MICROWAVE/ GRIL/ COMBINATION OVEN

OWNER'S MANUAL

PLEASE READ THIS OWNER'S MANUAL THOROUGHLY BEFORE OPERATING.

MG-607W

P/No: 3828W5A3951

Precautions

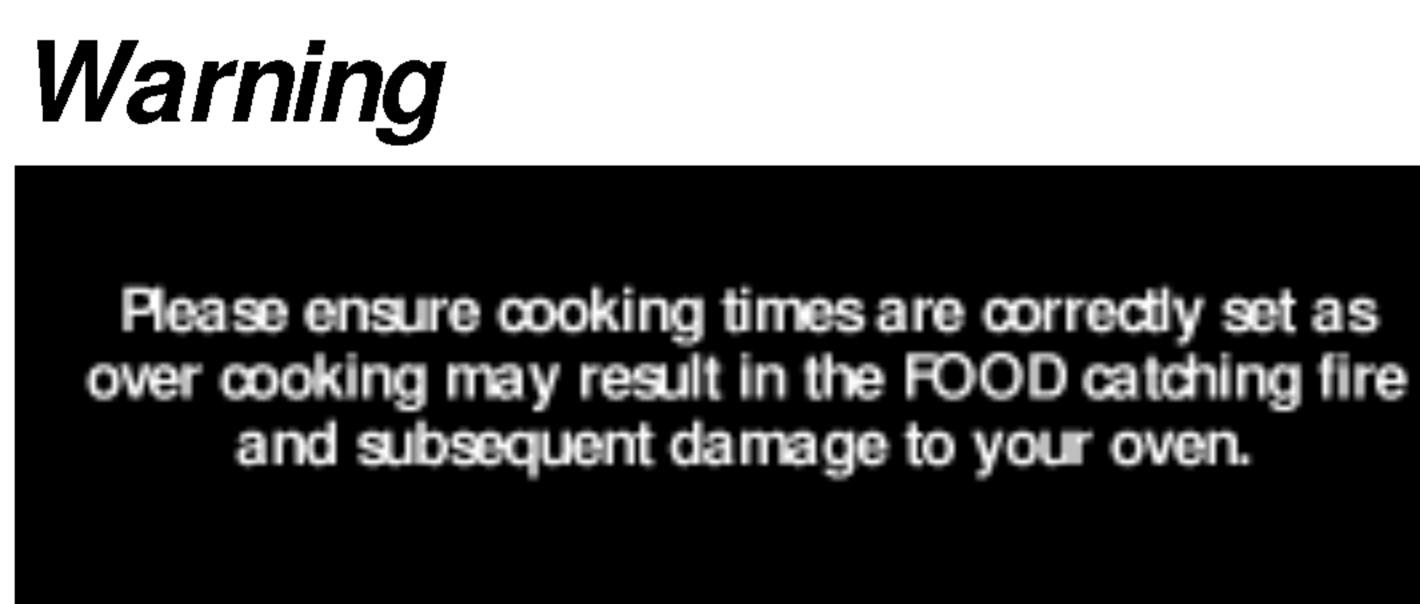
Precautions to avoid possible exposure to excessive microwave energy.

You cannot operate your oven with the door open due to the safety interlocks built into the door mechanism. These safety interlocks automatically switch off any cooking activity when the door is opened; which in the case of a microwave oven could result in harmful exposure to microwave energy. It is important not to tamper with the safety interlocks.

Do not place any object between the oven front face and the door or allow food or cleaner residue to accumulate on sealing surfaces.

Do not operate your oven if it is damaged. It is particularly important that the oven door closes properly and that there is no damage to the: (1) door(bent), (2) hinges and latches (broken or loosened), (3) door seals and sealing surfaces.

Your oven should not be adjusted or repaired by anyone except qualified service personnel.



When heating liquids, e.g. soups, sauces and beverages in your microwave oven, overheating the liquid beyond boiling point can occur without evidence of bubbling. This could result in a sudden boil over of the hot liquid. To prevent this possibility the following steps should be taken:

- Avoid using straight sided containers with narrow necks.
- 2 Do not overheat.
- through the heating time.
- 4 After heating, allow to stand in the oven for a short time, stir or shake them again carefully and check the temperature of them before baby food jars).

Be careful when handling the container.

Warning

Always allow food to stand after being cooked by microwaves and check the temperature of them before consumption. Especially contents of feeding bottles and baby food jars.

3 Stir the liquid before placing the container in the oven and again halfway

consumption to avoid burns (especially, contents of feeding bottles and

How the Microwave Oven Works

Microwaves are a form of energy similar to radio and television waves and ordinary daylight. Normally, microwaves spread outwards as they travel through the atmosphere and disappear without effect. Microwave ovens, however, have a magnetron which is designed to make use of the energy in microwaves. Electricity, supplied to the magnetron tube, is used to created microwave energy.

These microwaves enter the cooking area through openings inside the oven. A turntable or tray is located at the bottom of the oven. Microwaves cannot pass through metal walls of the oven, but they can penetrate such materials as glass, porcelain and paper, the materials out of which microwave-safe cooking dishes are constructed.

Microwaves do not heat cookware, though cooking vessels will eventually get hot from the heat generated by the food.

A very safe appliance

Your microwave oven is one of the safest of all home appliances. When the door is opened, the oven automatically stops producing microwaves. Microwave energy is converted completely to heat when it enters food, leaving no "left over" energy to harm you when you eat your food.

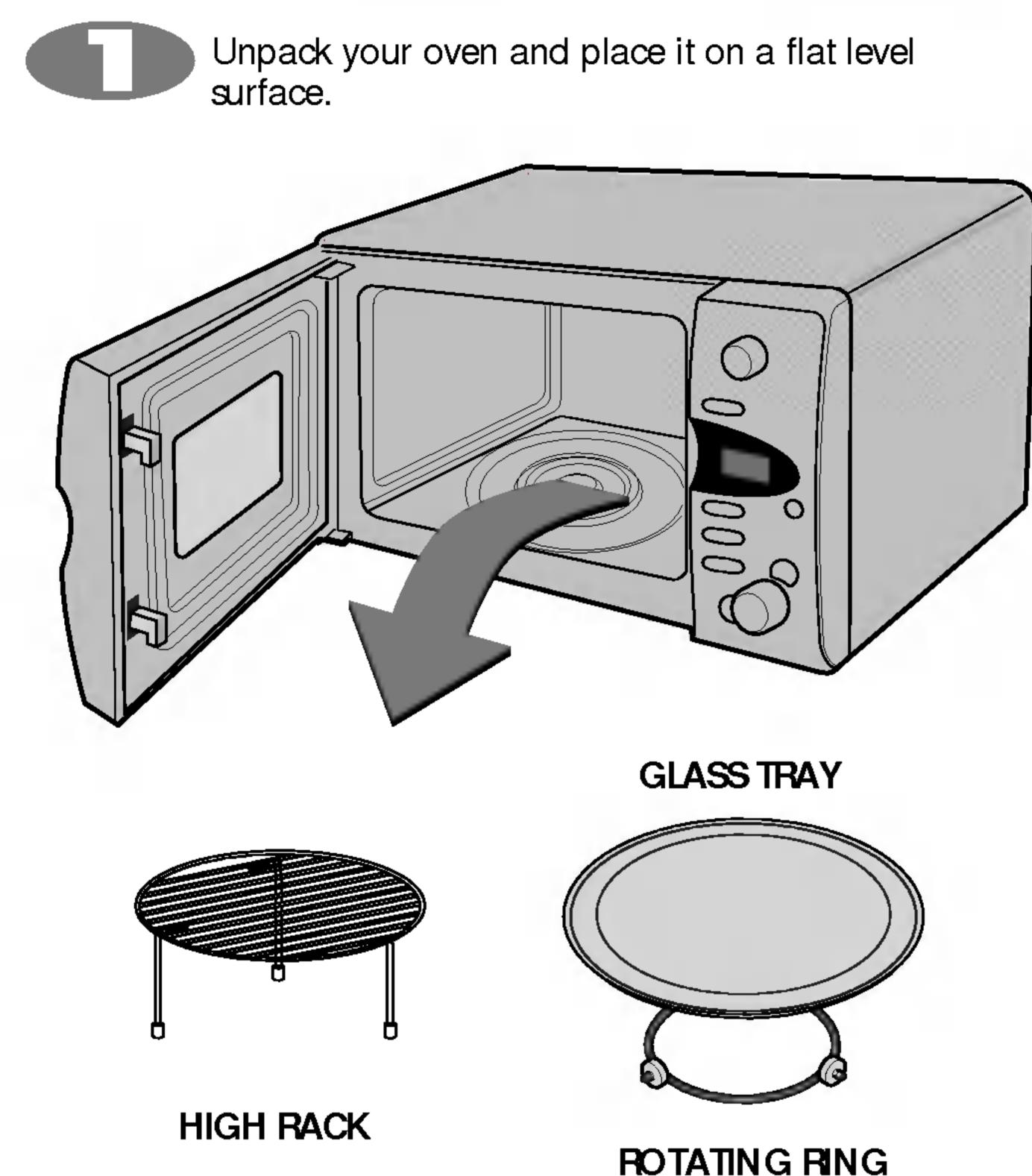
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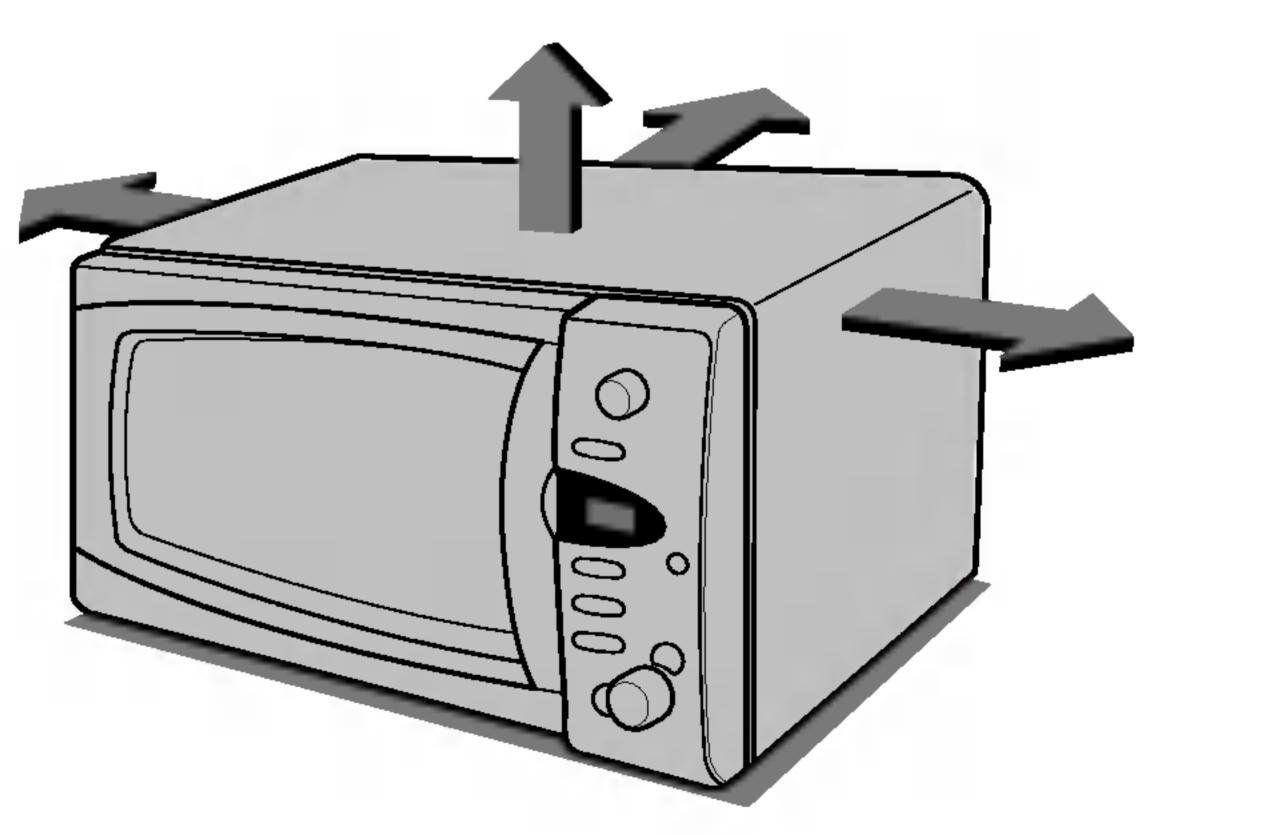
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Unpacking & Installing

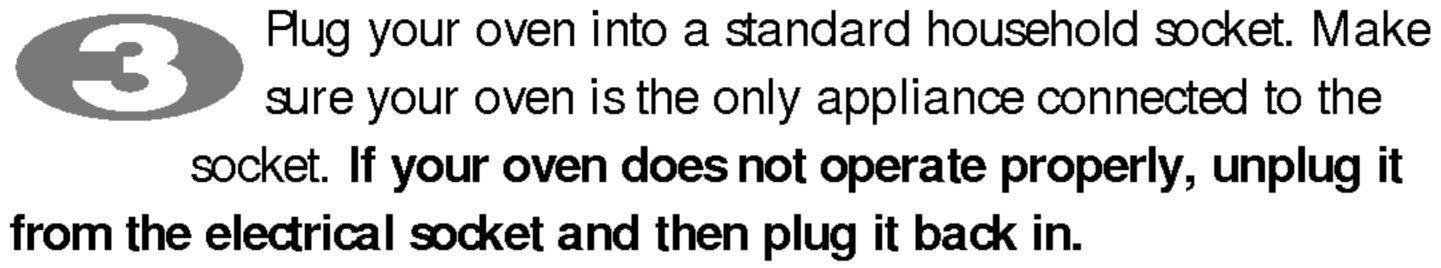
By following the basic steps on these two pages you will be able to quickly check that your oven is operating correctly. Please pay particular attention to the guidance on where to install your oven. When unpacking your oven make sure you remove all accessories and packing. Check to make sure that your oven has not been damaged during delivery.



Place the oven in the level location of your choice with more than 85cm height but make sure there is at least 30cm of space on the top and 10cm at the rear for proper ventilation. The front of the oven should be at least 8cm from the edge of the surface to prevent tipping. An exhaust outlet is located on top or side of the oven. Blocking the outlet can damage the oven.



THIS OVEN SHOULD NOT BE USED FOR COMMERCIAL CATERING PURPOSES





Open your oven door by pulling the **DOORHANDLE** Place the **ROTATING RING** inside the oven and place the GLASS TRAY on top.

Fill a microwave safe container with 300 ml (1/2 pint) of water. Place on the GLASS TRAY and close the oven door. If you have any doubts about what type of container to use please refer to page 25.



Press the STOP/ CLEAR button, and press the **START** button one time to set 30 seconds of cooking time.

The **DISPLAY** will count down from 30 seconds. When it reaches 0 it will sound BEEPS. Open the oven door and test the temperature of the water. If your oven is operating the water should be warm. Be careful when removing the container it may be hot.



YOUR OVEN IS NOW INSTALLED

The contents of feeding bottles and baby food jars shall be stirred or shaken and the temperature checked before consumption, in order to avoid burns.



Setting the Clock

You can set either 12 hour clock or 24 hour dock. In the following example I will show you how to set the time for 14:35 when using the 24 dock. Make sure that you have removed all packaging from your oven.



When your oven is plugged in for the first time or when power resumes after a power cut, a '0' will be shown in the display; you will have to reset the dock.

If the clock (or display) shows any strange looking symbols, unplug your oven from the electrical socket and plug it back in and reset the dock.

Make sure that you have correctly installed your oven as described earlier in this book

Press STOP/ CLEAR

Press CLOCK once.

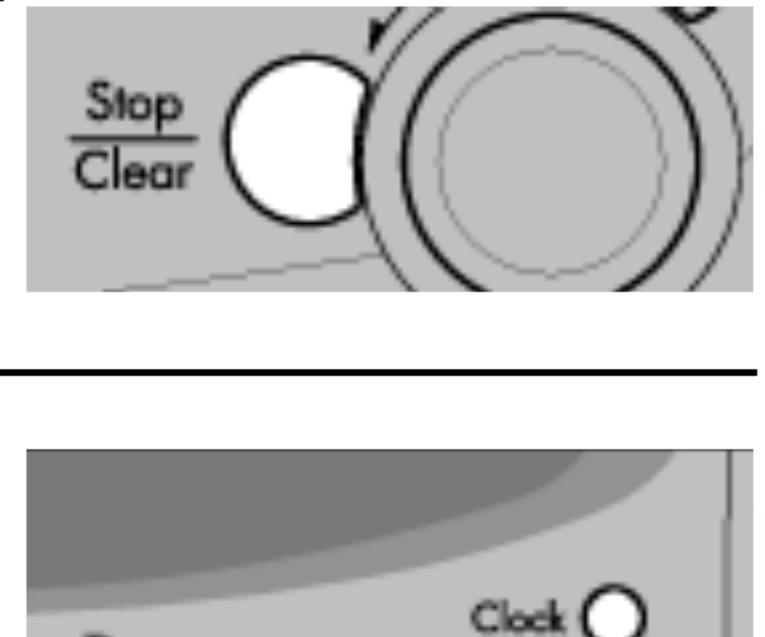
(If you want to use 12 hour clock, Press CLOCK once more. If you want to change different option after setting clock, you have to unplug and plug it back in.)

Turn **DIAL** until display shows "14: ".

Press CLOCK for hour confirmation.

Turn **DIAL** until display shows "14:35".

Press CLOCK. The dock starts counting.



en Timer





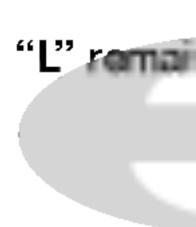


Your oven has a safety feature that prevents accidental running of the oven. Once the child lock is set, you will be unable to use any functions and no cooking can take place.

However your child can still open the oven door.

BEEP sounds.

The time will disappear on the display if you have set the clock.



To cancel CHILD LOCK press and hold STOP/ CLEAR until "L" disappears. You will hear EEEP when it's released.

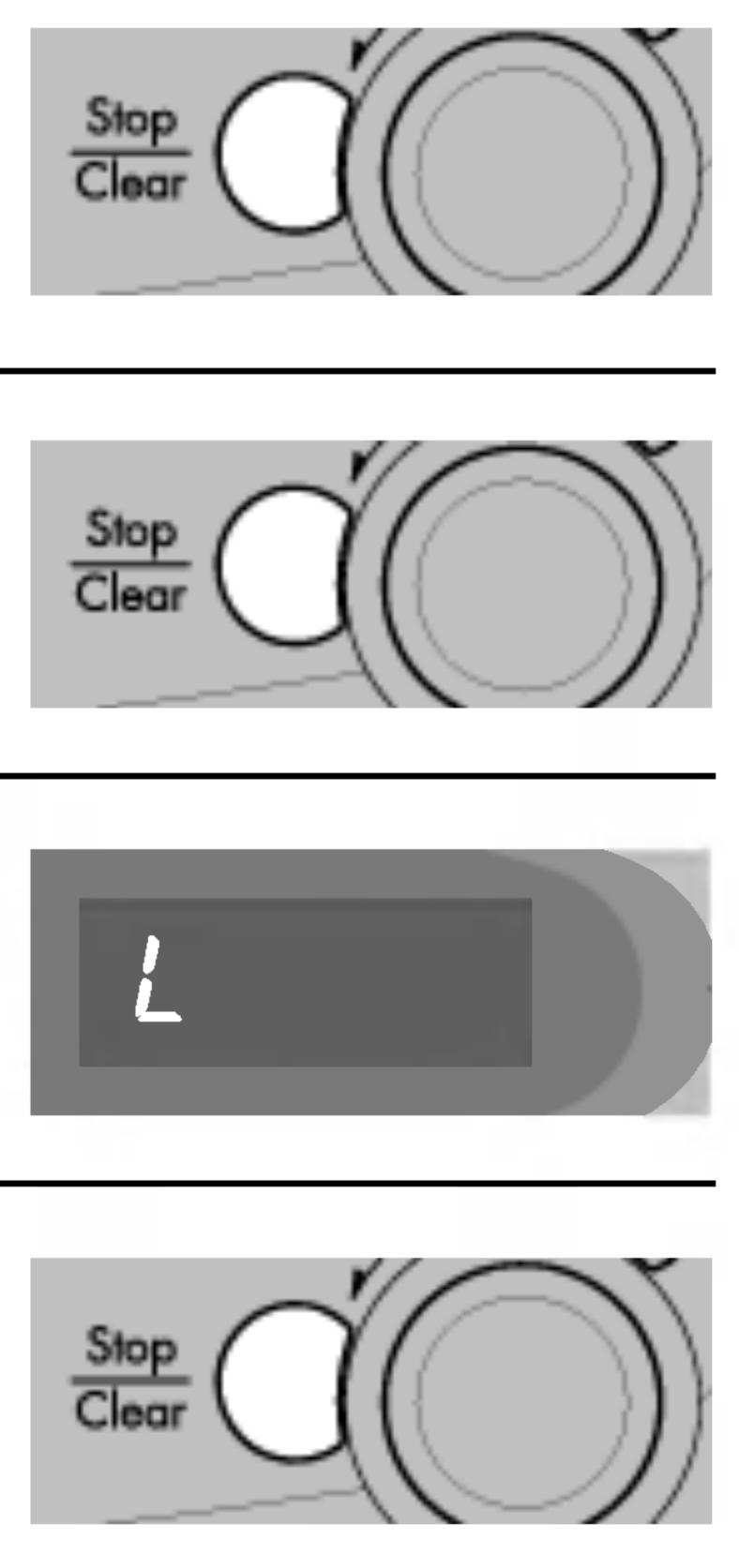


Press and hold STOP/ CLEAR until "L" appears on the display and

The CHILD LOCK is now set.

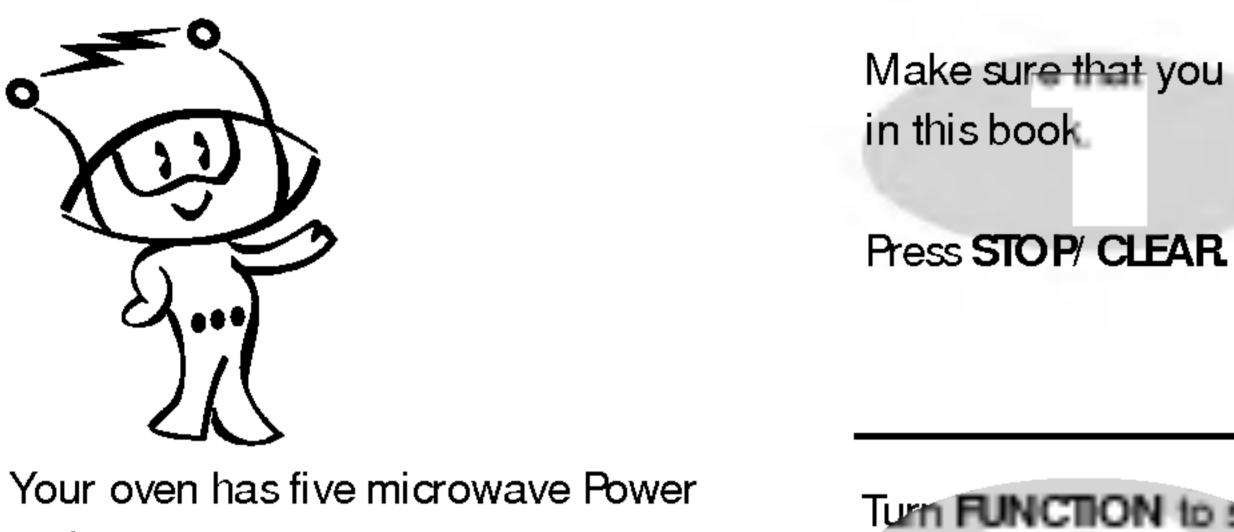
"L" remains on the display to let you know that CHILD LOCK is set.

Child Lock



Micro Power Cooking

In the following example I will show you how to cook some food on 80% power for 5 minutes and 30 seconds.

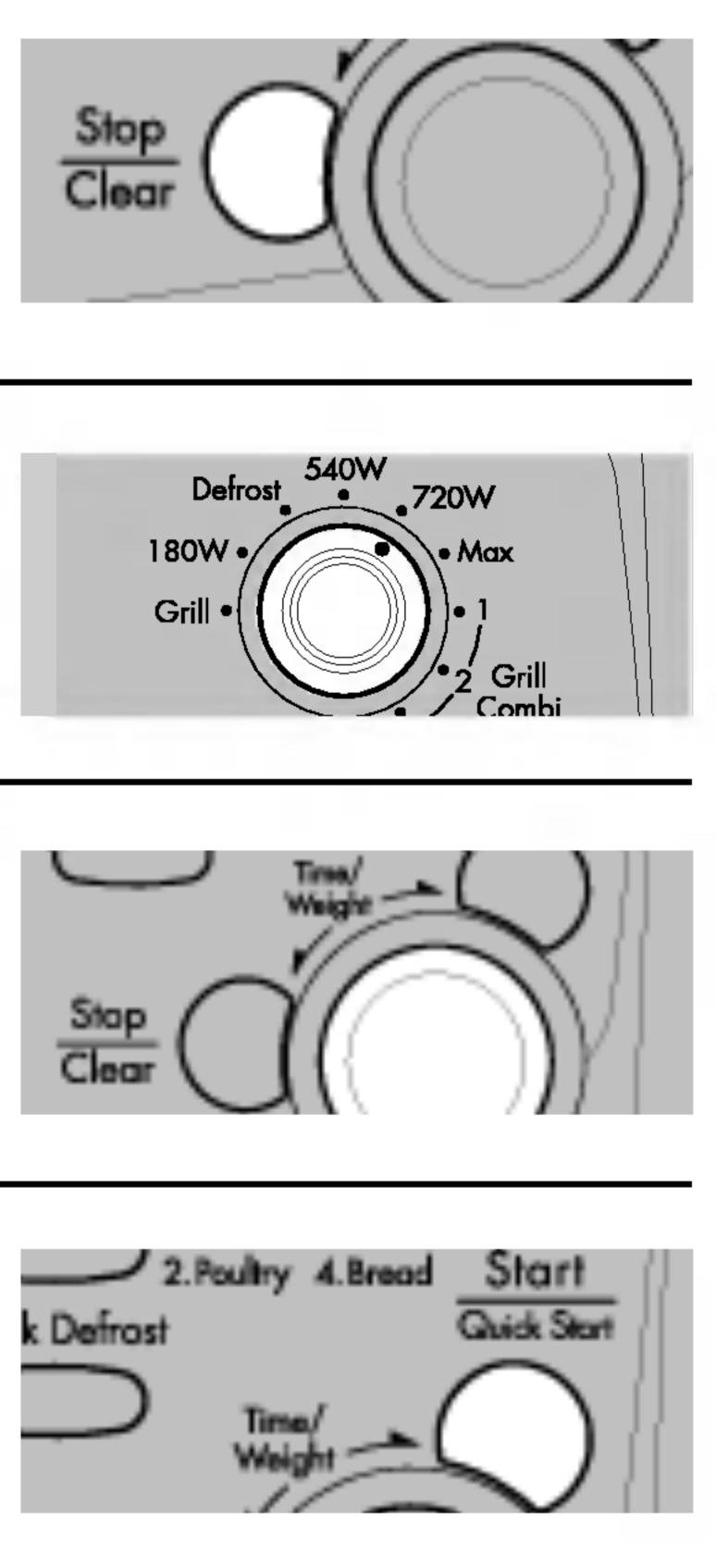


settings.

Power	%	Power Output	
High Max	100%	900W(Max)	Turn DIAL
Medium High	80%	720W	
Medium	60%	540W	
Deffost Medium low	40%	360W(38)	Press STA

Make sure that you have correctly installed your oven as described earlier

CTION to select the 80%(720W).	
until display shows "5:30".	
RT	



Your microwave oven is equipped with 5 power levels to give you maximum flexibility and control over cooking. The table below shows the examples of food and their recommended cooking power levels for use with this microwave oven.

POWERLEVEL	USE	POWERLEVEL (%)	POWER
HIGH	 * Boil Water * Brown minced beef * Cook poultry pieces, fish, vegetables * Cook tender cuts of meat 	100%	900W(
MEDIUM HIGH	* All reheating * Roast meat and poultry * Cook mushrooms and shellfish * Cook foods containing cheese and eggs	80%	720
MEDIUM	* Bake cakes and scones * Prepare eggs * Cook custard * Prepare rice, soup	60%	540
DEFROST/ MEDIUM LOW	* All thawing * Melt butter and chocolate * Cook less tender cuts of meat	40%	360W(
LOW	* Soften butter & cheese * Soften ice cream * Raise yeast dough	20%	180



OUTPUT

V(Max)



wo

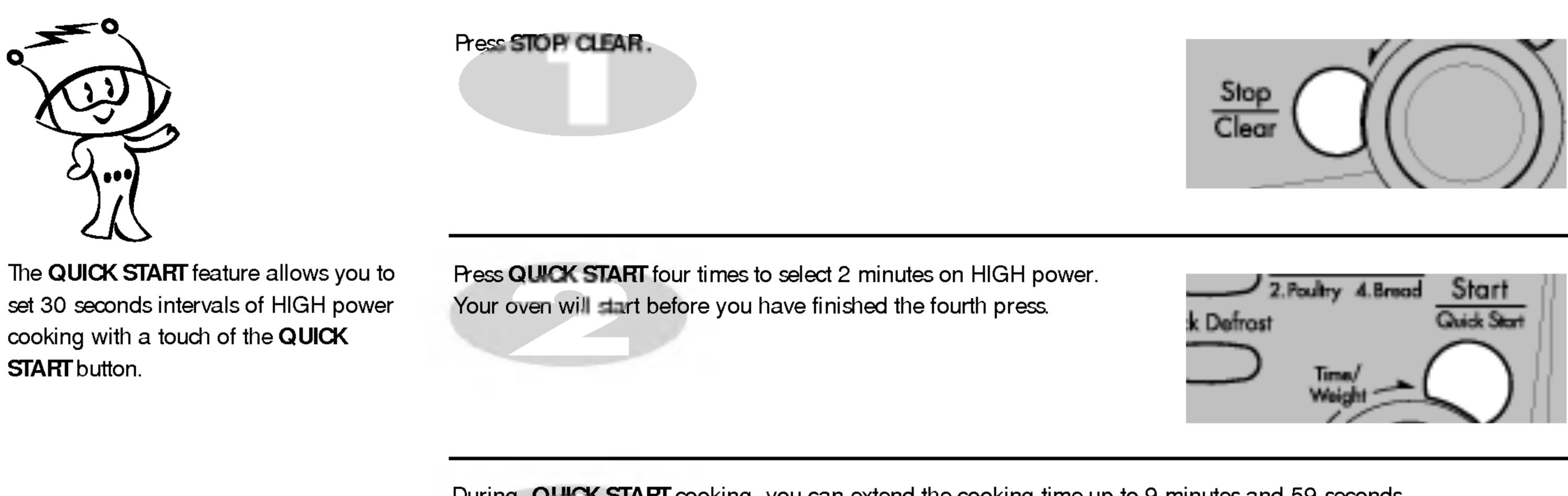
W0

N(🎎)

WO



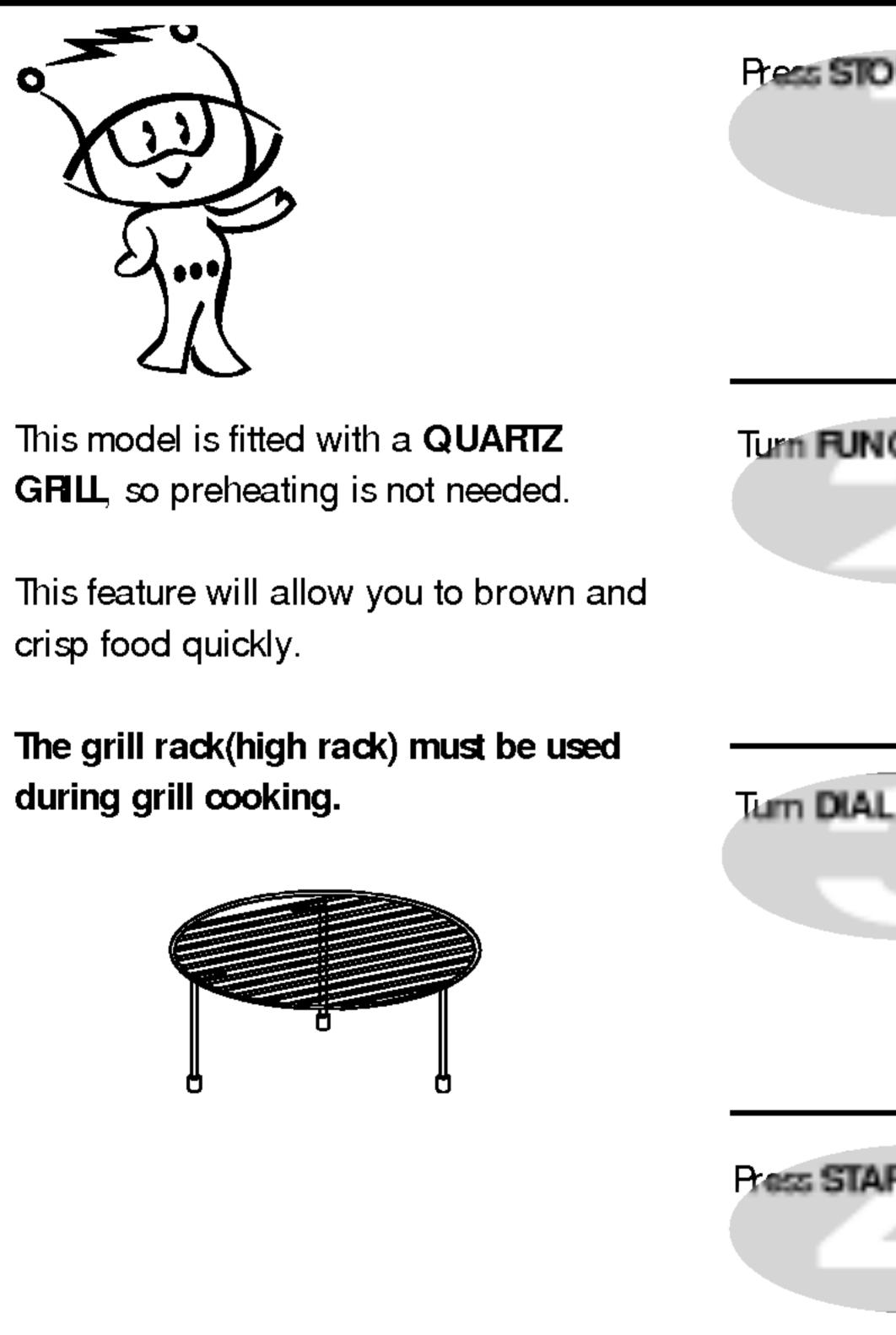




During OUICK START cooking, you can extend the cooking time up to 9 minutes and 59 seconds by repeatedly pressing the QUICK START button.

In the following example I will show you how to set 2 minutes of cooking on high power.

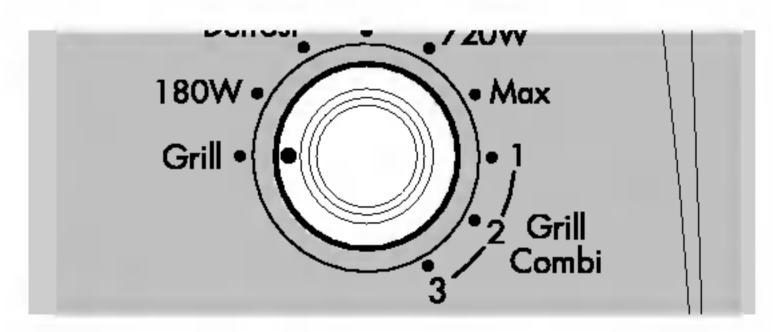
In the following example I will show you how to use the grill to cook some food for 12 minutes and 30 seconds.

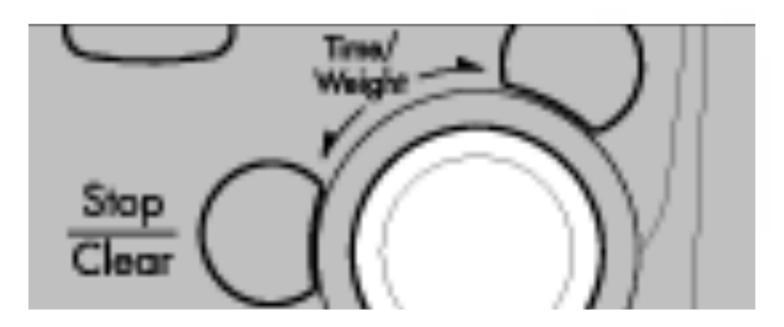


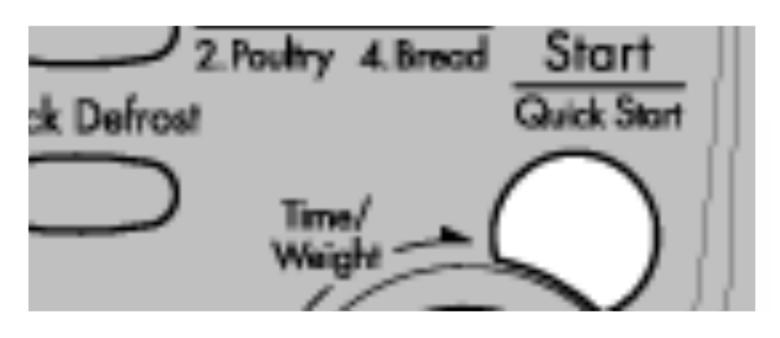
OF CLEAR	
CTION to select the grill mode.	
until display shows "12:30".	
RT.	











Combination Cooking

In the following example I will show you how to programme your oven with micro power 20% and combi for a cooking time of 25 minutes.



Your oven has a combination cooking feature which allows you to cook food with **heater** and **microwave** at the same time or alternately. This generally means it takes less time to cook your food.

You can set two kinds of micro power level(20%, 40% and 60%) in combi mode.

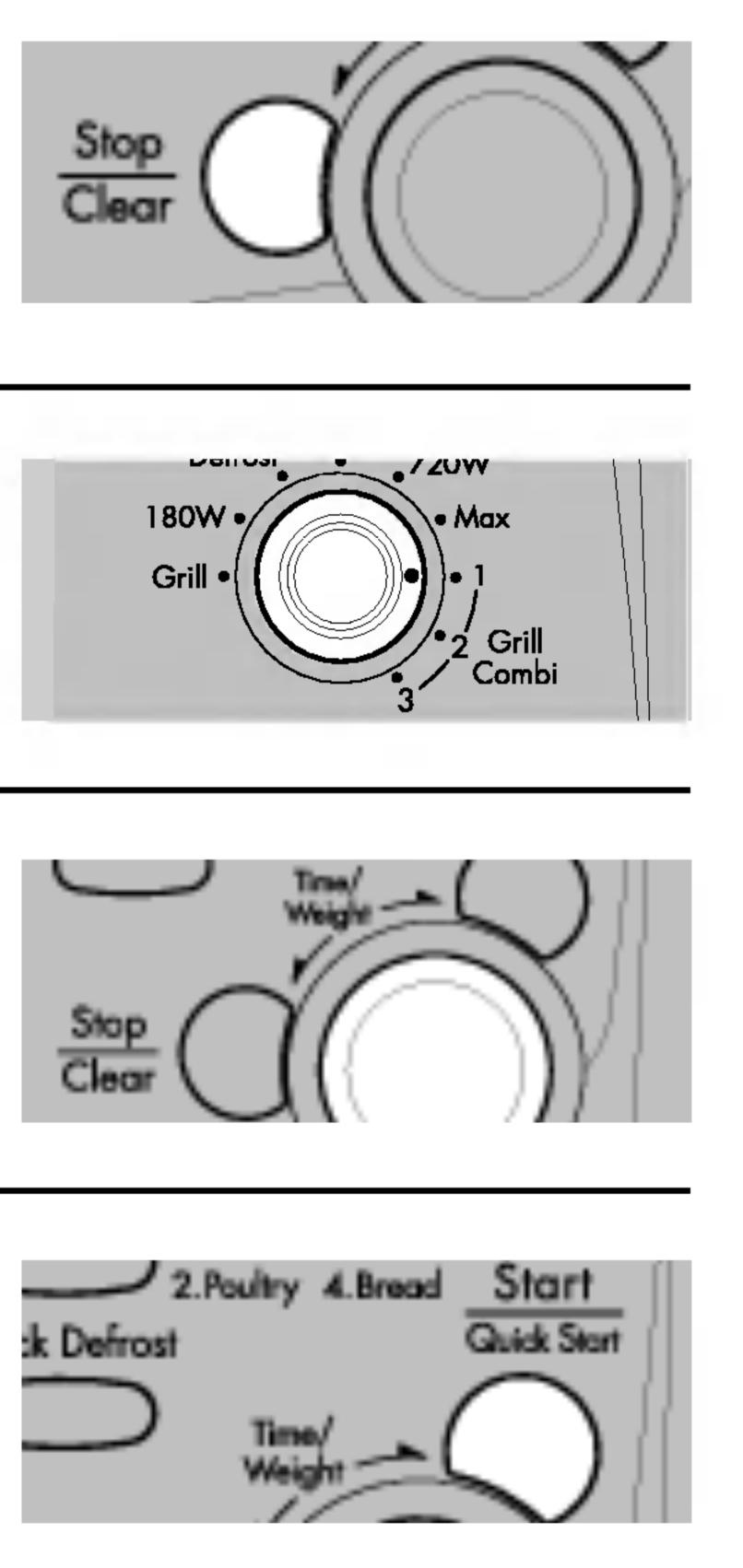
Category	Microwave Power(%)
Co-1	20
Co-2	40
Co-3	60



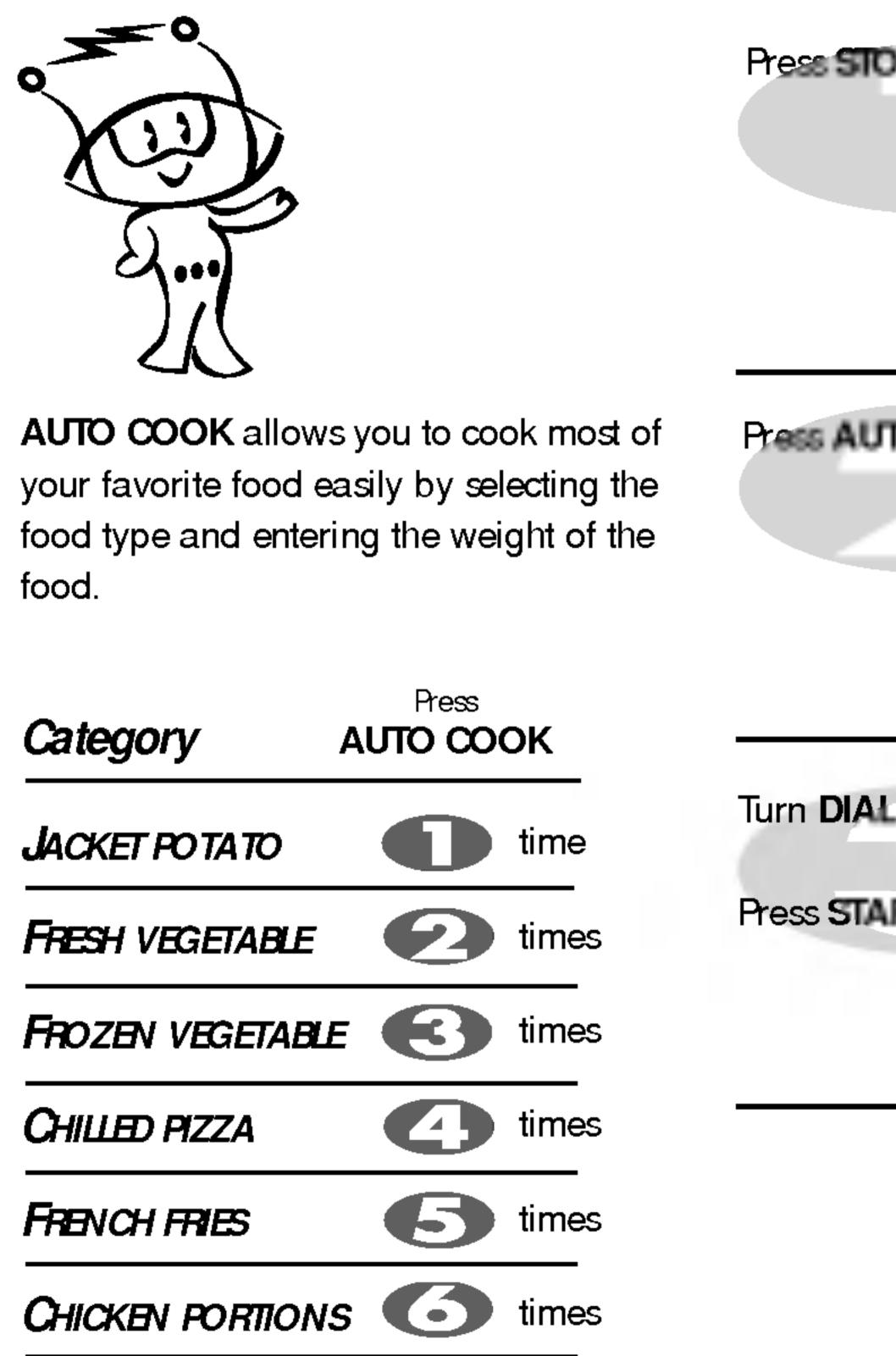
Press STAR

Be caretul

Press STOP CLEAR	
Turn FUNCTION to select the combi Co-1 mode.	
Turn DIAL until display shows "25:00".	
Press START. Be caretul when removing your food because the container will be h	ot!



In the following example I will show you how to cook 0.6kg of fresh vegetable.

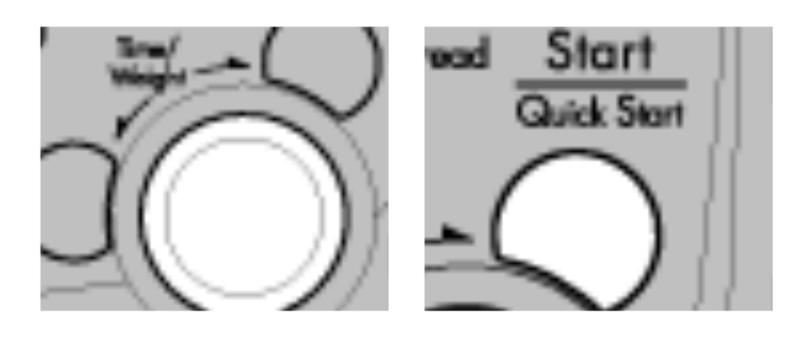


OP'CLEAR.
TO COOK twice to select Fresh vegetable.
until display shows "0.6".

Auto Cook







	-			
FOOD CATEGORY	FOOD TEMP.	UTENSILS	WEGHT UMIT	INS
1. JACKET POTATO	Room temp.	Glass tray	0.1 kg ~ 1.0 kg	Wash, dry and prick potato with Race the potato with three pieces tray. After Cooking, stand covere
2. Fresh vegetable	Room temp.	Microwave- safe bowl	0.2 kg ~ 0.8 kg	Face vegetables in a microwave- Cover with wrap. After cooking, Add amount of water according t ** 0.2kg - 0.4kg : 2 Tablespoor ** 0.5kg - 0.8kg : 4 Tablespoor
3. Frozen vegetable	Frozen	Microwave- safe bowl	0.2 kg ~ 0.8 kg	Face vegetables in a microwave- Cover with wrap. After cooking, Add amount of water according t ** 0.2kg - 0.4kg : 2 Tablespoor ** 0.5kg - 0.8kg : 4 Tablespoor
4. CHILLED PIZZA	Refrigerated	High rack	0.2 kg ~ 0.4 kg	This function is for reheating leftov pizza on the high rack over the g After cooking, take food out imme
5. FRENCH FRIES	Frozen	High rack	0.2 kg ~ 0.4 kg	Spread frozen potato products o high rack over the glass tray. For the best results, cook in a sing from the oven and stand for 1~2
6. CHICKEN PORTIONS	Pefrigerated	High rack	0.2 kg ~ 0.8 kg	Wash and dry skin. Brush the ch margarine or butter. Race on th And then put a suitable sized dis high rack. When BEEP, turn foo cooking. After cooking, stand co

ISTRUCTIONS

h a fork several times. es of paper towel in the centre of the glass red with foil 5 minutes.

e-safe bowl. Add water. g, stir and allow to stand for 2 minutes. g to the quantity. on on

e-safe bowl. Add water. g, stir and allow to stand for 2 minutes. g to the quantity. on on

tover chilled pizza. Place chilled glass tray. mediately. Stand for 2~3 minutes.

out on the heat-proof plate on the

ngle layer. After cooking, remove 2 minutes.

chicken legs with melted the high rack over the glass tray. lish to catch the drips under the od over. And then press start to continue covered with foil for 2-5 minutes.

The temperature and density of food varies, I would recommend that the food is checked before cooking commences. Pay particular attention to large joints of meat and chicken, some foods should not be completely thawed before cooking. The BREAD programme is suitable for defrosting small items such as rolls or a small loaf. These will require a standing time to allow the centre to thaw. In the following example I will show you how to defrost 1.4 Kg of frozen poultry.

))		Press STOF Weight the metallic tie oven door.
Your oven has for settings:- MEAT, BREAD; each de	POULTRY,	FISH and	Press ALπ "d⊞2" app
different power a presses of the A will select a diffe		ST button	Enter the w
Category MEAT		T time	Prez STAR
Poultry Fish		times times	
BREAD	4	times	During def ensure eve checking cl Your oven

P/ CLEAR

e food that you are about to defrost. Be certain to remove any es or wraps; then place the food in your oven and dose the

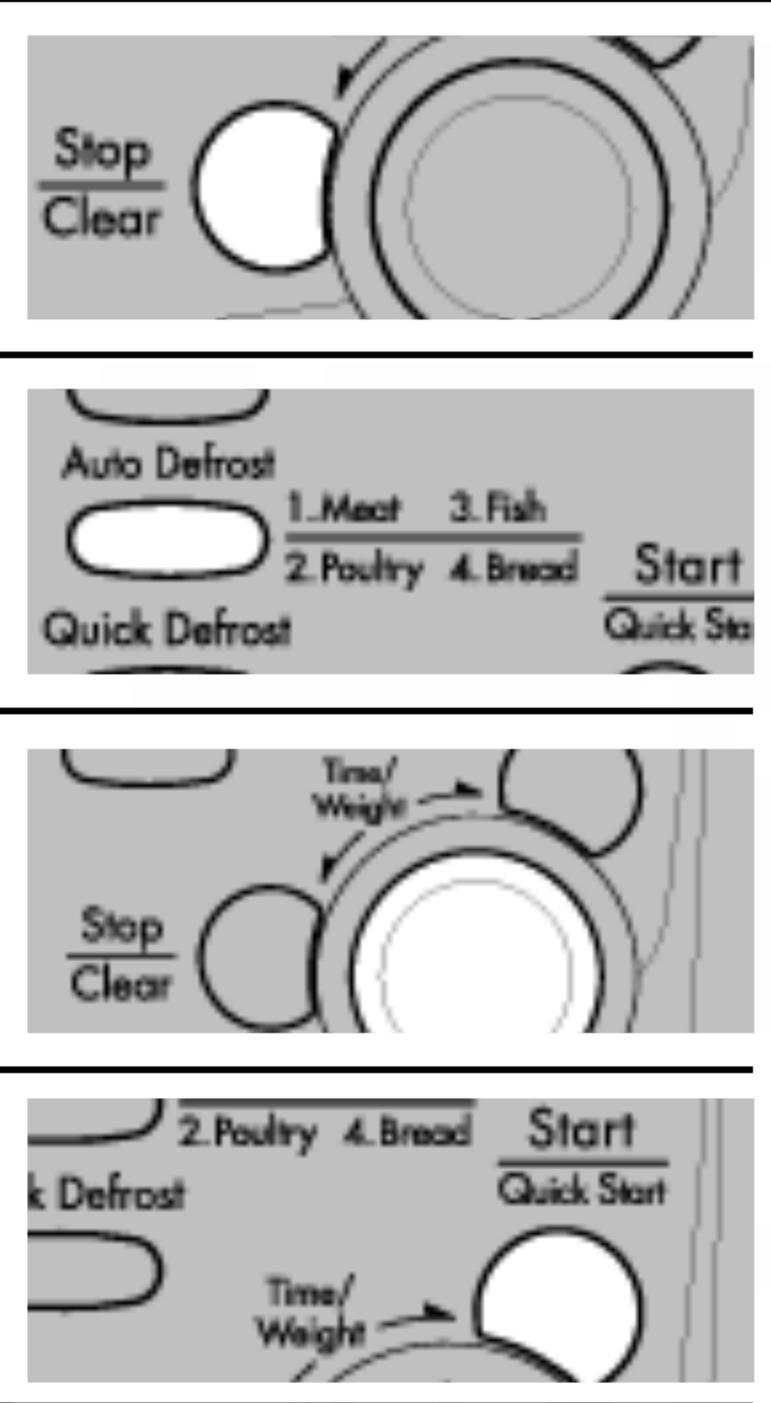
TO DEFROST twice to select the POULTRY defrosting	programme.
ppears on the display window.	

weight of the frozen food that you are about to defrost.

until display shows "1.4".

frosting your oven will "BEEP', at which point open the oven door, turn food over and separate to en thawing. Remove any portions that have thawed or shield them to help slow down thawing. After close the oven door and press START to resume defrosting. Your oven will not stop defrosting (even when the beep sounded) unless the door is opened.





AUTO WEIGHT DEFROST GUIDE

- foil does not touch the oven walls.
- * Separate items like minced meat, chops and bacon as soon as possible. of meat and whole chickens should STAND for a minimum of 1 hour before cooking.

Category	Weight Limit	Utens
Meat	0.1 ~ 4.0 kg	Microwave v
Poultry		(Rat plate
Fish		
Bread	0.1 ~ 0.5 kg	Paper tow or flat pla

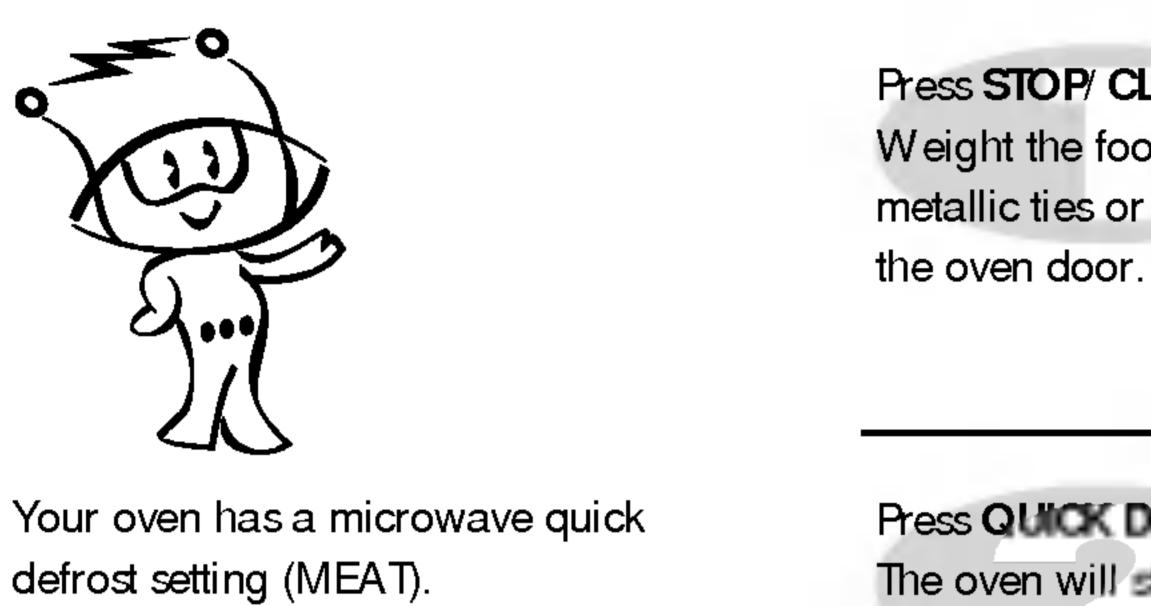
Food to be defrosted should be in a suitable microwave proof container and place uncovered on the glass turntable. * If necessary, shield small areas of meat or poultry with flat pieces of aluminum foil. This will prevent thin areas becoming warm during defrosting. Ensure the

When BEEP, at this point remove the food from the microwave oven, turn the food over and return to the microwave oven. Press start to continue. At the end. of the program, remove the food from the microwave oven, cover with foil and allow to stand until completely thawed. To thaw completely, for example joints

sil	Food
ware e)	Meat Minced beef, Fillet steak, Cubes for stew, Sirloin steak, Ro Lamp chops, Polled roast, Cutlets(2cm)
	Turn food over at beep.
	After defrosting, let stand for 5-15 minutes.
	Poultry Whole chicken, Legs, Breasts, Turkey breasts(under 2.0kg
	Turn food over at beep.
	After defrosting, let stand for 20-30 minutes.
	Fish Fillets, Steaks, Whole fish, Sea foods Turn food over at beep. After defrosting, let stand for 10-20 minutes.
/el .te	Sliced bread, Buns, Baguette, etc.

bt roast, Rump roast, Beef burger,

Use this function to thaw only 0.5kg of Minced meat very quickly. This will require a standing time to allow the center to thaw. In the following example will show you how to defrost 0.5kg of frozen minced meat.



Press STOP/ CLEAR

Weight the food that you are about to defrost. Be certain to remove any metallic ties or wraps; then place the food in your oven and close

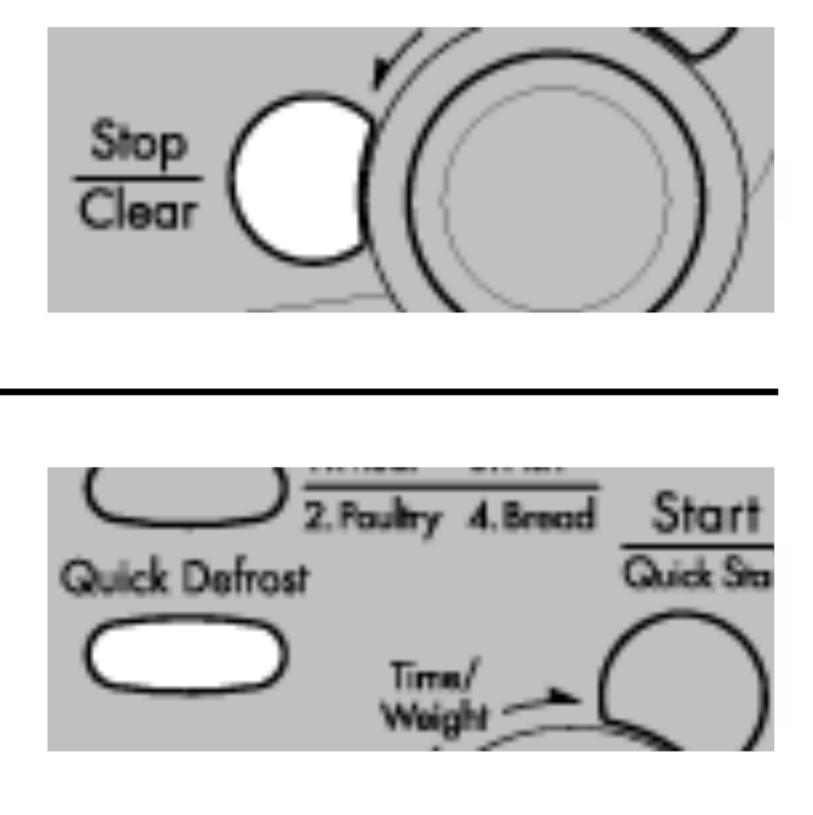
Press QUICK DEFROST.

The oven will start automatically.

During defrosting your oven will "BEEP', at which point open the oven door, turn food over and separate to ensure even thawing. Remove any portions that have thawed or shield them to help slow down thawing. After checking close the oven door and press START to resume defrosting.

Your oven will not stop defrosting (even when the beep sounded) unless the door is opened.





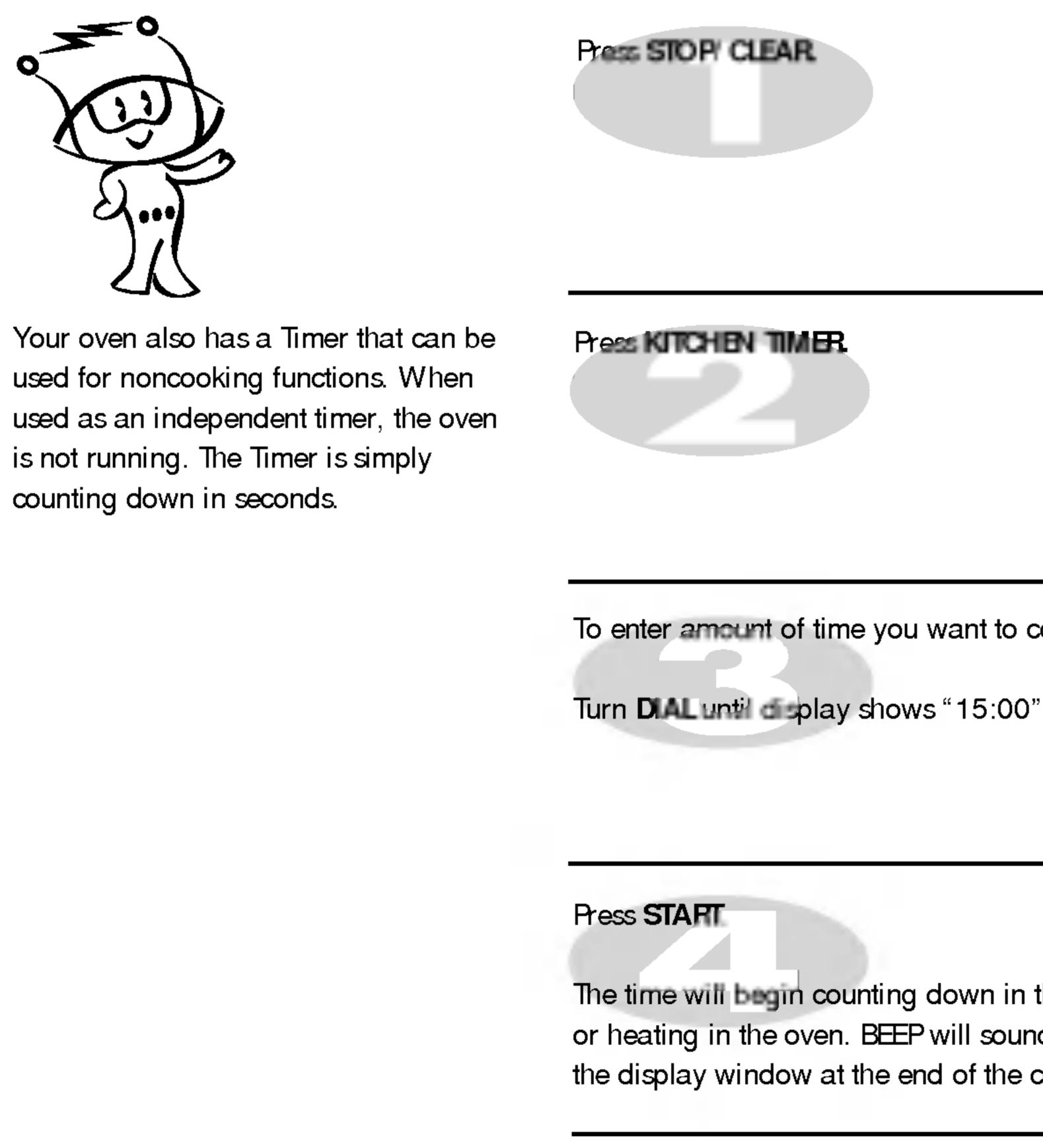
QUICK DEFROST GUIDE

Use this function to defrost quickly for minced meet.

Permove the meat completely from its wrapping. Place the mince onto a microwave-safe plate. When BEEP, at this point remove the mince from the microwave oven, turn the mince over and return to the microwave oven. Press start to continue. At the end of the program remove the mince from the microwave oven, cover with foil and allow to stand 5-15 minutes or until completely thawed.

Category	Weight	Utensil	Instructions
Minœd Meat	0.5kg	Microwave ware (Flat plate)	Minced meat Turn food over at BEEP. After defrosting, let stand for 5-15 minutes.

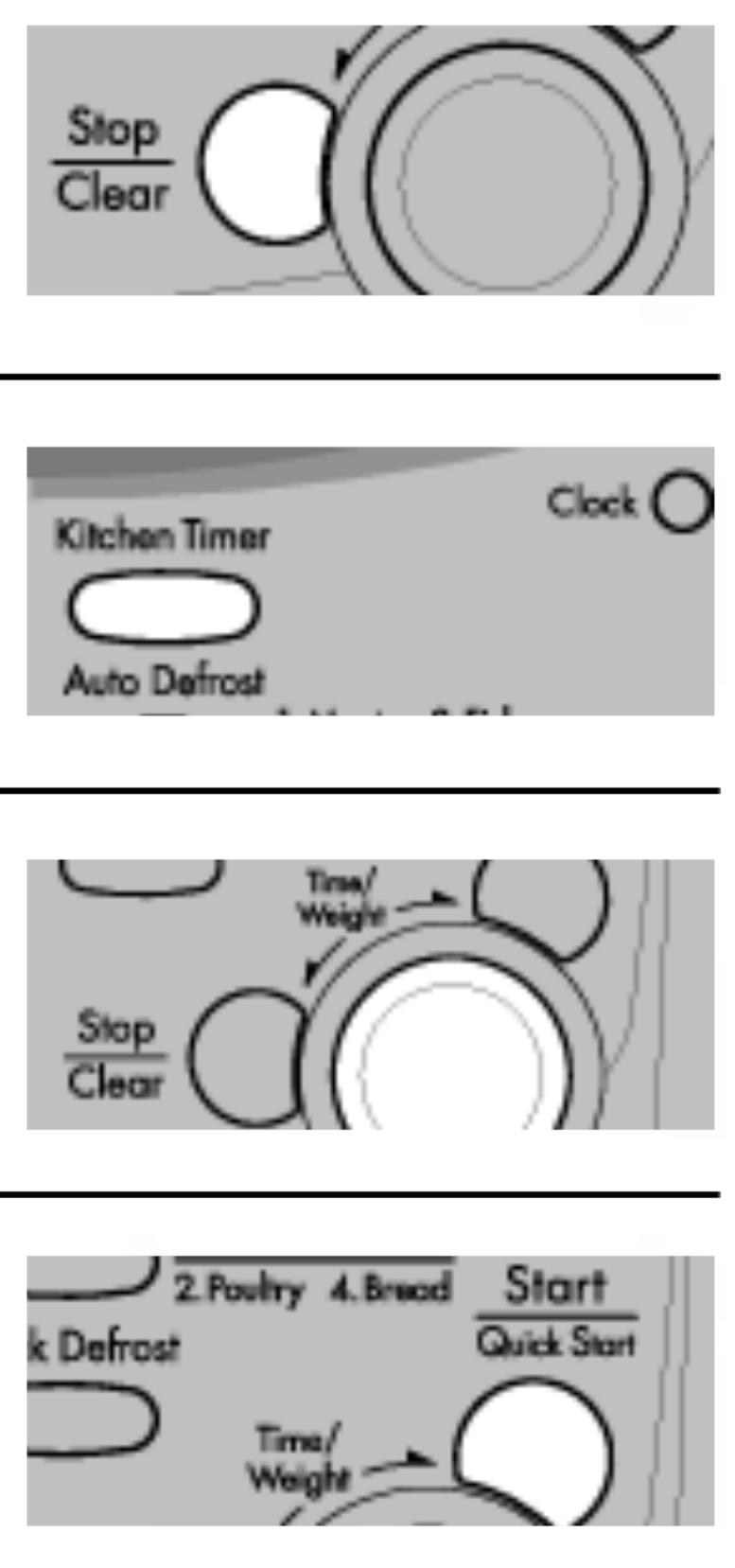
In the following example I will show you how to set the timer for 15 minutes.



To enter amount of time you want to count down.

The time will begin counting down in the display window with no cooking or heating in the oven. BEEP will sound and the word "End" will show in the display window at the end of the countdown period.





Heating or Reheating Guide

ltem	Cook time (at HIGH)	Special Instructions Item	Cook time (at HIGH)	
Sliced meat	1~2 minutes	Race sliced meat on microwavable plate. Mashed potatoes		000
3 slices		Cover with plastic wrap and vent. 1 cup	2 ¹ /2~3 ¹ /2 minutes	Stir o
(0.5cm thick)		Note: Gravy or sauce helps to keep meat juicy. 4 cups	6~9 minutes	
Chicken pieces		Baked beans		
1 breast	2~3 minutes	Race chicken pieces on microwavable plate. 1 cup	1 ¹ /2~3 minutes	$ \infty 0$
1 leg and thigh	3~3 ¹ /2 minutes	Cover with plastic wrap and vent.		Stir o
Fish fillet	1~2 minutes	Race fish on microwavable plate.	ce	
(170-230g)		Cover with plastic wrap and vent.	2 ¹ /2~4 minutes	$ \infty 0$
		4 cups	7 ¹ /2~11 minutes	Stir o
Lasagne	4~6 minutes	Race lasagne on microwavable plate.		
1 serving(300g)		Cover with plastic wrap and vent.		
On annual a		1 cup	$1 \sim 1^{1/2}$ minutes	
Casserole		COOK covered in microwavable casserole dish. 4 cups	3 ¹ /2~5 minutes	Sar of
1 cup 4 cups		Sandwich roll or bu	n	
4 cups		1 roll	15~30 seconds	Wrap
Casserole				
cream or cheese		Vegetables		
1 cup	$1 \sim 2^{1/2}$ minutes	COOK covered in microwavable casserole dish. 1 cup	1 ¹ /2~2 ¹ /2 minutes	
4 cups	3 ¹ /2~6 minutes	Stir once halfway through cooking. 4 cups	3 ¹ /2~5 ¹ /2 minutes	Stir o
Soppy Joe or		Soup		
Barbecued beef	$1 \sim 2^{1/2}$ minutes	Reheat filling and bun separately. 1 serving (8 oz.)	1 ¹ /2~2 minutes	$ \infty 0$
1 sandwich		COOK covered in microwavable casserole dish.		Stir o
(1/2 cup meat filling)		Stir once. Heat bun as directed in chart below.		
without bun				

To heat or reheat successfully in the microwave, it is important to follow several guidelines. Measure the amount of food in order to determine the time needed to reheat. Arrange the food in a circular pattern for best results. Poom temperature food will heat faster than refrigerated food. Canned foods should be taken out of the can and placed in a microwavable container. The food will be heated more evenly if covered with a microwavable lid or vented plastic wrap. Pernove cover carefully to prevent steam burns. Use the following chart as a guide for reheating cooked food.

Special Instructions

OK covered in microwavable casserole dish. once halfway through cooking.

OK covered in microwavable casserole dish. once halfway through cooking.

OK covered in microwavable casserole dish. once halfway through cooking.

OK covered in microwavable casserole dish. once halfway through cooking.

ap in paper towel and place on glass tray.

OK covered in microwavable casserole dish. once halfway through cooking.

OK covered in microwavable casserole dish. once halfway through cooking.

Vegetable	Amount	<i>Cook time (at HIGH)</i>	lingtruction o	Standing Time	Vegetable	Amount	<i>Cook time (at HIGH)</i>	Instructions	Standing Time
Artichokes (230g each)	2 medium 4 medium		Trim. Add 2 tsp water and 2 tsp juice. Cover.	2~3 minutes	Corn, Fresh	2 ears	4~8	Husk. Add 2 tbsp water in 1.5 litre baking dish. Cover.	2~3 minutes
Asparagus, Fresh, Spears	450g	2 ¹ /2~6	Add 1 cup water. Cover.	2~3 minutes	Mushrooms, Fresh, Siced	230g	1 ¹ /2~2 ¹ /2	Race mushrooms in 1.5 litre covered casserole dish. Stir halfway through cooking.	2~3 minutes
Green Beans	450g	7~11	Add ¹ /2 cup water in 1.5 litre casserole dish. Stir halfway through cooking.	2~3 minutes	Parsnips, Fresh, Sliced	450g	4~7	Add ¹ / 2 cup water in 1.5 litre covered casserole dish. Stir halfway through	2~3 minutes
Beats, Fresh	450g	11 ~ 16	Add ¹ /2 cup water in 1.5 litre covered casserole dish. Rearrange halfway through cooking.	2~3 minutes	Peas, Green, Fresh	4 cups	6~9	cooking. Add 1/2 cup water in 1.5 litre covered casserole dish. Stir halfway through	2~3 minutes
Broccoli, Fresh, Spears	450g	5~8	Race broccoli in baking dish. Add ¹ / 2 cup water.	2~3 minutes		2 medium		cooking. Rerce potatoes several times with fork.	2~3 minutes
Cabbage, Fresh, Chopped	450g	5 ¹ /2~7 ¹ /2	casserole dish. Stir halfway through	2~3 minutes	Whole Baking (170~230g each)			Race on 2 paper towels. Turn over halfway through cooking.	2 - 2 minutos
Carrots, Fresh,	200g	2~3	Add ¹ /4 cup water in 1.5 litre covered	2~3 minutes	· · · · · ·	4 potatoes	5 ¹ /2 ~ 7 ¹ /2 9 ¹ /2 ~ 14		∠~3 minutes
Sliced			casserole dish. Stir halfway through cooking.		Spinach, Fresh, Leaf	450g	4 ¹ /2 ~ 7 ¹ /2	Add ¹ /2 cup water in 2 litre covered casserole dish.	2~3 minutes
Cauliflower, Fresh, Whole	450g	5~7	Trim. Add 1/4 cup water in 1.5 litre covered casserole dish. Stir halfway through cooking.	2~3 minutes	Courgette, Fresh, Sliced	450g	4 ¹ /2 ~ 7 ¹ /2	1	2~3 minutes
Fresh, Howerettes Celery, Fresh, Sliced	2 cups 4 cups	11 ~ 16	Sice. Add ¹ / 2 cup water in 1.5 litre covered casserole dish. Stir halfway through cooking.	2~3 minutes	Courgette, Fresh, Whole	450g	6~9	Rerce. Race on 2 paper towels. Turn courgette over and rearrange halfway through cooking.	2~3 minutes

Fresh Vegetable Guide

Grill Cooking Guide

Directions for grilling meat on grill

- Trim excess fat from meat. Cut fat, making sure you do not cut into the lean. (This will stop the fat curling.)
- Arrange on the rack. Brush with melted butter or oil.
- Halfway through, turn the meat over.

ltem	Weight	Approx. cooking time (in minutes)
Beefburgers	50g x 2 100g x 2	13-16 19-23
Beefsteaks (2.5cm (1") thick) Rare Medium Well	230g x 2 230g x 2 230g x 2	18-20 22-24 26-28
Lamb chops (2.5cm (1") thick)	230g x 2	25-32

Directions for grilling fish and seafood

Race fish and seafood on the rack. Whole fish should be scored diagonally on both sides before grilling. Brush fish and seafood with melted butter, margarine or oil before and during cooking. This helps stop the fish drying out. Grill for times recommended in the chart. Whole fish and fish steaks should be carefully turned over halfway through grilling time. If desired thick fillets can also be turned halfway.

Hints

Baste with oil or melted butter. Thin items should be placed on the grill rack. Thick items can be placed on to a drip tray. Turn food over after half the cooking time.

Turn frequently.

ltem	Weight	Approx. cooking time (in minutes)	Hints
Fish fillets 1 cm (¹ / 2") thick 1.5cm (¹ / 2") thick	230g 230g	17-21 20-24	Brush with melted butter and turn over halfway through cooking.
Fish steaks 2.5 cm (1") thick	230g	24-28	
Whole fish	225-350g each 450g	16-20 24-28	Allow extra time for thick and oily fish.
Scallops Prawns uncooked	450g 450g	16-20 16-20	Baste well during cooking.

WARNING

Please ensure cooking times are correctly set as over cooking may result in FIRE and subsequent DAMAGE to the OVEN.

- Do not attempt to tamper with, or make any adjustments or repairs to the door, control panel, safety interlock switches or any other part of the oven. It is hazardous for anyone to carry out any service or repair operation which involves the removal of any cover which gives protection against exposure to microwave energy. Repairs should only be undertaken by a qualified service technician.
- 2 Do not operate the oven when empty. It is best to leave a glass of water in the oven when not in use. The water will safely absorb all microwave energy, if the oven is accidentally started.
- 3 Do not dry dothes in the microwave oven, which may become carbonized or burned if heated too long.
- 4 Do not cook food wrapped in paper towels, unless your cook book contains instructions, for the food you are cooking.
- 5 Do not use newspaper in place of paper towels for cooking.
- 6 Do not use wooden containers. They may heat-up and char. Do not use ceramic containers which have metallic (e.g. gold or silver) inlays. Always remove metal twist ties. Metal objects in the oven may arc, which can cause serious damage.
- 7 Do not operate the oven with a kitchen towel, a napkin or any other obstruction between the door and the front edges of the oven, which may cause microwave energy leakage.
- 8 Do not use recycled paper products since they may contain impurities which may cause sparks and/ or fires when used in cooking.
- 9 Do not rinse the turntable by placing it in water just after cooking. This may cause breakage or damage.
- 10 Small amounts of food require shorter cooking or heating time. If normal times are allowed they may overheat and burn.
- 11 Be certain to place the oven so the front of the door is 8 cm or more behind the edge of the surface on which it is placed, to avoid accidental tipping of the appliance.

Important safety instructions

Read carefully and keep for future reference

- 12 Before cooking, pierce the skin of potatoes, apples or any such fruit or vegetable.
- 13 Do not cook eggs in their shell. Pressure will build up inside the egg which will burst.
- 14 Do not attempt deep fat frying in your oven.
- 15 for heating or cooking.
- 16 If the oven door or door seals are damaged, the oven must not be
- 17 If smoke is observed, switch off or disconnect the oven from the power supply and keep the oven door dosed in order to stifle any flames.
- 18 When food is heated or cooked in disposable containers of plastic, the possibility of the food container is deteriorating.
- 19 Only allow children to use the oven without supervision when adequate safe way and understands the hazards of improper use.
- are liable to explode.
- 21 Do not operate the oven, if the door seals and adjacent parts of the microwave oven are faulty, until the oven has been repaired by a qualified service technician.
- 22 Check the utensils are suitable for use in microwave ovens before use.
- 23 Do not touch the oven door, outer cabinet, rear cabinet, oven cavity, accessories and dishes during grill mode and auto cook operations, make sure they are not hot.

Remove the plastic wrapping from food before cooking or defrosting. Note though that in some cases food should be covered with plastic film,

operated until it has been repaired by a qualified service technician. paper or other combustible materials, check the oven frequently due to

instructions have been given so that the child is able to use the oven in a

20 Liquids or other foods must not be heated in sealed containers since they

unless wearing thick oven gloves, as they will become hot. Before clearing

Important safety instructions Read carefully and keep for future reference

- 24 Only use utensils that are suitable for use in microwave ovens.
- When heating food in plastic or paper containers, keep an eye on the 25 oven due to the possibility of ignition.
- 26 If smoke is observed, switch off or unplug the appliance and keep the door dosed in order to stifle any flames.
- 27 Microwave heating of beverages can result in delayed eruptive boiling, therefore care must be taken when handing the container.
- The contents of feeding bottles and baby food jars shall be stirred or 28 shaken and the temperature checked before consumption, in order to avoid burns.
- 29 Eggs in their shell and whole hard-boiled eggs should not be heated in microwave ovens since they may explode, even after microwave heating has ended.
- 30 Details for cleaning door seals, cavities and adjacent parts.
- 31 The oven should be cleaned regularly and any food deposits removed.
- 32 Failure to maintain the oven in a dean condition could lead to deterioration of the surface that could adversely affect the life of the appliance and possibly result in a hazardous situation.

- 33 Only use the temperature probe recommended for this oven
- oven.
- The appliance is not intended for use by young children or infirm 35 persons without supervision.
- **WARNING**: If the door or door seals are damaged, the oven must not be
- microwave energy.
- WARNING: Liquids and other foods must not be heated in sealed containers since they are liable to explode.
- improper use.

(for appliances having a facility to use a temperature-sensing probe).

34 If heating elements are provided, during use the appliance becomes hot. Care should be taken to avoid touching heating elements inside the

operated until it has been repaired by a competent person.

WARNING: It is hazardous for anyone other than a competent person to carry out any service or repair operation that involves the removal of a cover which gives protection against exposure to

WARNING: Only allow children to use the oven without supervision when adequate instructions have been given so that the child is able to use the oven in a safe way and understands the hazards of

Never use metal or metal trimmed utensils in your microwave oven

Microwaves cannot penetrate metal. They will bounce off any metal object in the oven and cause arcing, an alarming phenomenon that resembles lightning. Most heat resistant non metallic cooking utensils are safe for use in your microwave oven. However, some may contain materials that render them unsuitable as microwave cookware. If you have any doubts about a particular utensil, there's a simple way to find out if it can be used in your microwave oven. Race the utensil in question next to a glass bowl filled with water in the microwave oven. Microwave at power HIGH for 1 minute. If the water heats up but the utensil remains cool to the touch, the utensil is microwave~safe. However, if the water does not change temperature but the utensil becomes warm, microwaves are being absorbed by the utensil and it is not safe for use in the microwave oven. You probably have many items on hand in your kitchen right now that can be used as cooking equipment in your microwave oven. Just read through the following checklist.

Dinner plates

Many kinds of dinner-ware are microwave-safe. If in doubt consult the manufacturer's literature or perform the microwave test.

Glassware

Glassware that is heat-resistant is microwave-safe. This would include all brands of oven tempered glass cookware. However, do not use delicate glassware, such as tumblers or wine glasses, as these might shatter as the food warms.

Plastic storage containers

These can be used to hold foods that are to be quickly reheated. However, they should not be used to hold foods that will need considerable time in the oven as hot foods will eventually warp or melt plastic containers.

Paper

Paper plates and containers are convenient and safe to use in your microwave oven, provided that the cooking time is short and foods to be cooked are low in fat and moisture. Paper towels are also very useful for wrapping foods and for lining baking trays in which greasy foods such as bacon are cooked. In general, avoid coloured paper products as the colour may run. Some recycled paper products may contain impurities which could cause arcing or fires when used in the microwave oven.

Plastic cooking bags

Provided they are made specially for cooking, cooking bags are microwave safe. However, be sure to make a slit in the bag so that steam can escape. Never use ordinary plastic bags for cooking in your microwave oven, as they will melt and rupture.

Plastic microwave cookware

A variety of shapes and sizes of microwave cookware are available. For the most part, you can probably use items you already have on hand rather than investing in new kitchen equipment.

Pottery, stoneware and ceramic

Containers made of these materials are usually fine for use in your microwave oven, but they should be tested to be sure.

CAUTION

utensils.

Utensils should be checked to ensure that they are suitable for use in microwave ovens.

Microwave-safe Utensils

Some items with high lead or iron content are not suitable for cooking

Food characteristics & Microwave cooking

Keeping an eye on things

The recipes in the book have been formulated with great care, but your success in preparing them depends on how much attention you pay to the food as it cooks. Always watch your food while it cooks. Your microwave oven is equipped with a light that turns on automatically when the oven is in operation so that you can see inside and check the progress of your food. Directions given in recipes to elevate, stir, and the like should be thought of as the minimum steps recommended. If the food seems to be cooking unevenly, simply make the necessary adjustments you think appropriate to correct the problem.

Factors affecting microwave cooking times

Many factors affect cooking times. The temperature of ingredients used in a recipe makes a big difference in cooking times. For example, a cake made with ice-cold butter, milk, and eggs will take considerably longer to bake than one made with ingredients that are at room temperature. All of the recipes in this book give a range of cooking times. In general, you will find that the food remains under-cooked at the lower end of the time range, and you may sometimes want to cook your food beyond the maximum time given, according to personal preference. The governing philosophy of this book is that it is best for a recipe to be conservative in giving cooking times. While overcooked food is ruined for good. Some of the recipes, particularly those for bread, cake, and custards, recommend that food be removed from the oven when they are slightly undercooked. This is not a mistake. When allowed to stand, usually covered, these foods will continue to cook outside of the oven as the heat trapped within the outer portions of the food gradually travels inward. If the food is left in the oven until it is cooked all the way through, the outer portions will become overcooked or even burnt. You will become increasingly skilful in estimating both cooking and standing times for various foods.

Density of food

Light, porous food such as cakes and breads cook more quickly than heavy, dense foods such as roasts and casseroles. You must take care when microwaving porous food that the outer edges do not become dry and brittle.

Height of food

The upper portion of tall food, particularly roasts, will cook more quickly than the lower portion. Therefore, it is wise to turn tall food during cooking, sometimes several times.

Moisture content of food

Since the heat generated from microwaves tends to evaporate moisture, relatively dry food such as roasts and some vegetables should either be sprinkled with water prior to cooking or covered to retain moisture.

Bone and fat content of food

Bones conduct heat and fat cooks more quickly than meat. Care must be taken when cooking bony or fatty cuts of meat that they do not cook unevenly and do not become overcooked.

Quantity of food

The number of microwaves in your oven remains constant regardless of how much food is being cooked. Therefore, the more food you place in the oven, the longer the cooking time. Remember to decrease cooking times by at least one third when halving a recipe.

Shape of food

Microwaves penetrate only about 2.cm into food, the interior portion of thick foods are cooked as the heat generated on the outside travels inward. Only the outer edge of food in cooked by microwave energy; the rest is cooked by conduction. The worst possible shape for a food that is to be microwaved is a thick square. The corners will burn long before the centre is even warm. Round thin foods and ring shaped foods cook successfully in the microwave.

Covering

A cover traps heat and steam which causes food to cook more quickly. Use a lid or microwave cling film with a corner folded back to prevent splitting.

Browning

Meats and poultry that are cooked fifteen minutes or longer will brown lightly in their own fat. Food that are cooked for a shorter period of time may be brushed with a browning sauce such as worcestershire sauce, soy sauce or barbecue sauce to achieve an appetizing colour. Since relatively small amounts of browning sauces are added to food the original flavour of the recipe is not altered.

Covering with greaseproof paper

Greaseproofing effectively prevents spattering and helps food retain some heat. But because it makes a looser cover than a lid or clingfilm, it allows the food to dry out slightly.

Arranging and spacing

Individual foods such as baked potatoes, small cakes and hors d'oeuvres will heat more evenly if placed in the oven an equal distance apart, preferably in a circular pattern. Never stack foods on top of one another.

Stirring

Stirring is one of the most important of all microwaving techniques. In conventional cooking, food is stirred for the purpose of blending. Microwaved food, however, is stirred in order to spread and redistribute heat. Always stir from the outside towards the centre as the outside of the food heats first.

Turning over

Large, tall foods such as roasts and whole chickens should be turned so that the top and bottom will cook evenly. It is also a good idea to turn cut up chicken and chops.

Placing thicker portions facing outwards

Since microwaves are attracted to the outside portion of food, it makes sense to place thicker portions of meat, poultry and fish to the outer edge of the baking dish. This way, thicker portions will receive the most microwave energy and the food will cook evenly.

Shielding

Strips of aluminium foil (which block microwaves) can be placed over the corners or edges of square and rectangular foods to prevent those portions from overcooking. Never use too much foil and make sure the foil is secured to the dish or it may cause 'arcing' in the oven.

Bevating

Thick or dense foods can be elevated so that microwaves can be absorbed by the underside and centre of the foods.

Piercing

Foods enclosed in a shell, skin or membrane are likely to burst in the oven unless they are pierced prior to cooking. Such foods include yolks and whites of eggs, clams and oysters and whole vegetables and fruits.

Testing if cooked

Food cooks so quickly in a microwave oven, it is necessary to test it frequently. Some foods are left in the microwave until completely cooked, but most foods, including meats and poultry, are removed from the oven while still slightly undercooked and allowed to finish cooking during standing time. The internal temperature of foods will rise between 5°F (3°C) and 15°F (8°C) during standing time.

Standing time

Foods are often allowed to stand for 3 to 10 minutes after being removed from the microwave oven. Usually the foods are covered during standing time to retain heat unless they are supposed to be dry in texture (some cakes and biscuits, for example). Standing allows foods to finish cooking and also helps flavour blend and develop.

Food characteristics & Microwave cooking

To Clean Your Oven

- Keep the inside of the oven dean Food spatters or spilled liquids stick to oven walls and between seal and door can be washed by hand or in the dishwasher.
- 2 Keep the outside of the oven dean
- humidity conditions and in no way indicates a malfunction of the unit.
- then dry thoroughly. DO NOT USE ABRASIVE MATERIALS, SUCH AS CLEANING FOW DERS OR STEELAND PLASTIC PADS.

Metal parts will be easier to maintain if wiped frequently with a damp doth.

surface. It is best to wipe up spillovers with a damp doth right away. Crumbs and spillovers will absorb microwave energy and lengthen cooking times. Use a damp cloth to wipe out crumbs that fall between the door and the frame. It is important to keep this area clean to assure a tight seal. Remove greasy spatters with a soapy cloth then rinse and dry. Do not use harsh detergent or abrasive cleaners. The glass tray

Clean the outside of your oven with soap and water then with clean water and dry with a soft cloth or paper towel. To prevent damage to the operating parts inside the oven, the water should not be allowed to seep into the ventilation openings. To clean control panel, open the door to prevent oven from accidentally starting, and wipe a damp doth followed immediately by a dry cloth. Press STOP/ CLEAR after cleaning.

3 If steam accumulates inside or around the outside of the oven door, wipe the panels with a soft cloth. This may occur when the microwave oven is operated under high

4 The door and door seals should be kept clean. Use only warm, soapy water, rinse

Questions & Answers

- Q What's wrong when the oven light will not glow?
- A There may be several reasons why the oven light will not glow. Light bulb has blown Door is not closed

Q Does microwave energy pass through the viewing screen in the door?

- A No. The holes, or ports, are made to allow light to pass; they do not let microwave energy through.
- Q Why does the beep tone sound when a pad on the Control Panel is touched?
- The beep tone sounds to assure that the setting is being properly entered.

Q Will the microwave oven be damaged if it operates empty?

A Yes Never run it empty or without the glass tray.

Q Why do eggs sometimes pop?

A When baking, frying, or poaching eggs, the yolk may pop due to steam build up inside the yolk membrane. To prevent this, simply pierce the yolk before cooking. Never microwave eggs in the shell.

Q Why is standing time recommended after microwave cooking is over?

A After microwave cooking is finished, food keeps on cooking during standing time. This standing time finishes cooking evenly throughout the food. The amount of standing time depends on the density of the food.

Q is it possible to pop corn in a microwave oven?

- A Yes, if using one of the two methods described below

 - times and power outputs needed for an acceptable final product.

FOLLOW EXACT DIRECTIONS GIVEN BY EACH MANUFACTURER FOR THEIR POPCORN PRODUCT. DO NOT LEAVE THE OVEN UNATTENDED WHILE THE CORN IS BEING POPPED. IF CORN FAILS TO POP AFTER THE SUGGESTED TIMES, DISCONTINUE COOKING. OVERCOOKING COULD RESULT IN THE CORN CATCHING FIRE.

CAUTION

NEVERUSE A BROWN PAPER BAG FOR POPPING CORN. NEVER ATTEMPT TO POPLEFTOVER KERNELS.

Q Why doesn't my oven always cook as fast as the cooking guide says?

correctly, and to see what might cause variations in cooking time. prevent overcooking, the most common problem in getting used to a would do with a conventional cooker.

 Popcorn-popping utensils designed specifically for microwave cooking. 2 Prepackaged commercial microwave popcorn that contains specific

A Check your cooking guide again to make sure you've followed directions Cooking guide times and heat settings are suggestions, chosen to help microwave oven. Variations in the size, shape, weight and dimensions of the food require longer cooking time. Use your own judgement along with the cooking guide suggestions to test food condition, lust as you

Microwave defrosting

Meal	Microwave setting in watts, Cooking time	Note
Meat	180W, 10-12 min. or Auto cook menu	Place the flat plate. Turn afte

Microwave cooking

dish on the t
dish ø 22 cr
dish on the

Microwave with grill cooking

Meal	Cooking mode, Cooking time	Note
Potato gratin	Combi2, 12-14 min.	Place the pyrex dish ø 22cm
Chicken	Combi2, 40-42 min.	Place chicken breast-side do
		Turn after 25 minutes.

IEC Test Lists

ter 6 min.

turntable

cm on the turntable

turntable

m on the lower wire grill

down on the lower wire grill.

Plug wiring information/ Technical Specifications

Warning

This appliance must be earthed As the colours of the wires in the mains lead of this appliance may not correspond with the coloured markings identifying the terminals The wire which is colored BLUE must be connected to the terminal The wire which is colored GREEN & YELLOW or GREEN must be connected to the terminal which is marked with the letter E or \pm . manufacturer or its service agent or a similarly qualified person in For Singapore If the supply cord is damaged, it must be replaced by a special cord or assembly available from the manufacturer or its service

The wires in this mains lead are colored in accordance with the following codes BLUE ~ Neutral BROWN ~ Live GREEN & YELLOW ~ Earth

in your plug proceed as follows:

which is marked with the letter N or Colored BLACK.

The wire which is colored BROWN must be connected to the terminal which is marked with the letter L or colored RED.

If the supply cord is damaged, it must be replaced by the order to avoid a hazard;

agent.

Technical Specification

	MG-607W			
Power Input	230 V AC / 50Hz 240 V AC / 50Hz			
Output	900 W (IEC60705 rating standard)			
Microwave Frequency	2450 MHz			
Outside Dimension	530 mm(W) X 322 mm(H) X 404 mm(D)			
Power Consumption				
Microwave	1350 Watts	1400 Watts		
Grill	1250 Watts	1350 Watts		
Combination	2550 Watts	2700 Watts		



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