



# MICROWAVE/GRILL/CONVECTION OVEN

## OWNER'S MANUAL

PLEASE READ THIS OWNER'S MANUAL THOROUGHLY BEFORE OPERATING.



MC-766Y

# Precautions

## Precautions to avoid possible exposure to excessive microwave energy.

You cannot operate your oven with the door open due to the safety interlocks built into the door mechanism. These safety interlocks automatically switch off any cooking activity when the door is opened; which in the case of a microwave oven could result in harmful exposure to microwave energy.

**It is important not to tamper with the safety interlocks.**

Do not place any object between the oven front face and the door or allow food or cleaner residue to accumulate on sealing surfaces.

Do not operate your oven if it is damaged. It is particularly important that the oven door closes properly and that there is no damage to the: (1) door(bent), (2) hinges and latches (broken or loosened), (3) door seals and sealing surfaces.

Your oven should not be adjusted or repaired by anyone except qualified service personnel.

When heating liquids, e.g. soups, sauces and beverages in your microwave oven, delayed eruptive boiling can occur without evidence of bubbling. This could result in a sudden boil over of the hot liquid. To prevent this possibility the following steps should be taken:

- 1 Avoid using straight sided containers with narrow necks.
- 2 Do not overheat.
- 3 Stir the liquid before placing the container in the oven and again halfway through the heating time.
- 4 After heating, allow to stand in the oven for a short time, stir or shake them(especially the contents of feeding bottles and baby food jars) again carefully and check the temperature of them before consumption to avoid burns (especially, contents of feeding bottles and baby food jars). Be careful when handling the container.

# Warning

# Warning

**Always allow food to stand after being cooked by microwaves and check the temperature of them before consumption. Especially contents of feeding bottles and baby food jars.**

## How the Microwave Oven Works

Microwaves are a form of energy similar to radio and television waves and ordinary daylight. Normally, microwaves spread outwards as they travel through the atmosphere and disappear without effect. Microwave ovens, however, have a magnetron which is designed to make use of the energy in microwaves. Electricity, supplied to the magnetron tube, is used to create microwave energy.

These microwaves enter the cooking area through openings inside the oven. A turntable or tray is located at the bottom of the oven. Microwaves cannot pass through metal walls of the oven, but they can penetrate such materials as glass, porcelain and paper, the materials out of which microwave-safe cooking dishes are constructed.

Microwaves do not heat cookware, though cooking vessels will eventually get hot from the heat generated by the food.

## A very safe appliance

**Your microwave oven is one of the safest of all home appliances. When the door is opened, the oven automatically stops producing microwaves. Microwave energy is converted completely to heat when it enters food, leaving no "left over" energy to harm you when you eat your food.**

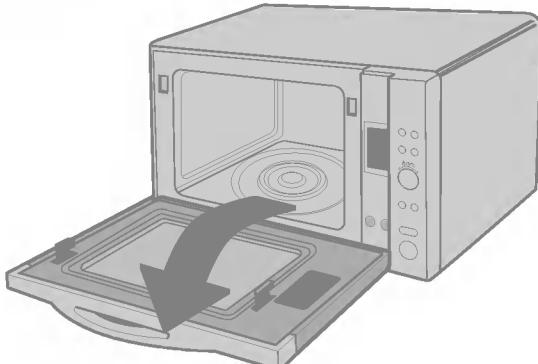
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# Unpacking & Installing

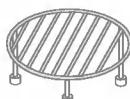
By following the basic steps on these two pages you will be able to quickly check that your oven is operating correctly. Please pay particular attention to the guidance on where to install your oven. When unpacking your oven make sure you remove all accessories and packing. Check to make sure that your oven has not been damaged during delivery.

1

Unpack your oven and place it on a flat level surface.



HIGH RACK



LOW RACK

GLASS TRAY



ROTATING RING

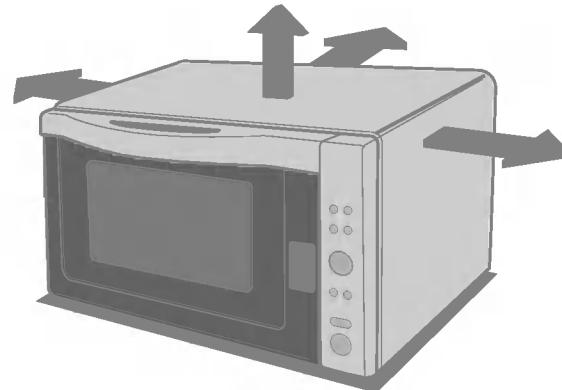


METAL TRAY

2

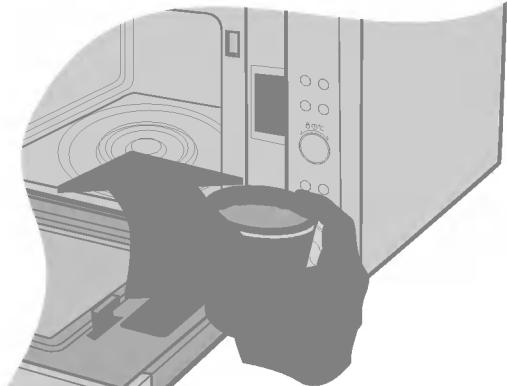
Place the oven in the level location of your choice with more than 85cm height but make sure there is at least 30cm of space on the top and 10cm at the rear for proper ventilation. The front of the oven should be at least 8cm from the edge of the surface to prevent tipping.

An exhaust outlet is located on top or side of the oven. Blocking the outlet can damage the oven.



THIS OVEN SHOULD NOT BE USED FOR COMMERCIAL CATERING PURPOSES

**3** Plug your oven into a standard household socket. Make sure your oven is the only appliance connected to the socket. **If your oven does not operate properly, unplug it from the electrical socket and then plug it back in.**



**5** Fill a **microwave safe container** with 300 ml (1/2 pint) of water. Place on the **GLASS TRAY** and close the oven door. If you have any doubts about what type of container to use please refer to page 33.

**6** Press the **STOP** button, and press the **START** button six times to set 3 minutes of cooking time. You will hear a BEEP each time you press the button. Your oven will start before you have finished the sixth press; don't worry this is normal.



**4** Open your oven door by pulling the **DOOR HANDLE**. Place the **ROTATING RING** inside the oven and place the **GLASS TRAY** on top.

**7** The **DISPLAY** will count down from 3 minutes. When it reaches 0 it will sound BEEPS. Open the oven door and test the temperature of the water. If your oven is operating the water should be warm. **Be careful when removing the container it may be hot.**



**YOUR OVEN IS NOW INSTALLED**

# Setting the Clock

You can set either 12 hour clock or 24 hour clock.

In the following example I will show you how to set the time for 14:35 when using the 24 clock.  
Make sure that you have removed all packaging from your oven.



When your oven is plugged in for the first time or when power resumes after a power cut, a '0' will be shown in the display; you will have to reset the clock.

If the clock (or display) shows any strange looking symbols, unplug your oven from the electrical socket and plug it back in and reset the clock.

Make sure you have correctly installed your oven as described earlier in this book.

Press **STOP/CANCEL**.

Press **CLOCK** once.

(If you want to use a 12 hour clock, Press **CLOCK** once more.  
If you want to change different option after setting clock,  
you have to unplug and plug it back in.)

Turn **DIAL** left until display shows "14:00".

Press **START/QUICK START** for confirmation

Turn **DIAL** left until display shows "14:35".

Press **START/QUICK START**  
The clock starts counting.

# Child Lock



Your oven has a safety feature that prevents accidental running of the oven. Once the child lock is set, you will be unable to use any functions and no cooking can take place. However your child can still open the oven door.



Press and hold **STOP/CANCEL** until "L" appears on the display and BEEP sounds.

The **CHILD LOCK** is now set.

The time will disappear on the display but will reappear on the display a few seconds later.

If a function is selected, "L" will appear on the display



To cancel **CHILD LOCK** press and hold **STOP/CANCEL** until "L" disappears. You will hear BEEP when it's released.



# Micro Power Cooking

In the following example I will show you how to cook some food on 80% power for 5 minutes and 30 seconds.



Your oven has five microwave Power settings. High power is automatically selected and turning of dial will select a different power level.

## POWER

<b>HIGH</b>	900 W	100%
<b>MEDIUM HIGH</b>	720 W	80%
<b>MEDIUM</b>	540 W	60%
<b>DEFROST MEDIUM LOW</b>	360 W	40%
<b>LOW</b>	180 W	20%

Make sure you have correctly installed your oven as described earlier in this book

Press **STOP/CANCEL**.

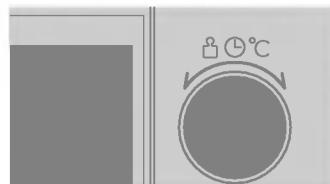
Press **FUNCTION** once to select microwave mode.

Turn **DIAL** until display shows 720.

Press **START** for power confirmation.



Turn **DIAL** until display shows 5:30.



Press



# Micro Power Level

Your microwave oven is equipped with 5 power levels to give you maximum flexibility and control over cooking. The table below shows the examples of food and their recommended cooking power levels for use with this microwave oven.

<b>Micro Power Level</b>		
<b>HIGH</b>	100%	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>* Boil Water</li><li>* Brown minced beef</li><li>* Cook poultry pieces, fish, vegetables</li><li>* Cook tender cuts of meat</li></ul>
<b>MEDIUM HIGH</b>	80%	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>* All reheating</li><li>* Roast meat and poultry</li><li>* Cook mushrooms and shellfish</li><li>* Cook foods containing cheese and eggs</li></ul>
<b>MEDIUM</b>	60%	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>* Bake cakes and scones</li><li>* Prepare eggs</li><li>* Cook custard</li><li>* Prepare rice, soup</li></ul>
<b>DEFROST/ MEDIUM LOW</b>	40%	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>* All thawing</li><li>* Melt butter and chocolate</li><li>* Cook less tender cuts of meat</li></ul>
<b>LOW</b>	20%	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>* Soften butter &amp; cheese</li><li>* Soften ice cream</li><li>* Raise yeast dough</li></ul>



# Two stage Cooking

In the following example I will show you how to cook some food in two stages. The first stages will cook your food for 11 minutes on HIGH; the second will cook for 35 minutes on 40%.



During two stage cooking the oven door can be opened and food checked. Close the oven door and press **START** and the cooking stage will continue.

At the end of stage1, BEEP sounds and stage 2 commences.

Should you wish to clear the programme press **STOP/CANCEL** twice.

Press **STOP/CANCEL**.

**1**

Set the power and the cooking time **for stage1**.

Press **FUNCTION** once to select microwave mode.



Turn **DIAL** knob until display shows 900.

**2**

Press **START/QUICK START** power confirmation.

Turn **DIAL** knob until display shows 11:00.



Set the power and the cooking time **for stage2**.

**3**

Press **FUNCTION** once to select microwave mode.



Turn **DIAL** knob until display shows 360.

**4**

Press **START/QUICK START** power confirmation.

Turn **DIAL** knob until display shows 35:00.



Press



# Quick Start

In the following example I will show you how to set 2 minutes of cooking on high power.



The **QUICK START** feature allows you to set 30 seconds intervals of HIGH power cooking with a touch of the **START** button.



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Press **START** four times to select 2 minutes on HIGH power.  
Your oven will start before you have finished the fourth press.



# More or Less Cooking

In the following example I will show you how to change the preset AUTO COOK programmes for a longer or shorter cooking time.



If you find that your food is over or undercooked when using the AUTO COOK programme, you can increase or decrease cooking time by turning the DIAL knob.

When cooking with auto and manual function, you can lengthen or shorten the cooking time at any point by turning the DIAL knob.



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Set the required AUTO COOK programme.



Select weight of food.

Press START.

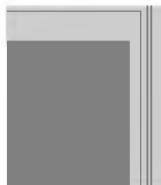


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Turn DIAL knob.



The cooking time will increase or decrease.



# Grill Cooking

In the following example I will show you how to use the grill to cook some food for 12 minutes and 30 seconds.

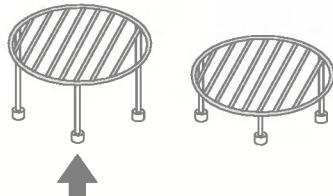


This model is fitted with a **QUARTZ GRILL**, so preheating is not needed.

This feature will allow you to brown and crisp food quickly.

The metal tray is placed between a glass tray and a grill rack at the grill mode.

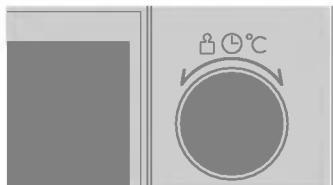
**The grill rack(high rack) must be used during grill cooking.**



Press the **PREHEAT/GRILL** button to select grill mode.



The digital display shows "12:30".



# Convection Cooking

In the following example I will show you how to preheat the oven first, then cook some food at a temperature of 220 °C for 50 minutes.



The convection oven has a temperature range of 40 °C and 100 °C~250 °C (180 °C is automatically available when convection mode is selected).

The oven has a ferment function at the oven temperature of 40°C. You may wait until the oven is cool because you cannot use a ferment function if the oven temperature is over 40°C.

Your oven will take a few minutes to reach the selected temperature.

Once it has reached correct temperature, your oven will BEEP to let you know that it has reached the correct temperature. Then place your food in your oven: then tell your oven to start cooking.

1. To preheat  
**1**  
Press **STOP/CANCEL**.



Press **FUNCTION** three times to select convection mode.  
**2**  
Turn **DIAL** until display shows 220.



**3**  
Press **START/QUICK START**.  
Display shows 220 °C.



Press **START/QUICK START**.

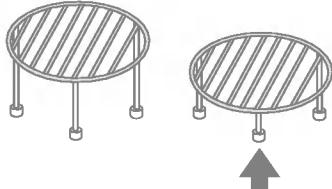


# Convection Cooking



If you do not set a temperature your oven will automatically select 180 °C, turning the dial knob can change the cooking temperature.

**The convection rack(low rack) must be used during convection cooking.**



2. To cook

**1**

Press **STOP/CANCEL**.



Press **FUNCTION** three times to select convection mode.

**2**

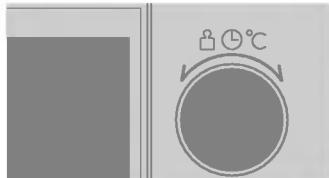
Turn **DISPLAY** until display shows 220.



Press **START/QUICK START** for confirmation.



Turn **DISPLAY** until display shows "50:00".



Press **START/QUICK START**.



# Combination Cooking



Your oven has a combination cooking feature which allows you to cook food with **heater** and **microwave** at the same time or alternately. This generally means it takes less time to cook your food.

You can set three kinds of micro power level(20%, 40% and 60%) in combi mode.

The metal tray is placed between a glass tray and a grill rack at the grill mode.

In the following example I will show you how to programme your oven with micro power 40% and grill for a cooking time of 25 minutes.

## 1. GRILL COMBINATION.

Press **STOP/CANCEL**.

Press **STOP/CANCEL** four times to select grill combination mode.

Turn **DIAL** until display shows 360.  
Press **START** for power confirmation.

Turn **DIAL** until display shows "25:00".

Press **START**.  
When done you can turn **DIAL** to increase or decrease cooking time.

**Be careful when removing your food because the container will be hot!**



# Combination Cooking

In the following example I will show you how to programme your oven with:- micro power 40% and at a convection temperature 200 °C for a cooking time of 25 minutes.



Your oven has a combination cooking feature which allows you to cook food with **heater** and **microwave** at the same time or alternately. This generally means it takes less time to cook your food.

## 2. CONVECTION COMBINATION.

Press **STOP/CANCEL**.

Press **FUNCTION** five times to select convection combination mode.

Turn **DIAL** until display shows 200.

Press **START** for temp. confirmation.

Turn **DIAL** until display shows 360.

Press **START** for power confirmation.

Turn **DIAL** until display shows "25:00".

Press **START**.

When cooking you can turn **DIAL** to increase or decrease cooking time.

*Be careful when removing your food because the container will be hot!*



# Auto Defrost



Your oven has four microwave defrost settings:- **MEAT**, **POULTRY**, **FISH** and **BREAD**; each defrost category has different power settings. Repeated presses of the **AUTO DEFROST** button will select a different setting.

Category	Press <b>DEFROST</b>
<b>MEAT</b>	1 time
<b>POULTRY</b>	2 times
<b>FISH</b>	3 times
<b>BREAD</b>	4 times

The temperature and density of food varies, I would recommend that the food is checked before cooking commences. Pay particular attention to large joints of meat and chicken, some foods should not be completely thawed before cooking. For example fish cooks so quickly that it is sometimes better to begin cooking while still slightly frozen. The **BREAD** programme is suitable for defrosting small items such as rolls or a small loaf. These will require a standing time to allow the centre to thaw. In the following example I will show you how to defrost 1.4Kg of frozen poultry.

Press **STOP/CANCEL**.

Weight the food that you are about to defrost. Be certain to remove any metallic ties or wraps; then place the food in your oven and close the oven door.



Press **AUTO DEFROST** twice to select the **POULTRY** defrosting programme. "def2" appears on the display window.

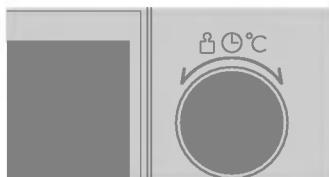
**2**



Enter the weight of the frozen food that you are about to defrost.

**3**

Turn **DEC/INC** until display shows "1400".



Press **START/QUICK START**.



During defrosting your oven will "BEEP", at which point open the oven door, turn food over and separate to ensure even thawing. Remove any portions that have thawed or shield them to help slow down thawing. After checking close the oven door and press **START** to resume defrosting.

**Your oven will not stop defrosting (even when the beep sounded) unless the door is opened.**

## DEFROSTING GUIDE

- \* Food to be defrosted should be in a suitable microwave proof container and place uncovered on the glass turntable.
- \* If necessary, shield small areas of meat or poultry with flat pieces of aluminum foil. This will prevent thin areas becoming warm during defrosting. Ensure the foil does not touch the oven walls.
- \* Separate items like minced meat, chops, sausages and bacon as soon as possible.
- When BEEP, turn food over.** Remove defrosted portions. Continue to defrost remaining pieces.
- After defrosting, allow to stand until completely thawed.
- \* For example joints of meat and whole chickens should STAND for a minimum of 1 hour before cooking.

Category	Weight Limit	Utensil	Food
<b>Meat</b> <b>Poultry</b> <b>Fish</b>	0.1 ~ 4.0 kg	Microwave ware (Flat plate)	<b>Meat</b> Minced beef, Fillet steak, Cubes for stew, Sirloin steak, Pot roast, Rump roast, Beef burger Pork chops, Lamb chops, Rolled roast, Sausage, Cutlets(.2cm)  Turn food over at beep.  After defrosting, let stand for 5-15 minutes.  <b>Poultry</b> Whole chicken, Legs, Breasts, Turkey breasts(under 2.0kg)  Turn food over at beep.  After defrosting, let stand for 20-30 minutes.  <b>Fish</b> Fillets, Steaks, Whole fish, Sea foods  Turn food over at beep.  After defrosting, let stand for 10-20 minutes.
<b>Bread</b>	0.1 ~ 0.5 kg	Paper towel or flat plate	Sliced bread, Buns, Baguette, etc.

# Quick Defrost



Your oven has a microwave quick defrost setting (MEAT).

Use this function to thaw only 0.5kg of Minced meat very quickly. This will require a standing time to allow the center to thaw. In the following example will show you how to defrost 0.5kg of frozen minced meat.

Press **STOP/CANCEL**.

Weight the food that you are about to defrost. Be certain to remove any metallic ties or wraps; then place the food in your oven and close the oven door.



Press **DEFROST** to select the **MEAT** defrosting programme.



During defrosting your oven will "BEEP", at which point open the oven door, turn food over and separate to ensure even thawing. Remove any portions that have thawed or shield them to help slow down thawing. After checking, close the oven door and press **START** to resume defrosting.

**Your oven will not stop defrosting (even when the beep sounded) unless the door is opened.**



## QUICK DEFROST GUIDE

Use this function to defrost quickly for minced meat.

Remove the meat completely from its wrapping. Place the mince onto a microwave-safe plate. When beeps, at this point remove the mince from the microwave oven, turn the mince over and return to the microwave oven. Press start to continue. At the end of the program remove the mince from the microwave oven, cover with foil and allow to stand 5-15 minutes or until completely thawed.

<i>Category</i>	<i>Weight</i>	<i>Utensil</i>	<i>Instructions</i>
Minced Meat	0.5kg	Microwave ware (Flat plate)	Minced meat Turn food over at beep.  After defrosting, let stand for 5-15 minutes.

# Auto Cook

In the following example I will show you how to cook 0.6kg of jacket potato .



**AUTO COOK** allows you to cook most of your favorite food easily by selecting the food type and entering the weight of the food.



Turn **DIAL 1** until display shows "Ac-1".



Press **START** for category confirmation.



Turn **DIAL 1** until display shows "600".



Press **START**



Auto Cook	<b>Jacket Potato</b>	0.1 ~ 1.0kg	Metal tray	Room	<p>Choose medium sized potatoes 200 -220g.  Wash and dry potatoes. Pierce the potatoes several times with fork. Place the potatoes on the metal tray. Adjust weight and press start. After cooking, remove the potatoes from the oven.  Let stand covered with foil for 5 minutes.</p> <p><b>CAUTION: The grill and surrounding oven will get very HOT. Use oven gloves.</b></p>																	
	<b>Rice / Pasta</b>	0.1 ~ 0.3kg	Microwave-safe bowl	Room	<p>Wash rice and soak for 30 minutes.  Place rice &amp; boiling water with 1/4 to 1 teaspoon salt in a deep and large bowl.</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th colspan="2">Weight</th> <th>100g</th> <th>200g</th> <th>300g</th> <th>Cover</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Water</td> <td>Rice</td> <td>180ml</td> <td>330ml</td> <td>480ml</td> <td>Yes</td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td>Pasta</td> <td>300ml</td> <td>600ml</td> <td>900ml</td> <td>No</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>** Rice - After cooking, stand covered for 5 minutes or until water is absorbed.  ** Pasta - During the cooking, stir several times. After cooking, stand 1 or 2 minutes. Rinse pasta with cold water.</p>	Weight		100g	200g	300g	Cover	Water	Rice	180ml	330ml	480ml	Yes		Pasta	300ml	600ml	900ml
Weight		100g	200g	300g	Cover																	
Water	Rice	180ml	330ml	480ml	Yes																	
	Pasta	300ml	600ml	900ml	No																	
<b>Fresh Vegetable</b>	0.2 ~ 0.8kg	Microwave-safe bow	Room	<p>Place vegetables in a microwave-safe bowl. Add water.  Cover with wrap. After cooking, stir and allow to stand.  Add amount of water according to the quantity.</p> <p>** 0.2kg - 0.4kg : 2 Tablespoon  ** 0.5kg - 0.8kg : 4 Tablespoon</p>																		
<b>Frozen Vegetable</b>	0.2 ~ 0.8kg	Microwave-safe bow	Frozen	<p>Place vegetables in a microwave-safe bowl. Add water.  Cover with wrap. After cooking, stir and allow to stand.  Add amount of water according to the quantity.</p> <p>** 0.2kg - 0.4kg : 2 Tablespoon  ** 0.5kg - 0.8kg : 4 Tablespoon</p>																		
<b>Chilled Pizza</b>	0.2 ~ 0.4kg	Low rack & Metal tray	Refrigerated	<p>This function is for reheating leftover chilled pizza. Place chilled pizza on the low rack over the metal tray.  After cooking, take food out immediately. Stand for 2~3 minutes.</p>																		

Auto Cook	<b>Frozen Pizza</b>	0.1 ~ 0.5kg	Low rack & Metal tray	Frozen	<p>This function is for cooking frozen pizza. Remove all package and place on low rack over the metal tray.</p> <p>After cooking, stand for 1~2 minutes.</p>
	<b>French fries</b>	0.2 ~ 0.4kg	Metal tray & Low rack	Frozen	<p>Spread frozen potato products out on the metal tray on low rack.</p> <p>For the best results, cook in a single layer. After cooking, remove from the oven and stand for 1~2 minutes.</p>
	<b>Gratin</b>	0.5 ~ 1.2kg	Low tray & Metal tray	Room	<p>Use this key to cook home made Gratin. Place food on the low rack over the metal tray. After cooking, remove from the oven and stand for 1~2 minutes.</p> <p>* Potato Gratin *</p> <p><b>Ingredients</b></p> <p>400g potatoes 100g onions(cut into thin slices) 2/3 tablespoon butter 3 slices of bacon 350g white sauce 80g shredded mozzarella cheese Salt, black pepper</p> <p><b>(White Sauce)</b></p> <p>3 tablespoon butter, 5 tablespoon flour, 2 1/2 cups of milk Place butter in a large bowl. Microwave at HIGH until butter melts. Add flour and microwave for 2 minutes at HIGH. Add milk, salt and black pepper. Microwave at HIGH for 15 minutes. (During cooking, stir several times.)</p> <p><b>Method</b></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Bake potatoes with Jacket Potato Function. And then peel and slice into small size. Add salt, pepper.</li> <li>2. Combine onions and butter in a bowl. Microwave at HIGH for 2 minutes.</li> <li>3. Place one third of the white sauce in gratin dish. Add potatoes, onions and bacon. Cover with the rest of the white sauce.</li> <li>4. Sprinkle with cheese. Place on low rack over the metal tray.</li> </ol> <p>After cooking, stand for 2~3 minutes.</p>

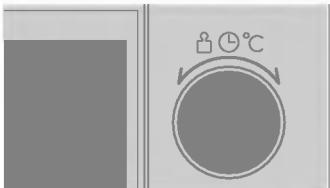
Auto Roast	<b>Roast Beef</b>	0.5 ~ 1.5kg	Low rack & Metal tray	Refrigerated	Brush the beef with melted margarine or butter. Place on the low rack over the metal tray. When beeps, turn food over. And then press start to continue cooking. After cooking, stand covered with foil for 10 minutes.
	<b>Roast Pork</b>	0.5 ~ 1.5kg	Low rack & Metal tray	Refrigerated	Brush the pork with melted margarine or butter. Place on the low rack over the metal tray. When beeps, turn food over. And then press start to continue cooking. After cooking, stand covered with foil for 10 minutes.
	<b>Chicken Legs</b>	0.2 ~ 0.8kg	High rack & Metal tray	Refrigerated	Wash and dry skin. Brush the chicken legs with melted margarine or butter. Place on the high rack over the metal tray. When beeps, turn food over. And then press start to continue cooking. After cooking, stand covered with foil for 2-5 minutes.

# Russia Cook

*In the following example I will show you how to cook of Russian food.*



**AUTO RUSSIA** cook allow you to cook easily the Russian favorite food by selecting the food type.



## Cooking Guide

Russian Cook	Boiled Buckwheat	Microwave-safe bowl	Room	<p>Wash 300g buckwheat and leave it in water for 30 minutes. Place buckwheat and 1½ glasses of water with ½ teaspoon of salt into a deep and large bowl. Cover. If required, stir halfway through.</p>
	Apple Jam	Microwave-safe bowl	Room	<p><b>Ingredients</b>  600g apples  1/2 lemon  300g sugar</p> <p>1. Peel apples and slice into 1-2mm thick.  2. Add lemon juice and sugar.  3. Put sliced apples, lemon juice and sugar into a large bowl and cover.  4. Stir once or twice during the cooking time.</p>
	Fried Chicken	Low rack & Metal tray	Refrigerated	<p><b>Marinade</b>  Salt, pepper, 2 teeth of garlic, 2-3 laurel leaves, coriander, 1 spoon of vegetable oil, lemon juice</p> <p><b>Icing(1-2 spoons)</b>  Mustard, honey(2 spoons of each)</p> <p>1. Defrost, cut neck, wash and dry skin. Put it into marinade for 1 hour.  2. Place the chicken on the low rack over the metal tray and glass tray. When beeps, turn food over. Coat chicken with icing. And then press start to continue cooking.  3. After cooking, stand covered with foil for 5-10 minutes. Serve with boiled buckwheat or boiled rice.</p>

Russian Cook	Sausage with cheese in flaky paste envelopes	Metal tray & Low rack	Room	<p>Ingredients : 250g of the frozen flaky paste, 8 sausages(cut into 2 pieces), 16 slices of cheese, potherbs.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Put frozen flaky paste into the oven and warm it on 20% for 20 seconds, take it out and let it stay under room temperature for 2-5 minutes.</li> <li>2. Cut the paste into 16 square pieces and roll each pieces into the size 7x7cm squares.</li> <li>3. Put a slice of cheese on each square, and then add a slice of sausage on it.</li> <li>4. Wrap the corners up using eggs as the fixture. Put this with seam down on the metal tray slightly greased with vegetable oil.</li> <li>5. Grease the envelopes with yolk and back it.</li> <li>6. Select this key, and press start. The oven will beep, open the door. Place the prepared metal tray over the low rack into the oven. Press start to continue cooking.</li> <li>7. After cooking, stand until cool down. Put potherbs and serve.</li> </ol>
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Russian Cook	Beze	High rack & Low rack	Room	<p><b>Ingredients</b></p> <p>2 egg whites 120g sugar 2g salt</p> <p>Pastry Bag (about 18")</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Dry up the mixing bowl. Pour egg whites, some sugar and salt into the mixing bowl. And then beat.</li> <li>2. Add the rest of sugar into the mixture. Beat again.</li> <li>3. Put the mixture into the pastry bag.</li> <li>4. Prepare the rack(high and low). Cover each rack with cooking foil. And then grease.</li> <li>5. Press the pastry bag onto the surface of the prepared rack(high and low).</li> <li>6. The oven will beep at end of the preheating period. Open the door and place the prepared rack(low and high) on the glass tray. Press start to continue cooking.</li> <li>7. After cooking, leave for 5 minutes in the oven.</li> <li>8. Remove food from the oven and allow to stand for 10 minutes.</li> </ol>
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# Timer

In the following example I will show you how to set the timer for 15 minutes



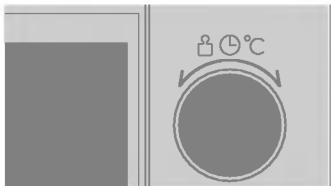
Your oven also has a Timer that can be used for noncooking functions. When used as an independent timer, the oven is not running. The Timer is simply counting down in seconds.



To enter the amount of time you want to count down.

**3**

Turn **Display** until display shows "15:00".



Press **START**

**4**

The time will begin counting down in the display window with no cooking or heating in the oven. BEEP will sound and the word "End" will show in the display window at the end of the countdown period.



# Deodorization

In the following example I will show you how to remove smell in the oven.



The oven has a special function to remove the smell in the oven with one touch.

You can use the deodorized function without food in the oven.



# Safety Precautions

## WARNING

*Please ensure cooking times are correctly set as over cooking may result in FIRE and subsequent DAMAGE to the OVEN.*

- 1 Do not attempt to tamper with, or make any adjustments or repairs to the door, control panel, safety interlock switches or any other part of the oven. It is hazardous for anyone to carry out any service or repair operation which involves the removal of any cover which gives protection against exposure to microwave energy. Repairs should only be undertaken by a qualified service technician.
- 2 Do not operate the oven when empty. It is best to leave a glass of water in the oven when not in use. The water will safely absorb all microwave energy, if the oven is accidentally started.
- 3 Do not dry clothes in the microwave oven, which may become carbonized or burned if heated too long.
- 4 Do not cook food wrapped in paper towels, unless your cook book contains instructions, for the food you are cooking.
- 5 Do not use newspaper in place of paper towels for cooking.
- 6 Do not use wooden containers. They may heat-up and char. Do not use ceramic containers which have metallic (e.g. gold or silver) inlays. Always remove metal twist ties. Metal objects in the oven may arc, which can cause serious damage.
- 7 Do not operate the oven with a kitchen towel, a napkin or any other obstruction between the door and the front edges of the oven, which may cause microwave energy leakage.
- 8 Do not use recycled paper products since they may contain impurities which may cause sparks and/or fires when used in cooking.
- 9 Do not rinse the turntable by placing it in water just after cooking. This may cause breakage or damage.
- 10 Small amounts of food require shorter cooking or heating time. If normal times are allowed they may overheat and burn.
- 11 Be certain to place the oven so the front of the door is 8 cm or more behind the edge of the surface on which it is placed, to avoid accidental tipping of the appliance.
- 12 Before cooking, pierce the skin of potatoes, apples or any such fruit or vegetable.
- 13 Do not cook eggs in their shell. Pressure will build up inside the egg which will burst.
- 14 Do not attempt deep fat frying in your oven.
- 15 Remove the plastic wrapping from food before cooking or defrosting. Note though that in some cases food should be covered with plastic film, for heating or cooking.
- 16 If the oven door or door seals are damaged, the oven must not be operated until it has been repaired by a qualified service technician.
- 17 If smoke is observed, switch off or disconnect the oven from the power supply and keep the oven door closed in order to stifle any flames.
- 18 When food is heated or cooked in disposable containers of plastic, paper or other combustible materials, check the oven frequently due to the possibility of ignition.
- 19 Only allow children to use the oven without supervision when adequate instructions have been given so that the child is able to use the oven in a safe way and understands the hazards of improper use.
- 20 Liquids or other foods must not be heated in sealed containers since they are liable to explode.

# Microwave-safe Utensils

## Never use metal or metal trimmed utensils in your microwave oven

Microwaves cannot penetrate metal. They will bounce off any metal object in the oven and cause arcing, an alarming phenomenon that resembles lightning.

Most heat resistant non metallic cooking utensils are safe for use in your microwave oven. However, some may contain materials that render them unsuitable as microwave cookware. If you have any doubts about a particular utensil, there's a simple way to find out if it can be used in your microwave oven.

Place the utensil in question next to a glass bowl filled with water in the microwave oven. Microwave at power HIGH for 1 minute. If the water heats up but the utensil remains cool to the touch, the utensil is microwave-safe. However, if the water does not change temperature but the utensil becomes warm, microwaves are being absorbed by the utensil and it is not safe for use in the microwave oven. You probably have many items on hand in your kitchen right now that can be used as cooking equipment in your microwave oven. Just read through the following checklist.

## Dinner plates

Many kinds of dinner-ware are microwave-safe. If in doubt consult the manufacturer's literature or perform the microwave test.

## Glassware

Glassware that is heat-resistant is microwave-safe. This would include all brands of oven tempered glass cookware. However, do not use delicate glassware, such as tumblers or wine glasses, as these might shatter as the food warms.

## Plastic storage containers

These can be used to hold foods that are to be quickly reheated. However, they should not be used to hold foods that will need considerable time in the oven as hot foods will eventually warp or melt plastic containers.

## Paper

Paper plates and containers are convenient and safe to use in your microwave oven, provided that the cooking time is short and foods to be cooked are low in fat and moisture. Paper towels are also very useful for wrapping foods and for lining baking trays in which greasy foods such as bacon are cooked. In general, avoid coloured paper products as the colour may run. Some recycled paper products may contain impurities which could cause arcing or fires when used in the microwave oven.

## Plastic cooking bags

Provided they are made specially for cooking, cooking bags are microwave safe. However, be sure to make a slit in the bag so that steam can escape. Never use ordinary plastic bags for cooking in your microwave oven, as they will melt and rupture.

## Plastic microwave cookware

A variety of shapes and sizes of microwave cookware are available. For the most part, you can probably use items you already have on hand rather than investing in new kitchen equipment.

## Pottery, stoneware and ceramic

Containers made of these materials are usually fine for use in your microwave oven, but they should be tested to be sure.

## CAUTION

**Some items with high lead or iron content are not suitable for cooking utensils.**

**Utensils should be checked to ensure that they are suitable for use in microwave ovens.**

# Food characteristics & Microwave cooking

## Keeping an eye on things

The recipes in the book have been formulated with great care, but your success in preparing them depends on how much attention you pay to the food as it cooks. Always watch your food while it cooks. Your microwave oven is equipped with a light that turns on automatically when the oven is in operation so that you can see inside and check the progress of your food. Directions given in recipes to elevate, stir, and the like should be thought of as the minimum steps recommended. If the food seems to be cooking unevenly, simply make the necessary adjustments you think appropriate to correct the problem.

## Factors affecting microwave cooking times

Many factors affect cooking times. The temperature of ingredients used in a recipe makes a big difference in cooking times. For example, a cake made with ice-cold butter, milk, and eggs will take considerably longer to bake than one made with ingredients that are at room temperature. All of the recipes in this book give a range of cooking times. In general, you will find that the food remains under-cooked at the lower end of the time range, and you may sometimes want to cook your food beyond the maximum time given, according to personal preference. The governing philosophy of this book is that it is best for a recipe to be conservative in giving cooking times. While overcooked food is ruined for good. Some of the recipes, particularly those for bread, cake, and custards, recommend that food be removed from the oven when they are slightly undercooked. This is not a mistake. When allowed to stand, usually covered, these foods will continue to cook outside of the oven as the heat trapped within the outer portions of the food gradually travels inward. If the food is left in the oven until it is cooked all the way through, the outer portions will become overcooked or even burnt. You will become increasingly skilful in estimating both cooking and standing times for various foods.

## Density of food

Light, porous food such as cakes and breads cook more quickly than heavy, dense foods such as roasts and casseroles. You must take care when microwaving porous food that the outer edges do not become dry and brittle.

## Height of food

The upper portion of tall food, particularly roasts, will cook more quickly than the lower portion. Therefore, it is wise to turn tall food during cooking, sometimes several times.

## Moisture content of food

Since the heat generated from microwaves tends to evaporate moisture, relatively dry food such as roasts and some vegetables should either be sprinkled with water prior to cooking or covered to retain moisture.

## Bone and fat content of food

Bones conduct heat and fat cooks more quickly than meat. Care must be taken when cooking bony or fatty cuts of meat that they do not cook unevenly and do not become overcooked.

## Quantity of food

The number of microwaves in your oven remains constant regardless of how much food is being cooked. Therefore, the more food you place in the oven, the longer the cooking time. Remember to decrease cooking times by at least one third when halving a recipe.

## Shape of food

Microwaves penetrate only about 2.5cm into food, the interior portion of thick foods are cooked as the heat generated on the outside travels inward. Only the outer edge of food is cooked by microwave energy; the rest is cooked by conduction. The worst possible shape for a food that is to be microwaved is a thick square. The corners will burn long before the centre is even warm. Round thin foods and ring shaped foods cook successfully in the microwave.

## Covering

A cover traps heat and steam which causes food to cook more quickly. Use a lid or microwave cling film with a corner folded back to prevent splitting.

## Browning

Meats and poultry that are cooked fifteen minutes or longer will brown lightly in their own fat. Food that are cooked for a shorter period of time may be brushed with a browning sauce such as worcestershire sauce, soy sauce or barbecue sauce to achieve an appetizing colour. Since relatively small amounts of browning sauces are added to food the original flavour of the recipe is not altered.

## Covering with greaseproof paper

Greaseproofing effectively prevents spattering and helps food retain some heat. But because it makes a looser cover than a lid or clingfilm, it allows the food to dry out slightly.

## Arranging and spacing

Individual foods such as baked potatoes, small cakes and hors d'oeuvres will heat more evenly if placed in the oven an equal distance apart, preferably in a circular pattern. Never stack foods on top of one another.

# Food characteristics & Microwave cooking.

## Stirring

Stirring is one of the most important of all microwaving techniques. In conventional cooking, food is stirred for the purpose of blending. Microwaved food, however, is stirred in order to spread and redistribute heat. Always stir from the outside towards the centre as the outside of the food heats first.

## Turning over

Large, tall foods such as roasts and whole chickens should be turned so that the top and bottom will cook evenly. It is also a good idea to turn cut up chicken and chops.

## Placing thicker portions facing outwards

Since microwaves are attracted to the outside portion of food, it makes sense to place thicker portions of meat, poultry and fish to the outer edge of the baking dish. This way, thicker portions will receive the most microwave energy and the food will cook evenly.

## Shielding

Strips of aluminium foil (which block microwaves) can be placed over the corners or edges of square and rectangular foods to prevent those portions from overcooking. Never use too much foil and make sure the foil is secured to the dish or it may cause 'arcing' in the oven.

## Elevating

Thick or dense foods can be elevated so that microwaves can be absorbed by the underside and centre of the foods.

## Piercing

Foods enclosed in a shell, skin or membrane are likely to burst in the oven unless they are pierced prior to cooking. Such foods include yolks and whites of eggs, clams and oysters and whole vegetables and fruits.

## Testing if cooked

Food cooks so quickly in a microwave oven, it is necessary to test it frequently. Some foods are left in the microwave until completely cooked, but most foods, including meats and poultry, are removed from the oven while still slightly undercooked and allowed to finish cooking during standing time. The internal temperature of foods will rise between 50°F (30°C) and 150°F (80°C) during standing time.

## Standing time

Foods are often allowed to stand for 3 to 10 minutes after being removed from the microwave oven. Usually the foods are covered during standing time to retain heat unless they are supposed to be dry in texture (some cakes and biscuits, for example). Standing allows foods to finish cooking and also helps flavour blend and develop.

## To Clean Your Oven

### 1 Keep the inside of the oven clean

Food spatters or spilled liquids stick to oven walls and between seal and door surface. It is best to wipe up spillovers with a damp cloth right away. Crumbs and spillovers will absorb microwave energy and lengthen cooking times. Use a damp cloth to wipe out crumbs that fall between the door and the frame. It is important to keep this area clean to assure a tight seal. Remove greasy spatters with a soapy cloth then rinse and dry. Do not use harsh detergent or abrasive cleaners. The glass tray can be washed by hand or in the dishwasher.

### 2 Keep the outside of the oven clean

Clean the outside of your oven with soap and water then with clean water and dry with a soft cloth or paper towel. To prevent damage to the operating parts inside the oven, the water should not be allowed to seep into the ventilation openings. To clean control panel, open the door to prevent oven from accidentally starting, and wipe a damp cloth followed immediately by a dry cloth. Press STOP/CLEAR after cleaning.

3 If steam accumulates inside or around the outside of the oven door, wipe the panels with a soft cloth. This may occur when the microwave oven is operated under high humidity conditions and in no way indicates a malfunction of the unit.

4 The door and door seals should be kept clean. Use only warm, soapy water, rinse then dry thoroughly.

DO NOT USE ABRASIVE MATERIALS, SUCH AS CLEANING POWDERS OR STEEL AND PLASTIC PADS.

Metal parts will be easier to maintain if wiped frequently with a damp cloth.

# Questions & Answers

## Q What's wrong when the oven light will not glow?

A There may be several reasons why the oven light will not glow.  
Light bulb has blown  
Door is not closed

## Q Does microwave energy pass through the viewing screen in the door?

A No. The holes, or ports, are made to allow light to pass; they do not let microwave energy through.

## Q Why does the beep tone sound when a pad on the Control Panel is touched?

A The beep tone sounds to assure that the setting is being properly entered.

## Q Will the microwave oven be damaged if it operates empty?

A Yes Never run it empty or without the glass tray.

## Q Why do eggs sometimes pop?

A When baking, frying, or poaching eggs, the yolk may pop due to steam build up inside the yolk membrane. To prevent this, simply pierce the yolk before cooking. Never microwave eggs in the shell.

## Q Why is standing time recommended after microwave cooking is over?

A After microwave cooking is finished, food keeps on cooking during standing time. This standing time finishes cooking evenly throughout the food. The amount of standing time depends on the density of the food.

## Q Is it possible to pop corn in a microwave oven?

A Yes, if using one of the two methods described below  
1 Popcorn-popping utensils designed specifically for microwave cooking.  
2 Prepackaged commercial microwave popcorn that contains specific times and power outputs needed for an acceptable final product.

FOLLOW EXACT DIRECTIONS GIVEN BY EACH MANUFACTURER FOR THEIR POPCORN PRODUCT. DO NOT LEAVE THE OVEN UNATTENDED WHILE THE CORN IS BEING POPPED. IF CORN FAILS TO POP AFTER THE SUGGESTED TIMES, DISCONTINUE COOKING. OVERCOOKING COULD RESULT IN THE CORN CATCHING FIRE.

## CAUTION

NEVER USE A BROWN PAPER BAG FOR POPPING CORN. NEVER ATTEMPT TO POP LEFTOVER KERNELS.

## Q Why doesn't my oven always cook as fast as the cooking guide says?

A Check your cooking guide again to make sure you've followed directions correctly, and to see what might cause variations in cooking time. Cooking guide times and heat settings are suggestions, chosen to help prevent overcooking, the most common problem in getting used to a microwave oven. Variations in the size, shape, weight and dimensions of the food require longer cooking time. Use your own judgement along with the cooking guide suggestions to test food condition, just as you would do with a conventional cooker.

# Plug wiring information/ Technical Specifications

## Warning

The wires in this mains lead are colored in accordance with the following codes  
BLUE ~ Neutral  
BROWN ~ Live  
GREEN & YELLOW ~ Earth

As the colours of the wires in the mains lead of this appliance may not correspond with the coloured markings identifying the terminals in your plug proceed as follows:

The wire which is colored BLUE must be connected to the terminal which is marked with the letter N or Colored BLACK.

The wire which is colored BROWN must be connected to the terminal which is marked with the letter L or colored RED.

The wire which is colored GREEN & YELLOW or GREEN must be connected to the terminal which is marked with the letter E or  $\frac{1}{0}$ .

If the supply cord is damaged, it must be replaced by the manufacturer or its service agent or a similarly qualified person in order to avoid a hazard;

### Technical Specification

MC-766Y									
Power Input	230 V AC / 50Hz								
Output	900 W (IEC60705 rating standard)								
Microwave Frequency	2450 MHz								
Outside Dimension	515 mm(W) X 303 mm(H) X 510 mm(D)								
Power	<table><tr><td>Microwave</td><td>1300 Watts</td></tr><tr><td>Grill</td><td>1250 Watts</td></tr><tr><td>Combination</td><td>2650 Watts</td></tr><tr><td>Convection</td><td>1350 Watts (Max 2550 Watts)</td></tr></table>	Microwave	1300 Watts	Grill	1250 Watts	Combination	2650 Watts	Convection	1350 Watts (Max 2550 Watts)
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**LG Electronics Inc.**

P/No: 3828W5A2186

Printed in Korea