerant by using Refrigerant Auto Charging Function.

3. Scarcity of Refrigerant(629)

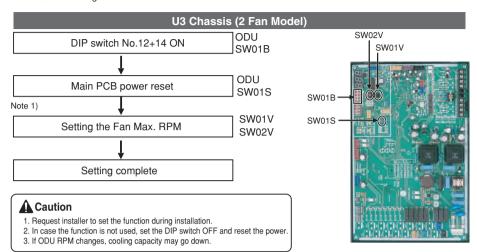
Charge the refrigerant by using Refrigerant Auto Charging Function.

4. Impossible to Judge(639)

IF the system is not in order, check the other problem except refrigerant.

Night Silent Operation

In cooling mode, this function makes the ODU fan operate at low RPM to reduce the fan noise of ODU at night which has low cooling load.



Note

1.Setting RPM

Step	Step		Fan Max	Judgment	Operation
Оцер	SW01V (Black)	SW02V (Red)	RPM	(hr)	(hr)
1	1 time	1 time	420	8	9
2	2 times	1 time	370	8	9
3	3 times	1 time	320	8	9

	U4 Chassis (1 Fan Model)							
Step	Setting	Fan Max RPM	Judgment (hr)	Operation (hr)				
1	DIP S/W NO.3 ON	420	8	9				
2	DIP S/W NO.5 ON	370	8	9				
3	DIP S/W NO.3, NO.5 ON	320	8	9				

* Reset power after changing DIP S/W



CAUTION

- 1. Request additional function setting to installer.
- 2. In case of not using additional function, DIP switch off and reset.
- 3. If RPM of outdoor unit fan is changed, capacity may be down.

Self-Diagnosis Function (U3 Chassis, 2 Fan Model)

Error Indicator

- This function indicates types of failure in self-diagnosis and occurrence of failure for air condition.
- · Error mark is displayed on display window of indoor units and wired remote controller, and 7-segment LED of outdoor unit control board as shown in the table.
- If more than two troubles occur simultaneously, lower number of error code is first displayed.
- · After error occurrence, if error is released, error LED is also released simultaneously.

Error Display

1st,2nd LED of 7-segment indicates error number, 3rd LED indicates unit number.

	Display		ay	Title	Cause of Error		
	0	1	-	Air temperature sensor of indoor unit	Air temperature sensor of indoor unit is open or short		
	0	2	-	Inlet pipe temperature sensor of indoor unit	Inlet pipe temperature sensor of indoor unit is open or short		
rror				Failing to receive wired remote controller signal in indoor unit PCB			
g e	0	4	-	Drain pump	Malfunction of drain pump		
ndoor unit related error	0	5	-	Communication error : outdoor unit ↔ indoor unit	Failing to receive outdoor unit signal in indoor unit PCB		
or uni	0	6	-	Outlet pipe temperature sensor of indoor unit	Outlet pipe temperature sensor of indoor unit is open or short		
ludo	0	9	-	Indoor EEPROM Error	In case when the serial number marked on EEPROM of Indoor unit is 0 or FFFFFF		
	1	0	-	Poor fan motor operation	Disconnecting the fan motor connector/Failure of indoor fan motor lock		
	2	1	1	Outdoor Unit Inverter Compressor IPM Fault	Outdoor Unit Inverter Compressor Drive IPM Fault		
	2	2	1	Inverter Board Input Over Current(RMS) of Outdoor Unit	Outdoor Unit Inverter Board Input Current excess (RMS)		
ror	2	3	1	Outdoor Unit Inverter Compressor DC link Low Voltage	DC charging is not performed at outdoor unit after starting relay turn on.		
ated er	2	4	1	Outdoor Unit High Pressure Switch	System is turned off by outdoor unit high pressure switch.		
Outdoor unit related error	2	5	1	Outdoor Unit Input Voltage High/ Low Voltage	Outdoor Unit input voltage is out of range.		
ıtdoorı	2	6	1	Outdoor Unit Inverter Compressor Start Failure	The First Start Failure by Outdoor Unit Inverter Compressor Abnormality		
ŏ	2	7	1	PSC/PFC Fault error	When over current flows instantly at PSC/PFC		
	2	8	1	Outdoor Unit Inverter DC link High Voltage	System is turned off by outdoor unit DC Voltage Over Charging		
	2	9	1	Outdoor Unit Inverter Compressor Over Current	Outdoor Unit Inverter Compressor Fault OR Drive Fault		

		Display		ıy	Title	Cause of Error
Outdoor unit related error	3		2	1	Outdoor Unit Inverter Compressor High Discharge Temperature	System is turned off by outdoor unit Inverter Compressor High Discharge Temperature
	3	١.	4	1	High Pressure of Outdoor Unit	System is turned off by excessive increase of high pressure of outdoor unit
	3		5	1	Low Pressure of Outdoor Unit	System is turned off by excessive decrease of low pressure of outdoor unit
	3		6	1	Low pressure ratio	Pressure ratio is under limit
	4		0	1	Outdoor Unit Inverter Compressor CT Sensor Fault	Outdoor Unit Inverter Compressor CT Sensor open or short
	4		1	1	Outdoor Unit Inverter Compressor Discharge Temperature Sensor Fault	Outdoor Unit Inverter Compressor Discharge Temperature Sensor open or short
	4		2	1	Outdoor Unit Low Pressure Sensor Fault	Outdoor Unit Low Pressure Sensor open or short
	4	:	3	1	Outdoor Unit High Pressure Sensor Fault	Outdoor Unit High Pressure Sensor open or short
	4		4	1	Outdoor Unit Air Temperature Sensor Fault	Outdoor Unit Air Temperature Sensor open or short
	4		5	1	Outdoor Unit Heat Exchanger Temperature Sensor Fault	Outdoor Unit Heat Exchanger Temperature Sensor Open or Short
	4		6	1	Outdoor Unit Suction Temperature Sensor Fault	Outdoor Unit Suction Temperature Sensor open or short
	4	!	9	1	Defective IPM Temperature Sensor	Disconnection or short circuit on IPM temperature sensor of the outdoor unit
	5		0	1	Omitting connection of R, S, T power of Outdoor unit	Omitting connection of Outdoor unit
	5		1	1	Excessive capacity of indoor units	Excessive connection of indoor units compared to capacity of outdoor unit
	5	:	2	1	Communication error : inverter PCB → Main PCB	Failing to receive inverter signal at main PCB of Outdoor Unit
	5	:	3	1	Communication error : indoor unit → main PCB of outdoor unit	Failing to receive indoor unit signal at main PCB of outdoor Unit.
	5		4	1	Reverse connection of R, S, T power of Outdoor unit	Reverse connection or omitting connection of R, S, T power of Outdoor unit
	5		7	1	Communication error : inverter PCB → Main PCB	Restriction of Outdoor Unit (Inverter PCB)
	6	1	0	1	Inverter PCB EEPROM error	Check EEPROM checksum error when resetting power
	6	_	2	1	Heat sink temperature high error	When Heat sink temperature is above setting value
	6	Ť.	7	1	Outdoor Unit Fan Lock	Restriction of Outdoor Unit Fan
	7	1	3	1	Instant Over Current(Peak) of Outdoor Unit PFC	Instant Over Current(Peak) of Outdoor Unit PFC
	8	_ '	6	1	Outdoor Unit Main PCB EEPROM Error	Communication Fail Between Outdoor Unit Main MICOM and EEPROM or omitting EEPROM
	8	Ŀ	8	1	PFC PCB EEPROM Error	Communication Fail Between Outdoor Unit PFC MICOM and EEPROM or omitting EEPROM
	1	1	3	1	Outdoor Unit Liquid pipe Temperature Sensor Error	Liquid pipe temperature sensor of outdoor unit is open or short
	1	1	5	1	Outdoor Unit Subcooling Outlet Temperature Sensor Error	Outdoor Unit Subcooling Outlet Temperature Sensor open or short
	1	5	1	1	Failure of operation mode conversion at Outdoor Unit	Pressure unbalance between outdoor units
	2	4	2	1	Network error	Network error of central control unit

Self-Diagnosis Function (U4 Chassis, 1FAN Model)

Error Indicator

- · This function indicates types of failure in self-diagnosis and occurrence of failure for air condition.
- · Error mark is displayed on display window of indoor units and wired remote controller, and red/green LED of outdoor unit control board as shown in the table.
- If more than two troubles occur simultaneously, lower number of error code is first displayed.
- · After error occurrence, if error is released, error LED is also released simultaneously.

Error indication method

Red LED means error number 10 places, Green LED means 1 place, if Red and Green LED are flickering at the same time, it means 100 places of error number.

Ex) Red and Green LED are flickering once at the same time, and Red LED is flickering once, at last Green LED is flicking once: Error number 115

	Display		Title	Cause of Error
Indoor unit related error	0	1	Air temperature sensor of indoor unit	Air temperature sensor of indoor unit is open or short
	0	2	Inlet pipe temperature sensor of indoor unit	Inlet pipe temperature sensor of indoor unit is open or short
	0	3	Communication error : wired remote controller ↔ indoor unit	Failing to receive wired remote controller signal in indoor unit PCB
	0	4	Drain pump	Malfunction of drain pump
	0	5	Communication error : outdoor unit ↔ indoor unit	Failing to receive outdoor unit signal in indoor unit PCB
	0	6	Outlet pipe temperature sensor of indoor unit	Outlet pipe temperature sensor of indoor unit is open or short
	0	9	Indoor EEPROM Error	In case when the serial number marked on EEPROM of Indoor unit is 0 or FFFFFF
	1	0	Poor fan motor operation	Disconnecting the fan motor connector/Failure of indoor fan motor lock
Outdoor unit related error	2	1	Outdoor Unit Inverter Compressor IPM Fault	Outdoor Unit Inverter Compressor Drive IPM Fault
	2	2	Inverter Board Input Over Current(RMS) of Outdoor Unit	Outdoor Unit Inverter Board Input Current excess (RMS)
	2	3	Outdoor Unit Inverter Compressor DC link Low Voltage	DC charging is not performed at outdoor unit after starting relay turn on.
	2	4	Outdoor Unit High Pressure Switch	System is turned off by outdoor unit high pressure switch.
	2	5	Outdoor Unit Input Voltage High/ Low Voltage	Outdoor Unit input voltage is out of range.
	2	6	Outdoor Unit Inverter Compressor Start Failure	The First Start Failure by Outdoor Unit Inverter Compressor Abnormality
	2	7	PSC/PFC Fault error	When over current flows instantly at PSC/PFC
	2	8	Outdoor Unit Inverter DC link High Voltage	System is turned off by outdoor unit DC Voltage Over Charging
	2	9	Outdoor Unit Inverter Compressor Over Current	Outdoor Unit Inverter Compressor Fault OR Drive Fault

	Display		ay	Title	Cause of Error
Outdoor unit related error	3		2	Outdoor Unit Inverter Compressor High Discharge Temperature	System is turned off by outdoor unit Inverter Compressor High Discharge Temperature
	3		4	High Pressure of Outdoor Unit	System is turned off by excessive increase of high pressure of outdoor unit
	3		5	Low Pressure of Outdoor Unit	System is turned off by excessive decrease of low pressure of outdoor unit
	3		6	Low pressure ratio	Pressure ratio is under limit
	4		0	Outdoor Unit Inverter Compressor CT Sensor Fault	Outdoor Unit Inverter Compressor CT Sensor open or short
	4		1	Outdoor Unit Inverter Compressor Discharge Temperature Sensor Fault	Outdoor Unit Inverter Compressor Discharge Temperature Sensor open or short
	4		2	Outdoor Unit Low Pressure Sensor Fault	Outdoor Unit Low Pressure Sensor open or short
	4		3	Outdoor Unit High Pressure Sensor Fault	Outdoor Unit High Pressure Sensor open or short
	4		4	Outdoor Unit Air Temperature Sensor Fault	Outdoor Unit Air Temperature Sensor open or short
	4		5	Outdoor Unit Heat Exchanger Temperature Sensor Fault	Outdoor Unit Heat Exchanger Temperature Sensor Open or Short
	4		6	Outdoor Unit Suction Temperature Sensor Fault	Outdoor Unit Suction Temperature Sensor open or short
	5		1	Excessive capacity of indoor units	Excessive connection of indoor units compared to capacity of outdoor unit
	5		3	Communication error : indoor unit → main PCB of outdoor unit	Failing to receive indoor unit signal at main PCB of outdoor Unit.
	6		0	Inverter PCB EEPROM error	Check EEPROM checksum error when resetting power
	6		7	Outdoor Unit Fan Lock	Restriction of Outdoor Unit Fan
	7		3	Instant Over Current(Peak) of Outdoor Unit PFC	Instant Over Current(Peak) of Outdoor Unit PFC
	1	1	3	Outdoor Unit Liquid pipe Temperature Sensor Error	Liquid pipe temperature sensor of outdoor unit is open or short
	1	1	5	Outdoor Unit Subcooling Outlet Temperature Sensor Error	Outdoor Unit Subcooling Outlet Temperature Sensor open or short
	1	5	1	Failure of operation mode conversion at Outdoor Unit	Pressure unbalance between outdoor units
	2	4	2	Network error	Network error of central control unit

Caution for Refrigerant Leak

The installer and system specialist shall secure safety against leakage according to local regulations or standards. The following standards may be applicable if local regulations are not available.

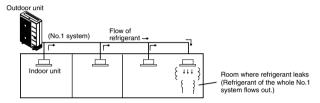
Introduction

Though the R410A refrigerant is harmless and incombustible itself, the room to equip the air conditioner should be large enough to such an extent that the refrigerant gas will not exceed the limiting concentration even if the refrigerant gas leaks in the room.

■ Limiting concentration

Limiting concentration is the limit of Freon gas concentration where immediate measures can be taken without hurting human body when refrigerant leaks in the air. The limiting concentration shall be described in the unit of kg/m³ (Freon gas weight per unit air volume) for facilitating calculation.

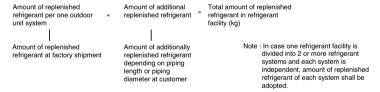
Limiting concentration: 0.44kg/m³(R410A)



Checking procedure of limiting concentration

Check limiting concentration along following steps and take appropriate measure depending on the situation.

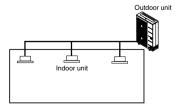
■ Calculate amount of all the replenished refrigerant (kg) per each refrigerant system.



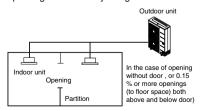
■ Calculate minimum room capacity

Calculate room capacity by regarding a portion as one room or the smaller room.

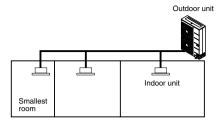
(1) Without partition



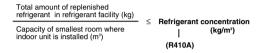
(2) With partition and with opening which serve as passage of air to adjoining room



(3) With partition and without opening which serve as passage of air to adjoining room



■ Calculate refrigerant concentration



In case the result of calculation exceeds the limiting concentration, perform the same calculations by shifting to the second smallest, and the third smallest rooms until at last the result is below the limiting concentration.

■ In case the concentration exceeds the limit

When the concentration exceeds the limit, change original plan or take one of the countermeasures shown below:

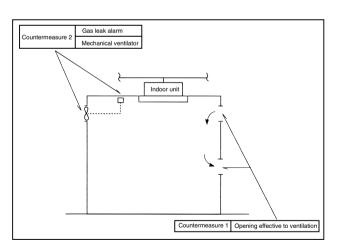
· Countermeasure 1

Provide opening for ventilation.

Provide 0.15% or more opening to floor space both above and below door, or provide opening without door.

· Countermeasure 2

Provide gas leak alarm linked with mechanical ventilator.



Pay special attention to the place, such as a basement, etc. where refrigerant can be present, since refrigerant is heavier than air.



Installation Guide at the Seaside

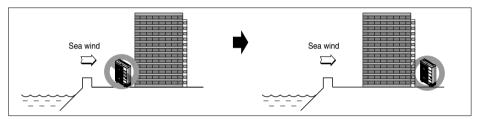


A CAUTION

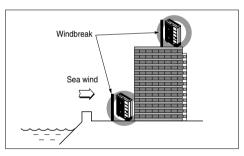
- 1. Air conditioners should not be installed in areas where corrosive gases, such as acid or alkaline gas, are produced.
- 2. Do not install the product where it could be exposed to sea wind (salty wind) directly. It can result corrosion on the product. Corrosion, particularly on the condenser and evaporator fins, could cause product malfunction or inefficient performance.
- 3. If outdoor unit is installed close to the seaside, it should avoid direct exposure to the sea wind. Otherwise it needs additional anticorrosion treatment on the heat exchanger.

Selecting the location(Outdoor Unit)

1) If the outdoor unit is to be installed close to the seaside, direct exposure to the sea wind should be avoided. Install the outdoor unit on the opposite side of the sea wind direction.



2) In case, to install the outdoor unit on the seaside, set up a windbreak not to be exposed to the sea wind.



- It should be strong enough like concrete to prevent the sea wind from the sea.
- The height and width should be more than 150% of the outdoor unit.
- It should be keep more than 70 cm of space between outdoor unit and the windbreak for easy air flow

- 3) Select a well-drained place.
 - 1. If you can't meet above guide line in the seaside installation, please contact LG Electronics for the additional anticorrosion treatment.
 - 2. Periodic (more than once/year) cleaning of the dust or salt particles stuck on the heat exchanger by using water

The below Installation guide is limited applicable only for model ARUN60GS2A

Installation Guide for EN 61000-3-12:2005

This equipment complies with IEC 61000-3-12 provided that the short-circuit power Ssc is greater than or equal to 910 kVA at the interface point between the user's supply and the public system. It is the responsibility of the installer or user of the equipment to ensure, by consultation with the distribution network operator if necessary. that the equipment is connected only to a supply with a short-circuit power Ssc greater than or equal to 910 kVA."

The below Installation guide is limited applicable only for model ARUN50GS2A

Installation Guide for EN 61000-3-12:2005

This equipment complies with IEC 61000-3-12 provided that the short-circuit power Ssc is greater than or equal to 1497 kVA at the interface point between the user's supply and the public system. It is the responsibility of the installer or user of the equipment to ensure, by consultation with the distribution network operator if necessary, that the equipment is connected only to a supply with a short-circuit power Ssc greater than or equal to 1497 kVA."

The below Installation guide is limited applicable only for model Model: ARUN40GS2A

Installation Guide for EN 61000-3-12:2005

This equipment complies with IEC 61000-3-12 provided that the short-circuit power Ssc is greater than or equal to 1354 kVA at the interface point between the user's supply and the public system. It is the responsibility of the installer or user of the equipment to ensure, by consultation with the distribution network operator if necessary, that the equipment is connected only to a supply with a short-circuit power Ssc greater than or equal to 1354 kVA."

